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"Express Mail" mailing label number:

EL487742543US

# E-SERVICE TO MANAGE CONTACT INFORMATION WITH PRIVACY LEVELS

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### CROSS-REFERENCE TO MICROFICHE APPENDIX

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#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

### 15 Field of the Invention

The present disclosure relates to electronic commerce, more specifically electronic storage and retrieval of information.

## Description of the Related Art

The ordinary paper business card has become ubiquitous worldwide. Social rituals have even developed concerning the exchange and scrutiny of these small slips of cardboard. By some estimates, billions of business cards change hands every day, yet the cards themselves have numerous shortfalls. Each business card contains only static information on the cardholder, i.e., the person for whom the card was printed and whose name is on the card. Business cards must be reprinted every time any cardholder information (such as a phone number, electronic mail [email] address, or title) changes. Business cards consume not inconsequential amounts of space, yet lack

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an inherent card-to-card organization. Thus, it can be difficult to retrieve information from a stack of cards, especially if that stack numbers in the hundreds or thousands of cards.

Privacy of information is also a growing issue among modern business people. By definition, the information on a card is public, yet other information (such as a mobile or home phone number) is necessarily shared with some acquaintances. In such situations, the cardholder or recipient must fumble for a pen and the additional data must be dictated and captured.

Dynamic access to the cardholder by others is not addressed by the prior art business card, as it only shows static location information as of the last printing of the card. Thus, if a business person is based in Huntington, New York but happens to be traveling to San Jose, California, that person's business card will not reflect the California address or phone numbers.

Electronic means of capturing and storing conventional business card data are currently known. Examples of this technology include card scanners, personal digital assistant (PDA) devices and related software, electronic address books, commercial email programs such as Microsoft® Outlook having their own electronic address books, "smart phones" or PDA/wireless communication device hybrids, Internet (also referred to as the World Wide Web, or simply "Web") based contact organizers, and the like. This technology all suffers from the same limitation in that it generally lacks multi-level privacy for users and cardholders, it cannot help locate the cardholder, it (generally) lacks the ability to seamlessly export to or import from other database systems, and (with the possible exception of some prior art Web-based contact organizers) it lacks centralized control and universal access.

What is needed is a widely-accessible electronic service and method for organizing contact information entered by cardholders, including but not limited to all of the information on a standard business card. This service must provide for the ability to export data to standard databases. Privacy of information should be configurable at an information record and field level by the cardholder so that access to some records and some fields in all records can be denied to certain people while

access to other records and fields is still allowed. A location feature to allow service users to determine how to best reach a listed cardholder at a given time is also desirable. A dynamic electronic link, such as the well-known Internet hyperlink, is also needed to connect the recipients of email from a cardholder to the service.

#### 5 SUMMARY

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In one embodiment of the present invention, an electronic business card (EBC) access and organization system operates from a Web-based computer system that includes a database and software for managing access, data privacy, and dynamic updates. The cardholder database, i.e., the database containing records of each registered cardholder (or "Member" of the EBC system), is accessible from any Web browser connected to the Internet. Examples of such common Web browsers are Microsoft's Internet Explorer and Netscape® Navigator®. In an alternate embodiment, the EBC system may be installed behind a conventional network "firewall" security device and thus made accessible only to browsers connected to and authorized to use the intranet defined by and behind the firewall.

Access to and delivery of contact information in the EBC system is not limited to a Web browser interface as commonly known today. Some embodiments of the present invention provide multi-mode access interfaces, including but not limited to interfaces using voice-controlled and conventional wireless PDA and/or cell phones, two-way pagers, and wireless access protocol (WAP)-enabled devices. Further embodiments of the present invention provide data delivery interface embodiments using, for example, the common alphanumeric pager, wireless markup language (WML), or voice delivery (e.g., audio playback) systems commonly used in the art.

Users (those desiring access to one or more cardholder records) are permitted to search for cardholder information. Access to individual records is controlled at both the record level and the field level. Users having certain permissions (set by the cardholder) are permitted to read a defined group of records, though not necessarily all fields in each record. Thus, a cardholder may make her business information available to all users (or all users in a defined group or groups, such as "Aerospace Engineers"

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or "Family"), but keep certain information, such as her cellular phone number, private to all but a few individuals. Access control is implemented, in some embodiments of the present invention, with multiple privacy levels for each field, in addition to the well-known "public" and "private" levels. In these embodiments, the cardholder can specify the degree of privacy associated for each field. For example, a cellular phone number may be designated as semi-private and thus available to only those defined users granted "semi-private" access to the cardholder's data. In an alternate embodiment, more than three privacy levels are defined, allowing even more degrees of privacy and finer-grained access control.

### 10 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present disclosure may be better understood and its numerous features and advantages made apparent to those skilled in the art by referencing the accompanying drawings.

- Figure 1 is a high-level schematic of the hardware platform, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
- Figure 2 is a flowchart of the "Search" process, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
- Figure 3A is a screen shot of the Member Login display, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
- Figure 3B is a screen shot of the Search display, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
  - Figure 4 is a screen shot of the Card Display screen, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
  - Figure 5 is a flowchart of the "Become New Member" process, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
    - Figure 6 is a screen shot of the Terms & Conditions display, according to one embodiment of the present invention.

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- Figure 7 is a screen shot of the New User data entry display, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
- Figure 8 is a screen shot of the Registration Confirmation display, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
- Figure 9 is a screen shot of the Welcome display, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
  - Figure 10 is a screen shot of the My ecardfile display, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
  - Figure 11 is a flowchart of the Export process, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
  - Figure 12 is a screen shot of the File Maintenance display, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
  - Figure 13 is a screen shot of the Export display, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
- Figure 14 is a flowchart of the "Where Am I?" process, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
  - Figure 15 is a screen shot of the "Where Am I?" display, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
  - Figure 16 is a flowchart of the signature hyperlink export process, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
    - Figure 17 is a screen shot signature hyperlink export display, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
    - Figure 18 is a function block diagram of the Boomerang software application, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
- Figure 19A is a schematic map of some of the database relationships, according to one embodiment of the present invention.
  - Figure 19B is a schematic map of some of the database relationships, according to one embodiment of the present invention.

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Figure 19C is a schematic map of some of the database relationships, according to one embodiment of the present invention.

The use of the same reference symbols in different drawings indicates similar or identical items.

#### 5 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

#### Introduction

The electronic business card (EBC) access and organization system consists of a hardware complex providing the physical interface to the Internet, firewall security, web server functionality, data storage, and system redundancy protection. The hardware is controlled and operated by computer instructions (i.e., software) in various forms, including but not limited to microcode, firmware, assembly and other high-level language modules. The EBC system is the integration of the hardware and software elements to perform the functions and provide the features noted in the Summary above.

# 15 Hardware Platform

In one embodiment of the present invention, the EBC access and organization system (also referred to as ecardfile<sup>TM</sup>, the Hewlett-Packard® product embodying a certain aspect of the present invention) is run on 4 N-class Hewlett-Packard 9000 computers 110, as shown in Figure 1. These computers are configured, in one embodiment, with 4 Gigabytes (GB) of memory and 4 processors, running the HP-UX® operating system version 11.0. Other memory/processor/operating system configurations are also possible. There are two front-end web servers (110A and 110B) talking to a database server (110C) that has access to one or more shared automatic redundant arrays of inexpensive disk drives (RAIDs) 120, each RAID having 64 GB of memory. Warm fail-over server (110D), which uses in one embodiment MC-Service Guard<sup>TM</sup>, a Hewlett-Packard product, protects database server 110C.

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Although an N-class Hewlett-Packard 9000 is described, those skilled in the art will realize that servers other than the N-class Hewlett-Packard 9000 can be used. Accordingly, the invention is not limited to any particular type or brand of server.

#### Web Servers

The two front-end web servers 110A and 110B are served by a two Cisco Systems®, Inc. Catalyst<sup>TM</sup> 5505 switches 130A and 130B, which are served by two Cisco Local Director<sup>TM</sup> units 140A and 140B, which in turn are server by two Cisco PIX® Firewall units 150A and 150B. The firewall units 150 connect through an internet service provider (ISP) local area network (LAN) 160 to the Internet 170.

The web servers are running, in one embodiment of the present invention, the Stronghold® Apache web server operating program, available from C2Net, Inc. This is a 128 bit secured web server. Other commercially-available server operating programs are also useable.

The Local Director units 140A and 140B load balance the incoming requests to the two web servers 110A and 110B by switching packets in switches 130A and 130B.

The web content (resident in web servers 110A and 110B) is dynamically built with the aid of server-side Java<sup>TM</sup> applications known as servlets. The JRun<sup>TM</sup> servlet engine (in one embodiment of the present invention, version 2.3, build 145) executes these servlets, with the aid of a dynamic loaded module within the Apache web server operating program. The servlets are written to conform to the Java Servlet Development Kit API v2.1, available from Sun Microsystems, in order to properly interface with the Apache web server software.

The biggest advantage in using servlets as opposed to other web development tools is performance. A single Java virtual machine (in one embodiment of the present invention, the HP-UX Java Virtual Machine version 1.1.8.1) runs on the server and the servlet is loaded once when it is called. It is not loaded again until the servlet changes, and a modified servlet can be re-loaded without restarting the server. The servlet stays resident in memory and is very fast. Static or persistent information can

be shared across multiple invocations of the servlet, allowing the sharing of information between multiple users. For instance, a single database connection can be use by multiple browser requests.

#### Database Server

The database servers 110C and 110D run, in one embodiment of the present invention, Informix® Dynamic Server® Version 7.31.UC4. Other database server software packages and versions are also useable. Access to the database is via the industry standard JDBC applications programming interface (API) and Informix' JDBC drivers (in one embodiment of the present invention, driver version 1.40.JC2). The use of JDBC ensures scalability and database and platform independence.

## User Interaction

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A user's interaction with the ecardfile EBC system, according to one embodiment of the present invention, is illustrated in Figure 2. This flowchart shows a typical use of the EBC system to perform a search on cardholder data. Note that, in some embodiments, the user need not be a registered Member of the ecardfile system. In an alternate embodiment, only registered Members can use the system.

Interaction begins at step 200. The user starts a conventional Web browser, such as Internet Explorer or Netscape Navigator, 210, and enters the ecardfile Uniform Resource Locator (URL) 215. This URL is the Internet address of the EBC system hardware described above and is defined, disseminated, and maintained through means well-known in the art. Upon receipt and processing of the URL by Internet 170 (generally speaking), the user's browser is redirected to a secure web site 218 by conventional techniques common in the art.

Once connected, ecardfile returns the web browser codes (e.g., HTML) to the
user to display the Member Login screen, shown in one embodiment in Figure 3A.
The Member Login screen display consists of window 310 containing the ecardfile
login graphic 320, copyright notice 330 and hyperlinks 340 and 345, to a terms of use
page and a privacy statement, respectively.

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In step 230 of Figure 2, the user selects the "Go" button (350) associated with the "View Cards" command in login graphic 320. This selection brings up search screen 360 (Figure 3B) in window 310. In one embodiment of the present invention, the user is given the choice 232 of searching by cardholder name 234 or ecardfile ID number 236, a multi-digit number or multi-character alphanumeric value representing a cardholder. If the user selects lookup by name, the user is given the further choice 238 of searching by similar sounding names using, for example, the SoundEx software toolbox. In the latter case, the user checks check box 365 to conduct a sounds-like search.

The search begins 250 when the user selects the "Go" button 370 or 375 corresponding to the type of search desired in step 240. The EBC system returns results 260 in the Results Screen 410 shown in Figure 4. This screen replaces search screen 360 in window 310.

A user may chose, at step 220 of Figure 2, to become a Member of the ecardfile user community, rather than performing a search. In this case, the interaction follows the flowchart of Figure 5 instead. The process begins in step 501. The user starts a Web browser 210 and visits the ecardfile login screen 320 as before (steps 215, 218, and 220). Here, however, the user selects the "Become New Member" button 370 (Figure 3A) in step 510.

This selection brings up Terms screen 610 (Figure 6) in window 310 (step 515). The user is then given choice 520 to go back to login screen 320 (which ends the "Become New Member" process, step 599) or to continue the process to step 525. Choice 520 is implemented, in one embodiment of the present invention, using Back button 620 and Continue button 630.

The selection of Continue button 630 brings up, in step 525, New User data entry screen 710 in window 310 (shown in Figures 7A and 7B). The user selects an ecardfile ID and password and fills out the personal data using conventional data entry means for any of the well-known access devices and systems discussed above, such as using a keyboard or a voice-controlled (audio) prompt and response scheme. Privacy levels 720 are also set by the user for each field in the user (soon-to-be Member and

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Cardholder) data record. In one embodiment, depicted in Figures 7A and 7B, three privacy levels are possible: Private, denoted by the locked padlock icon 722; Semi-Private, denoted by the partially-locked icon 724; and Public, denoted by the open lock icon 726. Public and Private privacy levels represent the familiar "all access" and "no access" privacy settings known in the art. Semi-Private privacy represents a level of access granted only to certain members of the public, such as a predefined group of users designated by the Member or by a EBC system administrator. Non-designated users do not have access to Semi-Private fields.

Although a three-level (Private, Semi-Private, and Public) privacy scheme is described, those skilled in the art will realize that privacy (or security) schemes implemented in more than three levels can be used. For example, a variety of different user groups can be defined with exclusive Semi-Private access given to some groups over others on a field-by-field basis. Accordingly, the invention is not limited to any particular number of privacy levels.

Once all requested information has been entered (or left blank, where optional as defined by the EBC system), the user chooses to continue or not at step 535. If the user decides not to continue by pressing Cancel button 740 (Figure 7B), the process ends at step 599. If, however, the user chooses Okay button 730, the system displays a Registration Confirmation page 810 (Figure 8) in window 310. Here the user is given the choice 545 to accept the terms of use of the EBC system (via Accept button 820) or to go back (via Back button 830) to step 530 to edit personal data or enter additional data.

If the user accepts the terms of use, and email message is automatically dispatched 550 by the EBC system to the new Member's designated authorizing email address (field 750 in Figure 7B). A welcome screen 910 (Figure 9) is then displayed to the new Member, step 560, in window 310.

Meanwhile, the user (now a Member) receives an authorization email message by conventional means. In one embodiment of the present invention, such an email message is as shown in Table 1 below. This email authorization method provides a measure of additional security by ensuring that each Member is associated with a valid

email address. The email address is also used to verify a user identity in case of a lost password: on the user's request, the password will be sent to the authorized email address only.

When the user selects the embedded hyperlink (in this example, the string beginning http://ecardfile.com...) in step 570, the EBC system directs the Member (in step 580) to home page 1010 in window 310 (Figure 10). In some embodiments (not shown), home page 1010 is personalized with Member data, such as the Member's name.

## Table 1

Welcome! You have been added as a new Member of ecardfile.com. To activate your password, please click on the Web address below:

http://ecardfile.com/search?op=Confirm&eCardId=terry&createId=0Av4Jj6
nWZwA4

You can also type the above Web address into your Web browser.

Once you have connected to the ecardfile.com site through the above address, your password activation is complete, and you can begin to enjoy the ease and convenience of having your business contact information on the Web.

If you do not connect to ecardfile.com through the above address within two weeks, your card will be deactivated.

We look forward to having you as an ecardfile.com Member! webmaster@ecardfile.com

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# Export Process

Figure 11 shows the process whereby a user is able to export card data to a file. As above, the user must first login to ecardfile.com. At step 1610, the user selects file maintenance button 394. A user file maintenance screen (Figure 12) is then displayed, step 1620. The user selects a card to export, step 1630, from the list of cards added by the user to his/her private list. These cards represent other users to whom the user has granted extra privileges. Non-member users do not have export privileges. Of course, only the information to which the user has been granted access is exported.

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The user next selects the export button 1710 (Figure 12) in step 1640, which brings up an export options screen, shown in Figure 13. The user selects the desired output format, step 1660, and is presented with a conventional "Save As" dialog, step 1670. The user enters a name of the file into which the card export will be saved, step 1680 and selects the Save button, step 1685. If Save is selected, the data will be saved by conventional means in step 1687. If not, as when the user selects "Cancel" instead, the process drops to the end state, step 1690, and returns to waiting for user input.

The exported card is formatted into a pre-defined data file structure readable by one or more conventional and commercially-available contact management programs. In some embodiments, custom export file formats may also be defined by the user to provide even wider connectivity and cross-platform utility.

# "Where Am I?" Contact Location Tracking

The process of setting up a temporary location pointer for a specific Cardholder/Member begins in step 1110 of Figure 14. As before, the Member sets his or her browser to the appropriate EBC system URL and connects to the system, steps 210, 215, 218, and 220. The Member then logs in, step 1120, and is displayed home page 1010 (Figure 10) in step 1130.

The Member then selects an icon or button denoting the function "Edit My Card." In one embodiment of the present invention, this function is iconified in button 395. In response, the EBC system displays (step 1140) a user information screen (not shown) in window 310. The Member there selects a button denoting the function "Where Am I?" in step 1150.

At this point (step 1160), the EBC system displays "Where Am I?" screen 1210 (Figure 15) in window 310 thereby prompting the Member for a phone number and additional details of the Member's location, step 1165. This information also includes an expiration date, i.e., a date beyond which the "Where Am I?" data is no longer valid.

To exit the "Where Am I?" information dialog, the Member clicks Okay button 1220 (step 1167), to save the "Where Am I?" data, or the Back button 1230 to

cancel "Where Am I?" data input. The process returns to a display of the user information screen, step 1140, and stops, step 1199.

## Signature Hyperlinking

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The process of exporting a signature hyperlink, shown in Figure 16, is almost the same as that of exporting a card, except that the user selects the My Card button 395 rather than the file maintenance button 394. The options screen, shown in Figure 17, is presented at step 1820. The output of the process, step 1830, is a file containing either a hyperlink or a conventional vCard file, as selected from the options display of Figure 17.

Either the signature hyperlink or the vCard (which can also contain a hyperlink) can then be used by conventional email programs. Electronic mail sent by the cardholder is automatically formatted to contain a signature hypertext link, according to the well-known hypertext markup language (HTML) standard or any of its common variants, directing recipients of the email to the electronic business card access and organization system. This hyperlink enables the recipient of the email to rapidly access the EBC system to locate the cardholder and/or obtain additional information. In effect, receipt of an email containing the hyperlink enables the recipient to easily become a user. In some embodiments, the signature hyperlink is part of the vCard feature known and implemented in common email programs such as Microsoft Outlook and Netscape Communicator®. In an alternate embodiment, the signature hyperlink is implemented using the well-known email signature block feature.

## ecardfile Help Screens

The following topics are the subject of individual help screens, available to any EBC system user or Member by pushing (in some embodiments of the present invention) the Question Mark ("?") button 390, shown in, e.g., Figure 3A. The contents of these help screens are reproduced below as an aid to understanding the EBC system.

Become a Member

- · Set up your card
- Set up "Where Am I?"
- · Add others' cards to your ecardfile
- Exchange cards with others
- Set/change privacy levels
  - Export cards to your address book
  - Set up your email signature
  - Contact ecardfile.com support
  - Become a Member

As an ecardfile Member, you set up your own Card Profile and establish your own unique Card ID and Password. Then, whenever you log in, you are located at your personal ecardfile and can view cards from other Members and add them into your ecardfile.

Let's walk through the process of becoming a Member.

- 1. From the Member login screen, click the Become a Member button.
- 2. Fill in your Card Profile: the profile contains all of your contact information and can be updated as needed. See the help menu topic "Set Up Your Card" for more information.

After your membership is confirmed, you can log in to ecardfile.com using
your Card ID and password. After log in, you are brought to your personal ecardfile
area. Here is where you can store other Member cards and perform functions such as
adding, deleting, changing the privacy level access to your Card that you have given to
other Members, and exporting a card to your address book.

It's a good idea to keep your "Where Am I?" information current. To access it, click on the My Card Profile icon and scroll to the bottom of the screen.

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The more people you know who join ecardfile.com, the easier it is to use this convenient way to access business information. To help get the word out, please download your personal email signature or vCard (accessible from the export button at the bottom of your Card Profile) and attach it to all your emails. When people receive email from you, they can click on your signature link and go directly to your Card Profile in ecardfile.com. From there, they can also choose to become ecardfile Members, if they are not Members already.

## Set Up Your Card

When filling in your Card Profile, please keep a few concepts in mind: When selecting your Card ID, use up to 40 alphanumeric characters. Because you will be giving out this ID to your business and personal contacts, make your ID simple and easy to remember; it's use is similar to that of your email username. Although ecardfile.com also enables you to be looked up through a first name/last name search, it will usually be much faster for people to look you up by your Card ID.

When selecting your password, use up to 10 alphanumeric characters. Make your password something easy for you to remember and hard for others to guess.

As you are entering information into your Card Profile, please keep in mind that ecardfile.com gives you three levels of privacy for each field:

- Level 1 Public. Information at this level will be displayed to anyone who looks up your card. This could be anyone viewing cards from the World Wide Web, whether you know them or not.
  - <u>Level 2 Semi-Private</u>. Information at this level will displayed only to other ecardfile Members who are in your personal ecardfile and who have been designated to receive your semi-private information.
- 25 <u>Level 3 Private</u>. Information at this level will displayed only to other ecardfile Members who are in your personal ecardfile and who have been designated to receive your private information.

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All field information is set to private when you first fill out a Card Profile. Be sure to select other privacy levels for fields that are either semi-private or public.

The Email Auth field is used only by ecardfile.com for verification purposes. It is never displayed on your Card. You must enter a current email address in the Email Auth field. Once you complete the Card Profile and click "OK," ecardfile sends an email to this address and waits for your reply before authorizing your membership and enabling you to log in. This authorization process has been designed to protect your privacy and identity.

• Add others' cards to your ecardfile

From your personal ecardfile screen, use the Look Up fields to view the card of the Member you want to add. When the card is displayed, press the Add icon.

If you would like to give this Member access to your semi-private or private ecardfile information, be sure to change the privacy level displayed next to the Member's name. See the help topic "Set/change privacy levels" for more information.

Exchange cards with others

In order to protect your privacy, ecardfile.com offers several ways you can exchange cards with others.

- Anyone, whether they know you or not, can look you up by name and see the
  information designated as "public" in your Card Profile. Note: for this reason,
  you may decide not to have your email addresses be part of your public
  information.
- Casual or new acquaintances can look you up by name search or by Card ID and see the information designated as "public" in your Card Profile.
- Members can look you up by name search or Card ID and see the public, semiprivate or private information you have specifically designated for them.

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For example, let's say a new person, Hans, has joined your project team; he works out of your company's Munich office, and you are in Los Angeles. Hans is not yet a Member of ecardfile.com.

- 1. At the initial team conference call, you give Hans your Card ID and tell him that's where all your contact information is.
- 2. Hans accesses ecardfile.com and becomes a Member. He looks up your Card and adds it to his personal ecardfile. He wants you to have his semi-private information so he marks your card with the semi-private access key.
- 3. You look up Hans's card and add it to your personal ecardfile. You then mark Hans's card with the semi-private access key so that he can see more detailed information about you than what appears on your public card.
- 4. Over the next 6 months, Hans changes office locations and gets a new phone number; your fax number changes, and the Post Office gives your part of town a new zip code. Thanks to ecardfile.com, your contact information is always current.
- Set Up "Where Am I?"

From your Card Profile, scroll to the bottom of the screen and click on "Where Am I?" You'll have the option to input a current phone number, details about your whereabouts, and an expiration date. Note that you can specify different privacy levels for the phone number, details and expiration fields, so you might want your phone number to be public, while the details of where you are remain private. To see another Member's "Where Am I?" information, select her card from your personal ecardfile or look up her card. When the card is displayed, scroll to the bottom of the screen and click on "Where Am I?"

25 The expiration date uses the date at the ecardfile server's location, US Pacific Standard Time (PST). The expiration date is customizable to the ecardfile Member's own location.

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#### Set up your email signature

Use this function to download a signature file or a vCard from ecardfile.com to your email system. Access it by going to your Card Profile, scrolling to the bottom of the screen, and clicking on Export. Then follow the instructions on the screen to export to your particular email system.

A signature file has an HTML link to your Card; when downloaded, the signature file will embed the link into all of your email messages. When someone reads your message and wants to view your contact information, he just clicks on the HTML link and is immediately connected to your Card and your up-to-the-minute contact information.

A vCard is a file that holds your contact information in a standard format. Some email packages such as Microsoft Outlook and Netscape Communicator recognize this format and can treat it in a special way. Because it is not a live link, it may display old or inaccurate information, particularly if someone is reading an old email message from you.

If your email package, or more importantly the message recipient's email package, does not support HTML tags or vCards, you may cut and paste the HTML link displayed and attach it to your messages. The recipient just clicks or cut and pastes the HTML link into a browser and is immediately connected to your Card and your up-to-the-minute contact information.

### Export cards to your address book

Use this function to download cards from your personal ecardfile to your email address book.

- 1. Go to your personal ecardfile.
- 25 2. Select the card for export by placing a check mark next to it.
  - 3. Click on the maintenance button.
  - 4. Select export.

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- 5. Select the format of your address book.
- 6. Follow the online instructions to export the card information.
- Contact ecardfile.com support hyperlink

Here, an email window automatically pops up if this link is selected, and
cardfile.com's technical support address is automatically inserted into the "To" field.

Get help on a specific screen, field or icon

To get help on a specific screen or field, place the mouse arrow on the gray bar of the screen and press the "Help" key on the keyboard.

To get help on a specific icon, pass the mouse over the icon, and the icon title will display.

One of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that many other methods of activating context sensitive help are known in the art; the present disclosure is intended to encompass all such well-known methods and is not limited to any single form.

Set/Change privacy levels

ecardfile.com gives you two ways to control who sees what information about you: You can designate each field in your Card Profile with a specific privacy level that governs private, semi-private or public viewing of that field. Alternatively, you can specify which Members have access to which level of privacy about you. If a particular Member has access to your semi-private information, he or she will see all of the fields marked public or semi-private when viewing your card.

Designate Your Card Profile privacy:

To change privacy levels on a field in your Card Profile (for example, to make your business email address, which had been public, semi-private) click on the My Card Profile icon and then click the appropriate new privacy button next to the email address field. A public field has the open padlock icon selected. A semi-private field

has the partly-open padlock icon selected. A private field as the closed padlock icon selected.

• Specify Member privacy:

Let's say you want to give your new manager access to your private

- 5 information.
  - 1. From your personal ecardfile, look up your manager's card and add it to your file.
  - 2. Select the card for maintenance by placing a check mark next to it.
  - 3. Click on the Maintenance button.
- 10 4. Select Edit Privacy.
  - 5. Select the new privacy level you want your new manager to have about you.
  - 6. Select Update to save the new privacy level.

Now, whenever your new manager accesses your Card, she will see all information you have designated as public, semi-private and private.

#### 15 Software Implementation

In one embodiment of the present invention, the controlling software application providing some of the EBC system functionality is called Boomerang. The Boomerang application has five major components, shown schematically in Figure 18:

- 1. Session Manager daemon 1310, which maintains state information;
- 20 2. Login Servlet 1320, which handles user/Member authentication;
  - 3. Search Servlet 1330, which handles most of the user/Member interface functionality;
  - 4. JDBC Objects/Classes 1340, which implement the database functionality; and
- 5. HTML Template Engine, which handles conventional dynamic HTML
   processing. This component is typically implemented in Java and reads HTML tagged files.

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Boomerang is designed to scale and perform well under extreme loads. It is designed to operate on multiple processors simultaneously, i.e., with multiple instances of objects and methods. Multiple Web servers and Java virtual machines may be used as server loading and traffic demands.

In one embodiment of the present invention, most of the Boomerang application, Web server 1360 (in one embodiment of the present invention, Stronghold Apache), JRun Servlet Engine 1370, and a Remote Memory Invocation (RMI) registry will run on each of the two Web server machines 110A and 110B (Figure 1). The JRun Servlet Engine 1370, and RMI registry are common Java objects; the RMI API allows a servlet to invoke the methods of a Java object executing on another machine. The Session Manager 1310, another RMI registry, and the Informix database software 1380 will run on one of the databases servers 110C or 110D, the other database server acting as a warm fail-over device.

## • Software Components

In the following discussion, the terms "Member" and "user" are used interchangeably to refer to a person who has established a login identify in the EBC system. Strictly speaking, however, a Member is a person who has completed the New Member process and properly replied to the authorization email; user is a person who has not.

## Session Manager 1310

When the system is first accessed, a session will be created. This session will be identified by a unique session ID. This ID will be used for the following tasks.

Once a user has successfully logged in, the session ID will make a record of this fact so that when a user returns to a page that requires user authentication or identification, the user will not be re-prompted to login. The session ID will be passed from Web page to page as either a hidden field in a form or by rewriting the URL, both well-known techniques in the art. Alternatively, the user may be given the option of saving authentication information in a local file, known in the art as a cookie. The system will check for this cookie prior to displaying the login page.

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The session ID will expire if it has not been accessed in a time configured by the EBC system administrator.

# • Login Servlet 1320

This servlet is activated when a function requiring user authentication is called and the user has not yet logged in. The login screen is shown and user name and password input received. The input name and password are matched against a users table. If the user name is found and the proper password supplied, the request (and session ID, if present) is passed to the Search Servlet.

#### Search Servlet 1330

The Search Servlet requests a session ID if one was not passed to it, or validates the ID if one was passed. If the requested operation requires user authentication and the user has not already logged in, the Login Servlet is called. All URL and form parameters are passed to the application logic of the servlet for processing.

After processing the URL and form parameters, a HTML document (e.g., a results screen) is returned to the requestor, typically the browser window.

## JDBC Objects/Classes 1340

These consist of generic JDBC classes that execute queries and return results in a Java hash table indexed by column name. To make more efficient use of database resources, all structured query language (SQL) statements are prepared at servlet initialization.

Also at servlet initialization, database connection pool 1390 creates a number of connections to the database, the precise number of which is configurable by the EBC system administrator. These connections are utilized by each servlet thread on an as-needed basis. Additional connections are created as demand requires; inactive connections are periodically recycled.

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# • HTML Template Engine \

All pages displayed by the Boomerang application, including the help and information screens, are dynamically generated. The base HTML code and image links for these pages are stored as template files which are preloaded on servlet initialization. These files are parsed and custom tags replaced with data extracted from the database (or calculated) before sending the page to the requestor and display to the user.

# Administration Programs

In addition to the Boomerang application, the EBC system also includes a set of shell and SQL scripts that operate on a periodic basis (i.e., are activated by cron) to perform housekeeping and maintenance tasks. In particular, the following program functions are required.

- a) Purge inactive users who have not activated themselves via the login email after a defined period of time, for example one month
- b) Expire "Where Am I?" temporary contact information
- c) Lock and unlock IP addresses (to prevent access by IP addresses that appear to be attempting to access the service for illicit purposes)
- d) Rollover logs and reports

One of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that these functions may be implemented in a single program or script or in a set of programs and/or scripts.

Accordingly, the present invention is not limited by the method of implementation of these functions.

# Database Schema

Figures 19A, 19B, and 19C illustrate the database structure and one-to-many

/one-to- one relationships between records and fields in one embodiment of the

present invention. In particular, relationship symbol 1410 denotes a one-to-many

correspondence, the "one" side represented by the "=" sign end. See Figure 19A for an

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example. Relationship symbol 1420 (see Figure 19B) denotes a one-to-one mapping, the "one" side again represented by the "=" sign end.

The notations PK, FK1, and I1 – I5 represent SQL field labels. SERIAL, in particular, is a well-known data type.

Although a particular database schema and naming convention for records and fields is described, those skilled in the art will realize that schema other than that described can also be used. Accordingly, the invention is not limited to any particular type of database schema.

## Alternate Embodiments

In an alternate embodiment, the EBC system may be installed behind a conventional network "firewall" security device and thus made accessible only to browsers connected to and authorized to use the intranet defined by and behind the firewall.

Access to and delivery of contact information in the EBC system is also not limited to a Web browser interface as commonly known today. Some embodiments of the present invention provide multi-mode access interfaces, including but not limited to interfaces using voice-controlled and conventional wireless PDA and/or cell phones, two-way pagers, and wireless air protocol (WAP)-enabled devices.

Further embodiments of the present invention provide data delivery interface embodiments using, for example, the common alphanumeric pager, wireless markup language (WML), or voice delivery (e.g., audio playback) systems commonly used in the art.

The EBC system also provides an advanced search function that allows users to search for records matching specific, desired characteristics. The search can be made based on one or more of a variety of database parameters, including but not limited to field value (e.g., NAME = Sheehy), date of entry, or a Boolean combination of search terms.

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In an alternate embodiment of the "Where Am I?" location tracking feature, the cardholder can rapidly designate one of a pre-defined set of contact locations described by meatspace address, phone number, FAX number, and/or email address.

The order in which the steps of the processes depicted above are performed is purely illustrative in nature. In fact, the steps in each process flow can be performed in any order or in parallel, unless otherwise indicated by the present disclosure.

The method of the present invention may be performed in either hardware, software, or any combination thereof, as those terms are currently known in the art. In particular, the present method may be carried out by software, firmware, or microcode operating on a computer or computers of any type. Additionally, software embodying the present invention may comprise computer instructions in any form (e.g., source code, object code, or interpreted code) stored in any computer-readable medium (e.g., ROM, RAM, magnetic media, punched tape or card, compact disc (CD) in any form, DVD). Furthermore, such software may also be in the form of a computer data signal embodied in a carrier wave, such as that found within the well-known Web pages transferred among computers connected to the Internet. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited to any particular platform, unless specifically stated otherwise in the present disclosure.

While particular embodiments of the present invention have been shown and described, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that changes and modifications may be made without departing from this invention in its broader aspect and, therefore, the appended claims are to encompass within their scope all such changes and modifications as fall within the true spirit of this invention.

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Cisco Systems and PIX are registered trademarks and Catalyst, Local Director are trademarks of Cisco Systems, Inc., San Jose California.

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Informix is a registered trademark and Informix Dynamic Server is a trademark of Informix Software, Menlo Park, California.

Java is a trademark of Sun Microsystems, Inc., Palo Alto, California.

JRun is a trademark of Allure Corp., Cambridge, Massachusetts.

Microsoft is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corp., Redmond, Washington.

Netscape, Netscape Navigator, and Netscape Communicator are registered trademarks of Netscape Communications Corp., Mountain View, California.

Stronghold is a registered trademark of C2Net, Inc., Oakland, California.

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#### **CLAIMS**

#### We claim:

1. A method of providing access to a collection of electronic business cards comprising the steps of:

providing an electronic business card file Web site to a user;
allowing the creation of an electronic business card file by the user using said
Web site, said creation comprising:
allowing the user to enter information into a plurality of fields;

allowing the user to enter information into a plurality of fields; storing said information; and

sending an authentication email to the user, wherein a reply to said authentication email is required to complete said creation;

allowing the user to search for one or more records; allowing the user to view said records; and

if said creation is completed, allowing the setting of privacy levels by the user for each said field, said setting comprising selecting one of more than

two privacy levels.

2. The method of Claim 1, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from the Internet.

- 3. The method of Claim 1, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from an intranet isolated from the Internet by a firewall security device.
  - 4. The method of Claim 1, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from a web browser.
- 5. The method of Claim 1, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from a personal digital assistant.

- 6. The method of Claim 1, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from a browser-enabled telephone.
- 7. The method of Claim 1, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible by spoken commands.
- 5 8. The method of Claim 1, wherein said first format comprises audio playback.
- 9. A computer system for providing access to a collection of electronic
   10 business cards, comprising computer instructions for:

providing an electronic business card file Web site to a user;

allowing the creation of an electronic business card file by the user using said

Web site, said creation comprising:

allowing the user to enter information into a plurality of fields;

storing said information; and

sending an authentication email to the user, wherein a reply to said authentication email is required to complete said creation;

allowing the user to search for one or more records;

allowing the user to view said records; and

- 20 if said creation is completed, allowing the setting of privacy levels by the user for each said field, said setting comprising selecting one of more than two privacy levels.
  - 10. The computer system of Claim 9, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from the Internet.
- 25 11. The computer system of Claim 9, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from an intranet isolated from the Internet by a firewall security device.

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- 12. The computer system of Claim 9, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from a web browser.
- 13. The computer system of Claim 9, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from a personal digital assistant.
- 5 14. The computer system of Claim 9, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from a browser-enabled telephone.
  - 15. The computer system of Claim 9, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible by spoken commands.
- 16. The computer system of Claim 9, wherein said first format comprises10 audio playback.
  - 17. A computer-readable storage medium, comprising computer instructions for:

providing an electronic business card file Web site to a user;
allowing the creation of an electronic business card file by the user using said
Web site, said creation comprising:

allowing the user to enter information into a plurality of fields; storing said information; and

sending an authentication email to the user, wherein a reply to said authentication email is required to complete said creation;

allowing the user to search for one or more records;

allowing the user to view said records; and

if said creation is completed, allowing the setting of privacy levels by the user for each said field, said setting comprising selecting one of more than two privacy levels.

- 18. The computer-readable storage medium of Claim 17, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from the Internet.
- 19. The computer-readable storage medium of Claim 17, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from an intranet isolated from the Internet by a firewall security device.
  - 20. The computer-readable storage medium of Claim 17, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from a web browser.
  - 21. The computer-readable storage medium of Claim 17, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from a personal digital assistant.
- 10 22. The computer-readable storage medium of Claim 17, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from a browser-enabled telephone.
  - 23. The computer-readable storage medium of Claim 17, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible by spoken commands.
- 24. The computer-readable storage medium of Claim 17, wherein said first format comprises audio playback.
  - 25. A computer data signal embodied in a carrier wave, comprising computer instructions for:
- 20 providing an electronic business card file Web site to a user;

allowing the creation of an electronic business card file by the user using said

Web site, said creation comprising:

allowing the user to enter information into a plurality of fields;

storing said information; and

sending an authentication email to the user, wherein a reply to said authentication email is required to complete said creation;

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allowing the user to search for one or more records; allowing the user to view said records; and

if said creation is completed, allowing the setting of privacy levels by the user for each said field, said setting comprising selecting one of more than two privacy levels.

- 26. The computer data signal of Claim 25, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from the Internet.
- 27. The computer data signal of Claim 25, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from an intranet isolated from the Internet by a firewall security device.
- 28. The computer data signal of Claim 25, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from a web browser.
- 29. The computer data signal of Claim 25, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from a personal digital assistant.
- 15 30. The computer data signal of Claim 25, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible from a browser-enabled telephone.
  - 31. The computer data signal of Claim 25, wherein said electronic business card file Web site is accessible by spoken commands.
- 32. The computer data signal of Claim 25, wherein said first format comprises audio playback.

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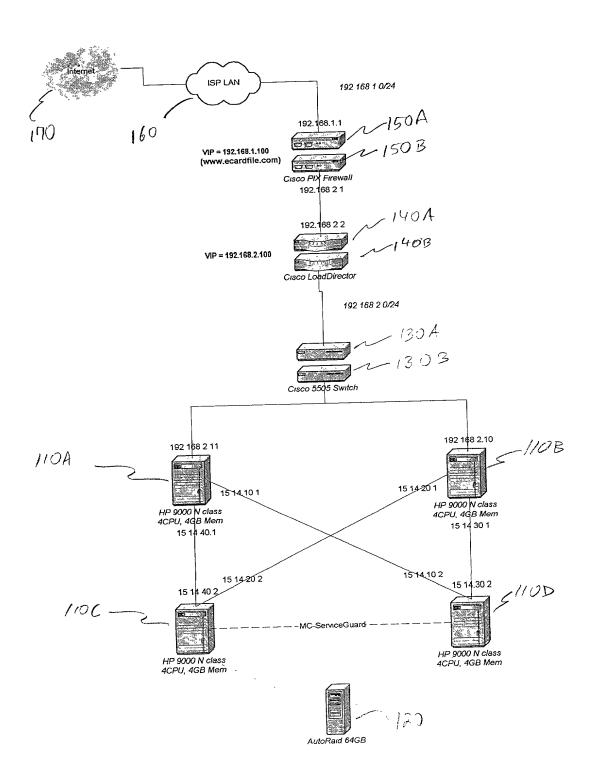
# E-SERVICE TO MANAGE CONTACT INFORMATION WITH PRIVACY LEVELS

James G. Douvikas Terry R. Sheehy Chris W. T. McKay

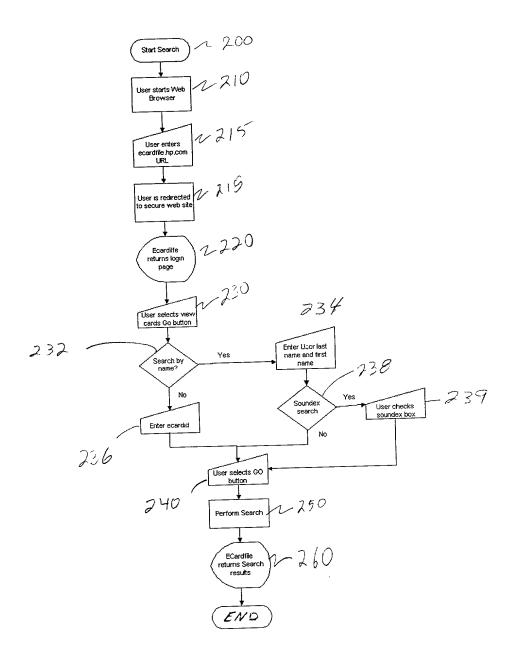
#### ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

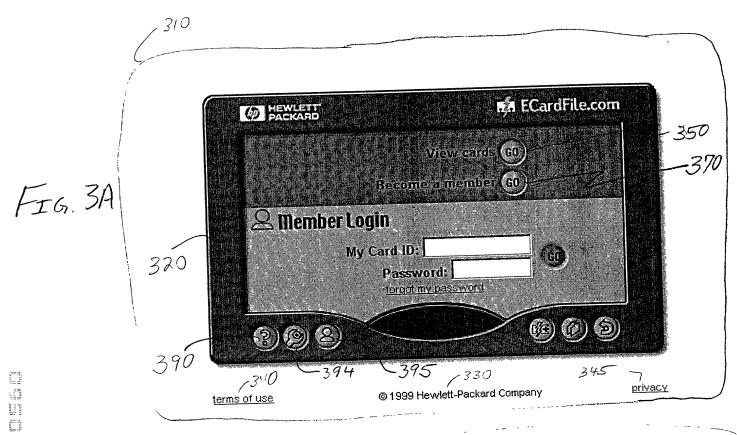
A method of providing an electronic business card (EBC) access and organization service on the Web. The cardholder database is accessible and searchable from any browser connected to the Internet or the EBC service may be installed behind a conventional firewall and thus accessible only to intranet users. The service thus provides easy access to cardholder contact information with privacy assured by use of integrated access restrictions. Access to and delivery of contact information by the service is not limited to a Web browser interface as commonly known today. The service provides multi-mode access and/or data delivery interfaces. The service also provides an export feature that formats search results into a pre-defined file structure readable by a conventional contact management programs. Custom export file formats may also be defined provide even wider connectivity and cross-platform utility. Access to individual records is controlled at both the record level and the field level, with multiple privacy levels for each field, in addition to the well-known "public" and "private" levels. Users having certain permissions are permitted to read a defined group of records, though not necessarily all fields in each record. A location tracking feature is also provided to allow the cardholder to rapidly designate a pre-defined contact location. Alternately, the cardholder may define a temporary contact location not normally stored in the database system. Electronic mail sent by the cardholder is automatically formatted to contain a signature hypertext link directing recipients of the email to the EBC service. This hyperlink enables the recipient of the email to rapidly access the EBC system to locate the cardholder and/or obtain additional information.

F16. 1

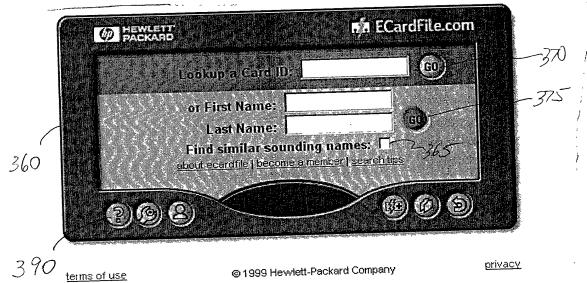


# F16. 2





G. 3B



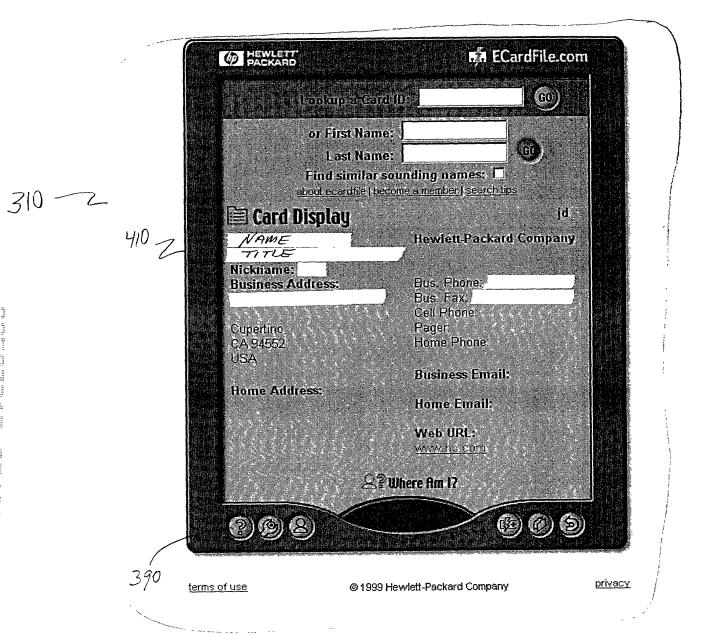
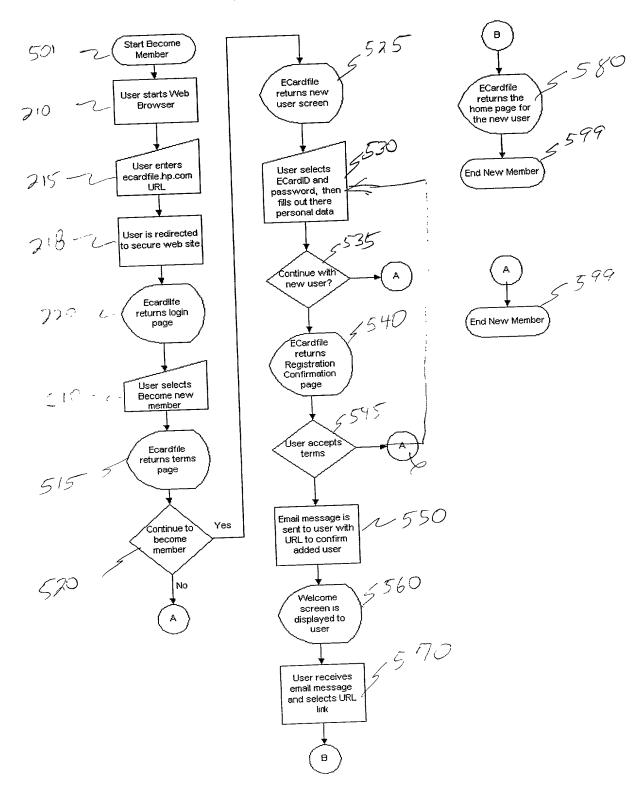
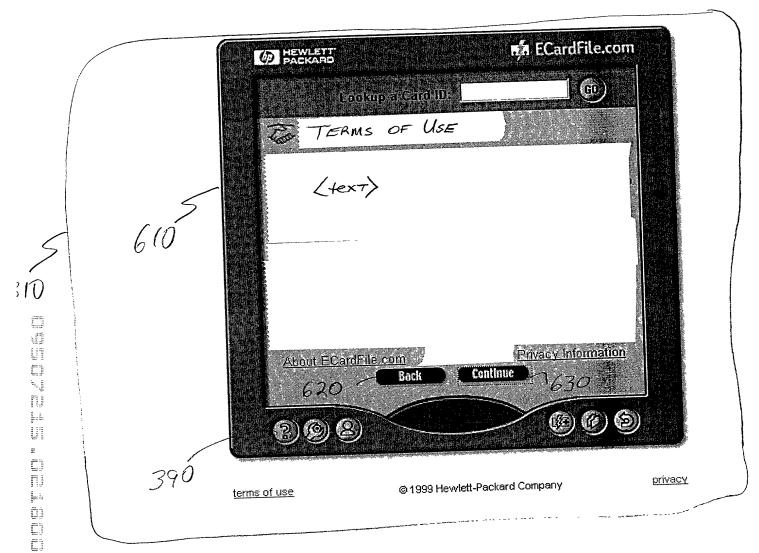


FIG. 5



FZG. 6



	·	HEWLETT PACKARD		A ECardFile.com	
3/0 >			Card ID:	Semi-Private Public	
LEGEND		Card." Ex. JamesD	Levels: 6 terry to 14 letters numbers. Ent		-724
Fig. 7A Fig. 7B	710	Password: Retype Pass: Title:	/k	ey: 6 6 6 - c c	-726
and the state of t		Ex Mr, Ms etc. First Name: Nick Name: Middle Name:			
1		Last Name: Suffix: Ex: PhD, M.D. Company Name:			
, THE		Job Title: Business Comment: Web Page URL:			720
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		City: State/Province:			
		Zip/Postal: Country:			

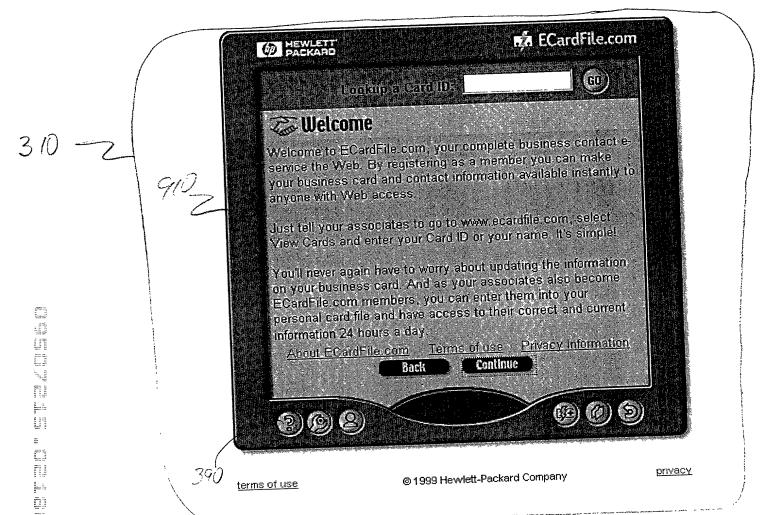
	New User Bottom:		
310	Address 2:		
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	Home Phone		
Fig. 7B			
	Email:		
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مهرده	390 terms of use	@ 1999 Hewlett-Packard Company	privacy

ារី ECardFile.com GO. Lookup a Card ID: or First Name: Last Name: Find similar sounding names: about scardfile | become a member | search tips Registration Confirmation Thank you. Your card registration is complete, and your password will be activated shortly. BEFORE YOU CAN LOG IN: To protect your identity, ECardFile authenticates you before activating your password. The authentication process is as easy as 1-2-3: 1. - Click on the ACCEPT button below to signify your acceptance of ECardFile.com's terms of use. ECardFile then sends an email to the address you entered in the "email auth" field of the registration form. 3. - As soon as you reply to the email, you can log in 390 privacy

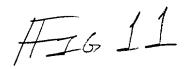
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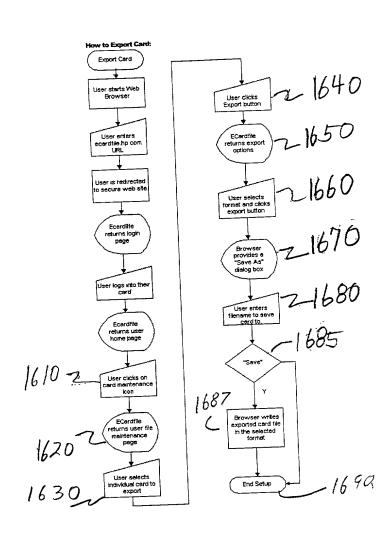
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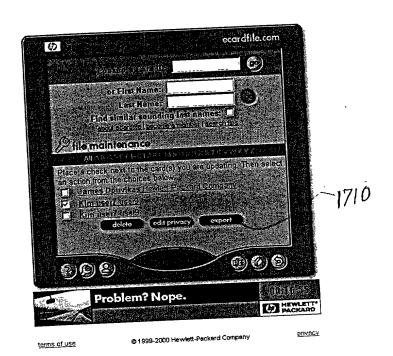


🚮 ECardFile.com の HEWLETT GO) 310 7 Lookup a Card ID. or First Name: 1010 Last Name: Find similar sounding names:  $\Box$ about ecardfile | become a member | search tips My ECardFile My ECardFile is your personal drawer for storing cards. It is empty until you add cards To add a card: look up the member. When the card is displayed, click the To view the cards in your cardfile: use the alphabet display. Click "A" to "Add" icon list the members in your card file whose last name starts with A; click "All" to list all the members in your cardfile. To view a specific card: click on the member's name to display his or her card information. To update your ECardFile: click the "Update" (con to change privacy levels, delete cards, or export cards to your address book (?) (<u>\$</u>) (2) 395 390 privacy © 1999 Hewlett-Packard Company terms of use



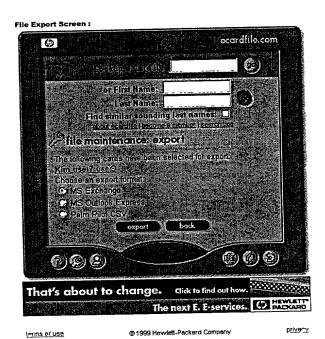


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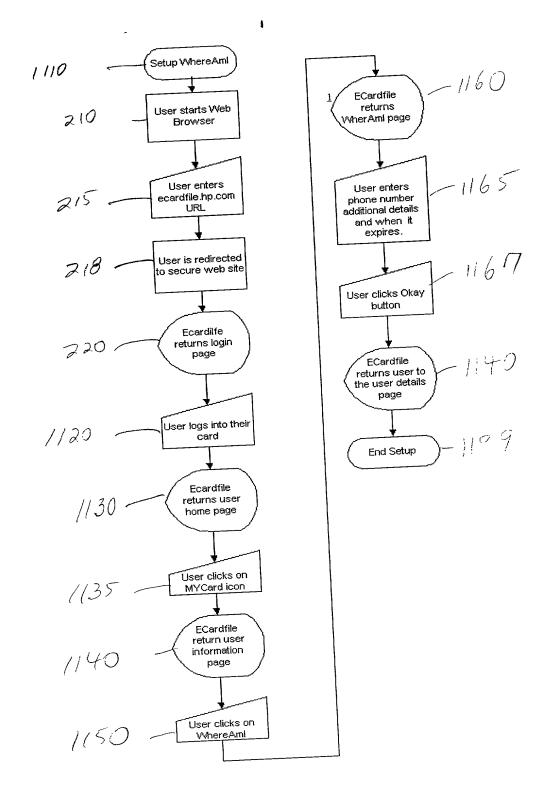


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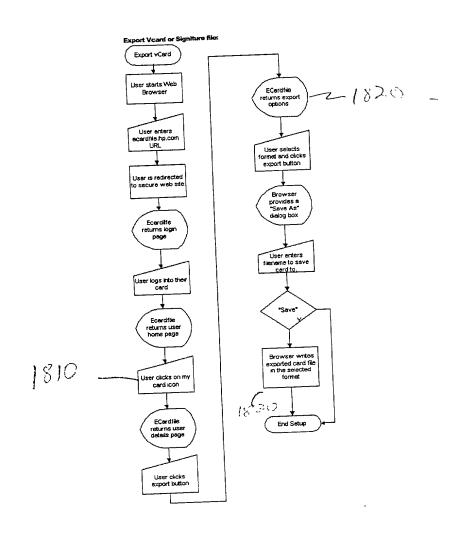


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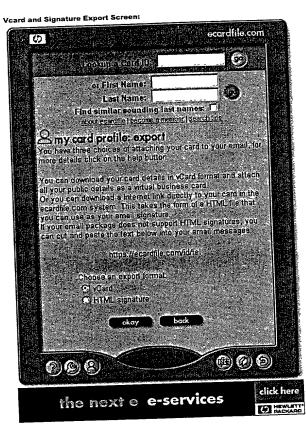




# #16.16



HZG 17

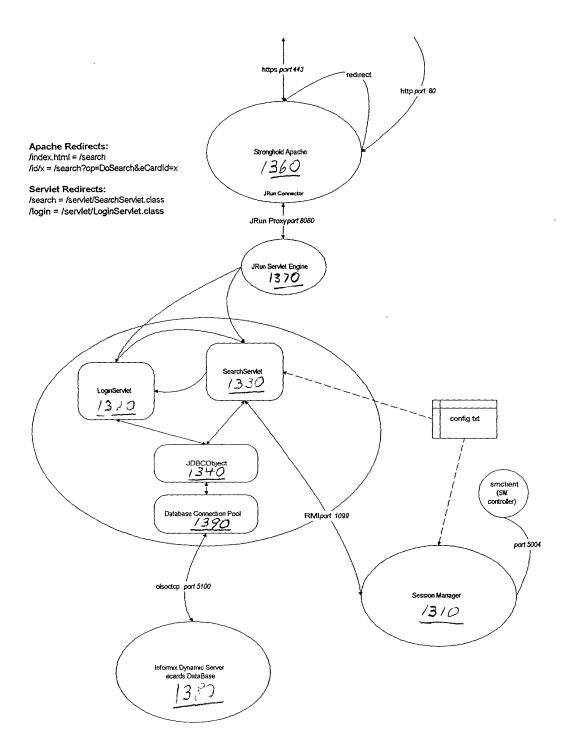


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DAIASCA

F16. 18



F16. 19A

#### **Database Schema**

	users		1	Longer and Line of the		
PK,FK1	usersid	SERIAL		PK	addressid	SERIAL
	ecardid	CHAR( 40)			optaddresstype	SMALLINT
	epassword	CHAR(10)		}	streetline1	VARCHAR(50
	emailauth	VARCHAR(100)	i	1	pvtstreetline1	SMALLINT
	title	VARCHAR(10)	1	ł	streetline2	VARCHAR(50
	pvttitle	SMALLINT			pvtstreetline2	SMALLINT
	firstname	VARCHAR(30)			streetline3	VARCHAR(50
	pytfirstname	SMALLINT	-H <b>○</b> €		pvtstreetline3	SMALLINT
	middlename	VARCHAR(30)		Ì	city	VARCHAR(40
	pvtmiddlename	SMALLINT	1		pytoity	SMALLINT
	lastname	VARCHAR(30)			stateprovince	VARCHAR(30
	pvtlastname	SMALLINT	ł		pvtstateprovince	SMALLINT
	suffix	VARCHAR(10)	1		zippostal	VARCHAR(15
	pvtsuffix	SMALLINT			pvtzippostal	SMALLINT
	1 *	VARCHAR(50)	}		country	VARCHAR(40
	companyname	SMALLINT	}		pytcountry	
	pvtcompanyname	(	1	FV4 14	addressuserid	SMALLINT
	jobtitle	VARCHAR(50)		FK1,I1	addressuseria	INTEGER
	pvtjobtitle	SMALLINT	1			
	businesscomment	VARCHAR(100)				
	pvtbusinesscommer	1				
	webpageurl	VARCHAR(100)		ا يُمَا وَالْمُنْسِينِ.	Section Sectio	taliak sahara sa
	pvtwebpageurl	SMALLINT			phone	
	altfirstname	VARCHAR(30)	}	PK	phoneid	SERIAL
	pvtaltfirstname	SMALLINT			Pilling .	
K	ecardid_lc	CHAR(14)	├# <i></i> ≪		optphonetype	SMALLINT
12	firstname_lc	VARCHAR(30)			phonenumber	VARCHAR(30)
13	lastname_lc	VARCHAR(30)		}	pytphonenumber	, , ,
14	altfirstname_lc	VARCHAR(30)		FK1,11	phoneusersid	INTEGER
15	soundex	CHAR(4)			prioriogordia	
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	1410			PK	emailid optemailtype	SMALLINT
	1410		<del>-</del>	· . 447 820 247	emailid  optemailtype emailaddress pvtemailaddress	SMALLINT VARCHAR(100 SMALLINT
	1410		·	PK	emailid  optemailtype emailaddress pvtemailaddress	SMALLINT VARCHAR(100 SMALLINT
PK	whereami	SERIAL		PK	emailid  optemailtype emailaddress pvtemailaddress	SMALLINT VARCHAR(100 SMALLINT
PK	whereami whereamiid	SERIAL	≪	PK FK1,I1	emailid  optemalitype emailaddress pvtemailaddress emailusersid	SMALLINT VARCHAR(100 SMALLINT INTEGER
	whereamiid contact	SERIAL VARCHAR(30)	<del>-</del>	PK FK1,I1	emailid  optemailtype emailaddress pvtemailaddress	SMALLINT VARCHAR(100 SMALLINT INTEGER
	whereamiid contact pvtcontact	SERIAL  VARCHAR(30)  SMALLINT	<del>-</del>	PK	emailid  optemalitype emailaddress pvtemailaddress emailusersid	SMALLINT VARCHAR(100 SMALLINT INTEGER
	whereamiid contact	SERIAL VARCHAR(30)	·	PK	emailid  optemalitype emailaddress pvtemailaddress emailusersid	SMALLINT VARCHAR(100 SMALLINT INTEGER
	whereamiid contact pvtcontact details pvtdetails	SERIAL  VARCHAR(30)  SMALLINT  VARCHAR(255)  SMALLINT	·	PK lo	emailid  optemalitype emailaddress pvtemailaddress emailusersid	SMALLINT VARCHAR(10) SMALLINT INTEGER
	whereamiid  contact pvtcontact details pvtdetails expirydate	SERIAL  VARCHAR(30)  SMALLINT  VARCHAR(255)  SMALLINT  DATE	<del>-</del>	PK   100   ca	emailid  optemalitype emailaddress pytemailaddress emailusersid  lookup  okupid SERIA tegory SMAL	SMALLINT VARCHAR(100 SMALLINT INTEGER
	whereamiid contact pvtcontact details pvtdetails	SERIAL  VARCHAR(30)  SMALLINT  VARCHAR(255)  SMALLINT		PK local de	emailid  optemalitype emailaddress pytemailaddress emailusersid  lookup  okupid serpy serpy serption VARO	SMALLINT VARCHAR(100 SMALLINT INTEGER

## F16, 19B

	users /			3, 3	privatelist	
PK,FK1	usersid	SERIAL		PK	privatelistid	SERIAL
	ecardid epassword emailauth	CHAR(40) CHAR(10) VARCHAR(100)	-It(	0€       FK1,I1	cardid privatelistusersid pvtmask	INTEGER INTEGER SMALLINT
	title pvttitle firstname pvtfirstname	VARCHAR(10) SMALLINT VARCHAR(30) SMALLINT	14	20		
	middlename pvtmiddlename lastname	VARCHAR(30) SMALLINT VARCHAR(30)				
	pvtlastname suffix pvtsuffix	SMALLINT VARCHAR(10) SMALLINT				
	companyname pvtcompanyname	VARCHAR(50) SMALLINT			personallist	
	jobtitte pvtjobtitle	VARCHAR(50) SMALLINT	-i+ O€	PK	personallistid	SERIAL
	businesscomment pvtbusinesscomment webpageurl	VARCHAR(100) SMALLINT VARCHAR(100)	-I <del>I</del> (I	FK2,12 FK1,12,11	cardid personallistusersid	INTEGER INTEGER
	pvtwebpageurl altfirstname pvtaltfirstname	SMALLINT VARCHAR(30) SMALLINT				
11	ecardid_lc	CHAR(14)				
12	firstname_lc	VARCHAR(30)				
13	lastname_lc	VARCHAR(30)				
14 15	altfirstname_lc soundex	VARCHAR(30) CHAR(4)				

banner / e				
PK	bannerid	SERIAL		
	htmlstring	NVARCHAR(200)		

	fockedip	
PK	lockedipid	SERIAL
	ip dateoflock	CHAR(16) DATE

F16. 19C

Š.	<b>e</b> v luser			<b>133</b>	iaddres	
PK	iuserid	SERIAL		PK	iaddressid	SERIAL
U1	dateofentry sessionid ecardid epassword emailauth title pvttitle firstname pvtfirstname middlename lastname pvtlastname suffix pvtsuffix companyname pvtcompanyname	DATE CHAR(15) CHAR(40) CHAR(10) VARCHAR(10) SMALLINT VARCHAR(30) SMALLINT VARCHAR(30) SMALLINT VARCHAR(30) SMALLINT VARCHAR(30) SMALLINT VARCHAR(30) SMALLINT VARCHAR(50) SMALLINT VARCHAR(50) SMALLINT VARCHAR(50) SMALLINT	-l+ <b>- ○</b> <	FK1	optaddresstype streetline1 pvtstreetline2 pvtstreetline2 streetline3 pvtstreetline3 city pvtcity stateprovince pvtstateprovince zippostal pvtzippostal country pvtcountry iaddressuserid	SMALLINT VARCHAR(5 SMALLINT VARCHAR(5 SMALLINT VARCHAR(4 SMALLINT VARCHAR(3 SMALLINT VARCHAR(1 SMALLINT VARCHAR(1 SMALLINT VARCHAR(4 SMALLINT VARCHAR(4 SMALLINT VARCHAR(4 SMALLINT VARCHAR(4 SMALLINT INTEGER
	jobtitle pvtjobtitle businesscomment pvtbusinesscomment webpageurl pvtwebpageurl altfirstname pvtaltfirstname soundex	VARCHAR(50) SMALLINT VARCHAR(100) SMALLINT VARCHAR(100) SMALLINT VARCHAR(30) SMALLINT CHAR(4)	-l+ <b>-</b>	PK	iphoneid  optphonetype phonenumber pytphonenumbe	SERIAL SMALLINT VARCHAR(3
				FK1	iphoneuserid  siemail iemailid	INTEGER
	<u></u>			FK1	optemailtype emailaddress pvtemailaddress iemailuserid	SMALLINT VARCHAR(10 SMALLINT INTEGER

<b>DECLARATION</b>	AND POWE	R OF A	ATTORNEY
FOR PATENT AP	PLICATION		

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 10992822-1

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence/post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

E-SERVICE TO MANAGE CONTACT INFORMATION WITH PRIVACY LEVELS

joint inventor (if plural patent is sought on the	names invent	are listed below) of th	e subject matter whi	below) or an original, first and ich is claimed and for which a	
the specification of wh	nich is a	ttached hereto unless th	ne following box is ch	necked.	
•			~	CT International Application pplicable).	
including the claims, a	s amer		t(s) referred to abov	above-identified specification, e. I acknowledge the duty to FR 1.56.	
Foreign Application(s) and/or	r Claim of	Foreign Priority			
I hereby claim foreign priori inventor(s) certificate listed	ty benefit below an	s under Title 35, United Stat	any foreign application for	any foreign application(s) for patent or patent or inventor(s) certificate having	
COUNTRY		APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE FILED	PRIORITY CLAIMED UNDER 35 U.S C. 119	
			<del></del>	YES NO.	
				YES. NO	
Provisional Application I hereby claim the benefit u below:	nder Title	a 35, United States Code Sec	ction 119(e) of any United	States provisional application(s) listed	
	Af	PPLICATION SERIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE		
				$\neg$	
				7	
insofar as the subject matte manner provided by the firs information as defined in Tit	r of each t paragra le 37, Co	of the claims of this applica ph of Title 35, United States	tion is not disclosed in the Code Section 112, I ack ction 1.56(a) which occur	States application(s) listed below and, e prior United States application in the nowledge the duty to disclose material red between the filing date of the prior	
APPLICATION SERIAL NUMB	BER	FILING DATE	STATUS (p	patented/pending/abandoned)	
	rademark	Office connected therewith:	Place Customer Number Bar Code Label here	ecute this application and transact all	
			<u> </u>		
Send Correspondence to HEWLETT-PACKARD CO Intellectual Property Adn	MPANY	n	Direct Telephor		
P.O. Box 272400 Fort Collins, Colorado 80528-9599			(408) 453-9200		
I hereby declare that a made on information a with the knowledge			(408) 453-9200		

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James J.	Durkar		2/18	lac	
Inventor's Signature			Date		

### DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION (continued)

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 10992822-1

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Residence:			
Post Office Address:			
Inventor's Signature		Date	
Full Name of # 5 joint inventor	:		Citizenship:
Residence:			
Post Office Address:			
Inventor's Signature		Date	
Full Name of # 6 joint inventor	r:		Citizenship:
Residence:			
Post Office Address:			
Inventor's Signature		Date	
mventor a alguardie		Jaco	
Full Name of # 7 joint invento	or:		Citizenship:
Residence:			
Post Office Address:			
Inventor's Signature		Date	
Full Name of # 8 joint invento	or:		Citizenship:
Residence:			
Post Office Address:			
Inventor's Signature		Date	

APPENOIX
Package Index

#### ECARDFILE

AP1

### Other Packages

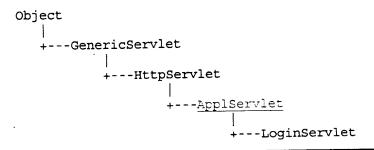
- package .default
- package ecardfile.appl
- package ecardfile.dbappl
- package multiserv.applservlet
- package <u>multiserv.dbmgr</u>
- package <u>multiserv.sessionmgr</u>
- package <u>multiserv.util</u>

## package.default

## Class Index

- <u>LoginServlet</u><u>SearchServlet</u>

### Class LoginServlet



public class LoginServlet

extends ApplServlet

Used to override the getApplicationInterface method defined in ApplServlet. This method provides the link between the generic components of package multiserv.applservlet and the application specific functionality.

## Constructor Index

# Method Index

•getApplicationInterface()

Overrides the getApplicationInterface method defined in class ApplServlet.

<u>init</u>(ServletConfig)

Called when the servlet first gets loaded.

### CONSTRUCTORS

→ LoginServlet

public LoginServlet()

### Methods

• getApplicationInterface

public multiserv.applservlet.ApplicationInterface getApplicationInterface()

Overrides the getApplicationInterface method defined in class ApplServlet. This method must return an instance of the application specific class which implements ApplicationInterface.

getApplicationInterface in class ApplServlet

#### • init

public void init (ServletConfig config) throws ServletException Called when the servlet first gets loaded. Do our application specific servlet initialization here after calling init() in ApplServlet.

Parameters:

config - servlet configuration information.

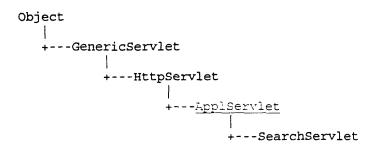
Throws: ServletException

a problem occurred during the initialization of the servlet.

Overrides:

init in class ApplServlet

#### Class SearchServlet



public class SearchServlet

extends ApplServlet

Used to override the getApplicationInterface method defined in ApplServlet. This method provides the link between the generic components of package multiserv.applservlet and the application specific functionality.

## Constructor Index

# SearchServiet() Method Index

•getApplicationInterface()

Overrides the getApplicationInterface method defined in class ApplServlet.

•<u>init</u>(ServletConfig)

Called when the servlet first gets loaded.

### CONSTRUCTORS

SearchServiet

public SearchServlet()

### Methods

• getApplicationInterface

public multiserv.applservlet.ApplicationInterface getApplicationInterface()

Overrides the getApplicationInterface method defined in class ApplServlet. This method must return an instance of the application specific class which implements ApplicationInterface.

Overrides:

#### getApplicationInterface in class ApplServlet

#### •init

public void init (ServletConfig config) throws ServletException Called when the servlet first gets loaded. Do our application specific servlet initialization here after calling init() in ApplServlet.

#### Parameters:

config - servlet configuration information.

Throws: ServletException

a problem occurred during the initialization of the servlet.

Overrides:

init in class ApplServlet

### package ecardfile.appl

## Interface Index

- · CommonConfig Class Index
  - CommonApplicationInterface
  - EcardNotifier
  - LoginApplicationInterface
  - Search Application Interface

### Interface ecardfile.appl.CommonConfig

public abstract interface CommonConfig
Defines the common constants used by the application

### Variable Index

- •ADDLIST TAG
- •ADDRESSID TAG
- •ADDUSERCONFIRM TAG
- •ADDUSER TAG
- •ALTFIRSTNAME COL
- •ALTFIRSTNAME\_TAG
- •ALTFIRSTNAME TOKEN
- •BANNER TOKEN
- •BUSINESSCOMMENT TOKEN
- **BUTTON TAG**
- •CANCEL TAG
- •CARDEXTRA
- •CARDID TAG
- •CARDID TOKEN
- •CATEGORY TOKEN
- •CHANGE
- •CHANGEDETAILS TAG
- •CHANGE WHERE AMI TAG
- •COMPANYNAME COL
- •COMPANYNAME ENC TOKEN
- •COMPANYNAME TAG
- •COMPANYNAME TOKEN
- •CONFIRM TAG
- •CONTACT COL
- •CREATEID TAG
- •DATEOFENTRY TAG
- •DATEOFENTRY TOKEN
- •DELETEUSERCONFIRM TAG
- •DELETEUSER TAG
- •DELETE TAG
- DISPLAY
- •DISPLAYFMT TAG
- •DISPLAYFMT TOKEN
- •DISPLAYLIST TAG
- •DISPLAY PAGE TAG

- •DOADDWHERE TAG
- •DOCHANGEDETAILS TAG
- •DOCHANGE WHERE TAG
- •DODOWNLOADCARD\_TAG
- •DODOWNLOADPLIST TAG
- •DODOWNLOADSINGLE TAG
- •DOSEARCH TAG
- •DOUPDATEPLIST TAG
- •DOWNLOADFMT TAG
- •DOWNLOADID TAG
- •DOWNLOADSINGLE TAG
- •DOWNLOAD TAG
- •ECARDID TAG
- •ECARDID TOKEN
- EDITPRIVACY TAG
- •EMAILAUTH COL
- •EMAILAUTH TAG
- •EMAILAUTH TOKEN
- •EMAILID TAG
- EPASSWORDCONF TAG
- •EPASSWORD TAG
- •EXPIRYDATE COL
- •FIND PASSWORD TAG
- •FIRSTNAME COL
- •FIRSTNAME ENC TOKEN
- •FIRSTNAME TAG
- •FIRSTNAME TÓKEN
- •FMT TAG
- •FULLNAME TOKEN
- •HTML
- •ID REWRITE TOKEN
- •ID TOKEN
- •JOBTITLE TOKEN
- •LASTNAME COL
- •LASTNAME ENC TOKEN
- •LASTNAME TAG
- •LASTNAME TOKEN
- •LC PRIVACYPREFIX
- •LISTITEMS TOKEN
- •LOGIN SERVLET TOKEN
- •MASK COL
- •MASK TOKEN
- •MIDDLENAME COL
- •MIDDLENAME TAG
- •MIDDLENAME TOKEN

- •MSG LIST TOKEN
- •NEWUSER TAG
- •OK TAG
- •ONETIME TAG
- •PAGE TAG
- •PAGE TOKEN
- •PASSWORD COL
- •PASSWORD TOKEN
- •PDAPAGE TAG
- •PERSONALLISTID COL
- •PERSONALLISTITEMS TOKEN
- •PHONEID TAG
- •PRIVACYPREFIX
- •PVTALTFIRSTNAME\_TOKEN
- •PVTBUSINESSCOMMENT\_TOKEN
- •PVTCOMPANYNAME TOKEN
- •PVTCONTACT COL
- •PVTFIRSTNAME TOKEN
- •PVTIOBTITLE TOKEN
- •PVTLASTNAME TOKEN
- •PVTLISTID COL
- •PVTLISTID TOKEN
- •PVTMIDDLENAME\_TOKEN
- •PVTSUFFIX TOKEN
- •PVTTITLE TOKEN
- •PVTWEBPAGEURL TOKEN
- •ROWID TAG
- •SEARCHID TAG
- •SEARCHLISTITEMS TOKEN
- •SEARCHNAME TAG
- •SEARCH SERVLET TOKEN
- •SEARCH TAG
- •SITE ADDRESS TOKEN
- •SOUNDEX TAG
- •SUFFIX COL
- •SUFFIX TOKEN
- •TEMPLATE
- •TITLE COL
- •TITLE TOKEN
- •UPDATE TAG
- •USERINFOID TAG
- •USERSID COL
- •USERSID TOKEN
- •WEBPAGEURL ENC TOKEN
- •WEBPAGEURL TOKEN

- •WHEREAMI
- •WHEREAMI TAG
- •WML
- •monthNames

Static array with the names of the months for formatting dates

## Variables

ADDLIST\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String
ADDUSERCONFIRM\_TAG
•ADDUSER TAG

public static final java.lang.String ADDUSER\_TAG
•ALTFIRSTNAME COL

public static final java.lang.String ALTFIRSTNAME\_COL
•ALTFIRSTNAME\_TAG

public static.final java.lang.String ALTFIRSTNAME\_TAG
•ALTFIRSTNAME TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String BANNER\_TOKEN
•BUSINESSCOMMENT\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String
BUSINESSCOMMENT\_TOKEN

BUTTON TAG

public static final java.lang.String BUTTON\_TAG

CANCEL TAG

public static final short CARDEXTRA
•CARDID TAG

public static final java.lang.String CARDID\_TOKEN
CATEGORY TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String CATEGORY\_TOKEN
•CHANGE

public static final short CHANGE.

• CHANGEDETAILS TAG

public static final java.lang.String CHANGEDETAILS\_TAG
•CHANGEWHEREAMI TAG

public static final java.lang.String CHANGEWHEREAMI TAG

●COMPANYNAMĒ COL

public static final java.lang.String COMPANYNAME\_COL 
• COMPANYNAME ENC TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String
COMPANYNAME\_ENC\_TOKEN
COMPANYNAME TAG

public static final java.lang.String COMPANYNAME\_TOKEN

●CONFIRM\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String CREATEID\_TAG
DATEOFENTRY\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String DATEOFENTRY\_TAG
•DATEOFENTRY TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String DATEOFENTRY\_TOKEN

•DELETEUSERCONFIRM TAG

public static final java.lang.String
DELETEUSERCONFIRM\_TAG
DELETEUSER TAG

public static final java.lang.String DELETEUSER\_TAG
•DELETE TAG

public static final java.lang.String DELETE\_TAG
•DISPLAY

public static final short DISPLAY

• DISPLAYFMT TAG

public static final java.lang.String DISPLAYFMT\_TOKEN
•DISPLAYLIST\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String DISPLAYLIST\_TAG
•DISPLAY\_PAGE\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String
DOCHANGEDETAILS\_TAG

•DOCHANGEWHERE\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String
DOCHANGEWHERE\_TAG

●DODOWNLOADCARD\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String DODOWNLOADCARD\_TAG

•DODOWNLOADPLIST TAG

public static final java.lang.String DODOWNLOADPLIST\_TAG

•DODOWNLOADSINGLE\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String DODOWNLOADSINGLE\_TAG

●DOSEARCH\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String DOUPDATEPLIST\_TAG

●DOWNLOADFMT\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String
DOWNLOADSINGLE\_TAG
DOWNLOAD TAG

public static final java.lang.String ECARDID\_TAG
•ECARDID TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String ECARDID\_TOKEN
•EDITPRIVACY TAG

public static final java.lang.String EMAILAUTH\_TAG

#### **•**EMAILAUTH TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String EMAILAUTH\_TOKEN
•EMAILID TAG

public static final java.lang.String
EPASSWORDCONF\_TAG

• EPASSWORD TAG

public static final java.lang.String EXPIRYDATE\_COL
FIND PASSWORD TAG

public static final java.lang.String
FIND\_PASSWORD\_TAG
•FIRSTNAME COL

public static final java.lang.String FIRSTNAME\_COL
•FIRSTNAME ENC TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String
FIRSTNAME ENC\_TOKEN
•FIRSTNAME TAG

public static final java.lang.String FIRSTNAME\_TAG
•FIRSTNAME TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String FIRSTNAME\_TOKEN
•FMT TAG

public static final java.lang.String FMT\_TAG
•FULLNAME TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String FULLNAME\_TOKEN
•HTML

public static final java.lang.String HTML
•ID REWRITE TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String ID\_REWRITE\_TOKEN

#### •ID TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String ID\_TOKEN
•JOBTITLE\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String JOBTITLE\_TOKEN •LASTNAME\_COL

public static final java.lang.String LASTNAME\_COL
•LASTNAME\_ENC\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String
LASTNAME\_ENC\_TOKEN
•LASTNAME TAG

public static final java.lang.String LASTNAME\_TAG
•LASTNAME TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String LASTNAME\_TOKEN
•LC PRIVACYPREFIX

public static final java.lang.String LC\_PRIVACYPREFIX
•LISTITEMS TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String LISTITEMS\_TOKEN
•LOGIN SERVLET TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String LOGIN\_SERVLET\_TOKEN

• MASK COL

public static final java.lang.String MASK\_COL-

public static final java.lang.String MASK\_TOKEN
•MIDDLENAME\_COL

public static final java.lang.String MIDDLENAME\_COL •MIDDLENAME\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String MIDDLENAME\_TAG
•MIDDLENAME\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String MIDDLENAME\_TOKEN

•MSG\_LIST\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String MSG\_LIST\_TOKEN
•NEWUSER TAG

public static final java.lang.String NEWUSER\_TAG
OK TAG

public static final java.lang.String OK\_TAG
•ONETIME TAG

public static final java.lang.String ONETIME\_TAG
PAGE TAG

public static final java.lang.String PAGE\_TAG
•PAGE TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String PAGE\_TOKEN
•PASSWORD\_COL

public static final java.lang.String PASSWORD\_COL
PASSWORD TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String PASSWORD\_TOKEN
•PDAPAGE\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String PDAPAGE\_TAG
• PERSONALLISTID COL

public static final java.lang.String
PERSONALLISTID\_COL

•PERSONALLISTITEMS\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String PERSONALLISTITEMS\_TOKEN

• PHONEID TAG

public static final java.lang.String PHONEID\_TAG
•PRIVACYPREFIX

public static final java.lang.String PRIVACYPREFIX
•PVTALTFIRSTNAME TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String
PVTALTFIRSTNAME\_TOKEN

•PVTBUSINESSCOMMENT TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String PVTBUSINESSCOMMENT\_TOKEN

• PVTCOMPANYNAME TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String PVTCOMPANYNAME\_TOKEN

•PVTCONTACT COL

public static final java.lang.String PVTCONTACT\_COL
PVTFIRSTNAME TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String PVTFIRSTNAME\_TOKEN

•PVTIOBTITLE TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String
PVTJOBTITLE\_TOKEN
•PVTLASTNAME TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String
PVTLASTNAME\_TOKEN
•PVTLISTID COL

public static final java.lang.String PVTLISTID\_COL
•PVTLISTID TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String PVTLISTID\_TOKEN
•PVTMIDDLENAME TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String
PVTMIDDLENAME\_TOKEN

•PVTSUFFIX\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String PVTSUFFIX\_TOKEN
•PVTTITLE\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String PVTTITLE\_TOKEN
•PVTWEBPAGEURL TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String
PVTWEBPAGEURL\_TOKEN
●ROWID TAG

public static final java.lang.String ROWID TAG

## •SEARCHID TAG

public static final java.lang.String
SEARCHLISTITEMS\_TOKEN
SEARCHNAME TAG

public static final java.lang.String SEARCHNAME\_TAG
•SEARCH SERVLET TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String
SEARCH\_SERVLET\_TOKEN
SEARCH TAG

public static final java.lang.String SEARCH\_TAG
•SITE ADDRESS TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String
SITE\_ADDRESS\_TOKEN
SOUNDEX TAG

public static final java.lang.String SUFFIX\_COL
•SUFFIX TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String TEMPLATE \*\*
•TITLE\_COL

public static final java.lang.String TITLE\_TOKEN • UPDATE\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String USERINFOID\_TAG

## •USERSID COL

public static final java.lang.String USERSID\_TOKEN
•WEBPAGEURL\_ENC\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String
WEBPAGEURL\_ENC\_TOKEN

public static final short WHEREAMI
•WHEREAMI TAG

public static final java.lang.String WHEREAMI\_TAG
●WML

public static final java.lang.String WML •monthNames

# Class ecardfile.appl.CommonApplicationInterface

ecardfile.appl.CommonApplicationInterface

public abstract class CommonApplicationInterface

extends ApplicationInterface

implements Session Tags, Common Config

Version:

\$Id: CommonApplicationInterface.java,v 1.44 1999/12/03 02:05:45 peter Exp \$

See Also:

ApplicationInterface, SearchApplicationInterface, LoginApplicationInterface, RequestHandler, LoginServlet, SearchServlet

# Variable Index

- •defaultPdaPage
- •verboseErrors

# Constructor Index

ecardfile.appl.CommonApplicationInterface()

# Method Index

•accessDenied(String, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

Called when a received request does not contain a valid session id.

•addBannerToken(Hashtable)

Add the banner text to the token table

checkAccess (HttpServletRequest)

Implementation of ApplicationInterface::checkAccess().

- •checkPrivacyAccess (DatabaseConnection2, long, long, Hashtable)
- •db\_error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

A database error has occurred

•db error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String)

A database error has occurred

•destroy()

Brush teeth before going to bed.

•doc access error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

A document access error has occurred

•getCookie(HttpServletRequest)

Extract and return our cookie contents from the original HTTP request.

•getCookieTag()

getFullPath(String)

Given an HTML document name determine if a full path was specified.

•getOperation(HttpServletRequest)

Determine the type of operation to be invoked by the request.

•getPassword(HttpServletRequest)

Get a string representing the user's password

•getServletImgBtnParameter(HttpServletRequest)

•getSessionId(HttpServletRequest)

Extract and return the session id from the original HTTP request.

•getUserId(HttpServletRequest)

Get a string representing the user identification

hiddenField(String, String)

Return a string of HTML specifying a hidden field.

init(ApplServlet, String, String)

Used to initialize the application specific class which implements this interface.

•<u>io\_error</u>(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

An io exception has occurred

•isLoggedIn(String, Session)

Called to check if a user is logged in

•nfe error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

A NumberFormatException has occurred

•nfe error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String)

A NumberFormatException has occurred

•<u>nse\_error</u>(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

A non-serializable exception has occurred

•operationRequiresLogin(String)

Called to check if a specified operation requires user login.

•re\_error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

A Remote Exception has occurred

•sae error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

A Session Access Exception has occurred

•sendDocument(String, HttpServletResponse)

Send an HTML document to the user replacing the predefined character sequences with their associated values.

•sendError(String, String, String, HttpServletResponse)

- •sendError(Hashtable, String, String, String, HttpServletResponse)
- •sendError(Hashtable, String, String, HttpServletResponse)
- •<u>sendError</u>(HttpServletRequest, String, String, HttpServletResponse)
  General error handling routine.
- •sendLoginScreen(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String)
- •sendLoginScreen(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String, Hashtable)
- •sendMessage (String, String, Hashtable, String, HttpServletResponse)
- sendMessage (String, String, HttpServletResponse)
- •sendMessage (String, Hashtable, String, HttpServletResponse)
- •<u>sendParseDocument</u>(Hashtable, String, String, HttpServletResponse)
- •sendParseDocument(Hashtable, String, HttpServletResponse)

Send an HTML document to the user replacing the predefined character sequences with their associated values.

- •<u>sendParseTextFile</u>(String, String, Hashtable, String, String, HttpServletResponse)
- •sendParseTextFile(String, Hashtable, String, String, HttpServletResponse)
- •<u>sendParseTextFile</u>(Hashtable, String, String, HttpServletResponse)

  Send a text file to the user replacing the predefined character sequences with their associated values.
- •sendSearchScreen(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)
- •sendSearchScreen(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String)
- •sendSearchScreen(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String, Hashtable)
- •sessionFailure (String, HttpServletRequest)

Implementation of ApplicationInterface:sessionFailure Notify the application that an attempt to access a session using sessionId failed.

•unknownOperation(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

An unknown operation has been requested

•validateSession(String, Session, HttpServletRequest)

Validate the passed session This method can also be used to implement any security checks or other checks such as if undesirables are accessing the site - such as SPAMMERS

verboseError(String)

Method, which displays verbose error, messages to user if debug is turned

Variables

defaultPdaPage

public static final java.lang.String defaultPdaPage

verboseErrors

protected boolean verboseErrors

Constructors

→ CommonApplicationInterface

public CommonApplicationInterface() throws RemoteException

# Methods

#### accessDenied

HttpServletResponse resp)

Called when a received request does not contain a valid session id. The application should return an error/warning document to the user. If the error occurred during a normal operation (i.e. other than Logging in or Logging out) it was more than likely due to the session having expired. In this case just bring up the login screen.

#### Parameters:

operation - The operation which was being attempted.

req - The original HTTP request.

resp - The HTTP response

#### Overrides:

accessDenied in class ApplicationInterface

## •addBannerToken

protected void addBannerToken(Hashtable tokens)

Add the banner text to the token table

#### Parameters:

tokens - the token table

#### •checkAccess

public boolean checkAccess(HttpServletRequest req)

Implementation of ApplicationInterface::checkAccess(). Check the HTTP request data and decide if access should be allowed. We check to see if the IP Address is locked out.

#### Parameters:

req - The original HTTP request data.

#### Returns:

An indication if access is to be granted

## Overrides:

checkAccess in class ApplicationInterface

## •checkPrivacyAccess

public short checkPrivacyAccess (DatabaseConnection2 jdbc,

long userId,
long cardId,
Hashtable cardRow)

## •db error

```
A database error has occurred
       Overrides:
       db error in class ApplicationInterface
db error
public void db error(HttpServletRequest req,
                        HttpServletResponse resp,
                        String msg)
       A database error has occurred
       Overrides:
       db error in class ApplicationInterface
• destroy
protected void destroy()
       Brush teeth before going to bed.
       Overrides:
       destroy in class ApplicationInterface
•doc access error
public void doc access error (HttpServletRequest req,
                                 HttpServletResponse resp)
       A document access error has occurred
       Overrides:
       doc access error in class ApplicationInterface
• getCookie
public java.lang.String getCookie(HttpServletRequest req)
       Extract and return our cookie contents from the original HTTP request.
       The cookie used by this application holds the session id.
       Parameters:
       req - the original HTTP request.
       the session id associated with the request. If no session id is found returns
       null.
•getCookieTag
public java.lang.String getCookieTag()
•getFullPath
protected java.lang.String getFullPath(String document)
       Given an HTML document name determine if a full path was specified. If
       not tack getProperty("ecardfile.html.base") on to the front of the
       document
       Parameters:
       document - the filename of the HTML document to be sent
       Returns:
      full URL of document
```

# •getOperation

public java.lang.String getOperation (HttpServletRequest req)

Determine the type of operation to be invoked by the request. Note that session creation and session destruction requests are indicated by the operation strings defined by RequestHandler.CREATE and RequestHandler.DESTROY respectively.

Parameters:

req - The HTTP request.

Returns:

A string describing the operation to carry out.

Overrides:

getOperation in class ApplicationInterface

#### egetPassword

public java.lang.String getPassword(HttpServletRequest req)

Get a string representing the user's password

#### Parameters:

req - The original HTTP request data.

#### Returns:

A string containing the password or null if the password tag isn't found in the HTTP request.

#### Overrides:

getPassword in class ApplicationInterface

# •getServletImgBtnParameter

public java.lang.String
getServletImgBtnParameter(HttpServletRequest req) throws
ServletException, IOException

#### •getSessionId

public java.lang.String getSessionId(HttpServletRequest req)
throws ServletException, IOException

Extract and return the session id from the original HTTP request.

#### Parameters:

req - the original HTTP request.

#### Returns:

the session id associated with the request. If no session id is found returns null

Throws: ServletException Throws: IOException

#### Overrides:

getSessionId in class ApplicationInterface

#### •getUserId

public java.lang.String getUserId(HttpServletRequest req)

Get a string representing the user identification

#### Parameters:

reg - The original HTTP request data.

#### Returns:

A string containing the user id or null if the user id tag isn't found in the HTTP request.

#### Overrides:

getUserId in class ApplicationInterface

#### • hiddenField

protected java.lang.String hiddenField(String name,

String value)

Return a string of HTML specifying a hidden field.

#### Parameters:

name - NAME of the hidden field

value - VALUE of the hidden field

#### Returns:

HTML string as described above.

#### • init

public void init(ApplServlet servlet,

String managerName,

String rmiHost) throws ServletException,

IOException

Used to initialize the application specific class, which implements this interface. The servlet configuration is passed in so that the servlet environment is available to the application code.

#### Parameters:

applServlet - The Servlet instance which owns this ApplicationInterface instance.

Throws: ServletException

#### Overrides:

init in class ApplicationInterface

#### •io error

An io exception has occurred

#### Overrides:

io error in class ApplicationInterface

#### •isLoggedIn

protected boolean isLoggedIn(String sessionId,

Session session) throws

SessionAccessException, IOException

Called to check if a user is logged in

#### Parameters:

sessionId - The Id of the current session

```
session - The current session
       Returns:
       True if the user is currently logged in
•nfe error
public void nfe_error(HttpServletRequest req,
                         HttpServletResponse resp)
       A NumberFormatException has occurred
       Overrides:
       nfe error in class ApplicationInterface
•nfe error
public void nfe_error(HttpServletRequest reg,
                         HttpServletResponse resp,
                         String msg)
       A NumberFormatException has occurred
       Overrides:
       nfe error in class ApplicationInterface
•nse error
public void nse_error(HttpServletRequest req,
                         HttpServletResponse resp)
       A non-serializable exception has occurred
       Overrides:
       nse error in class ApplicationInterface
•operationRequiresLogin
protected boolean operationRequiresLogin(String operation)
       Called to check if a specified operation requires user login.
       Parameters:
       operation - The operation which was being attempted.
       Returns:
       True if the operation requires login, false otherwise
•re_error
public void re_error(HttpServletRequest req,
                        HttpServletResponse resp)
       A Remote Exception has occurred
       Overrides:
       re error in class ApplicationInterface
•sae error
public void sae error (HttpServletRequest reg,
                         HttpServletResponse resp)
       A Session Access Exception has occurred
       Overrides:
       sae error in class ApplicationInterface
•sendDocument
```

public void sendDocument (String document,

HttpServletResponse resp)

Send an HTML document to the user replacing the predefined character sequences with their associated values.

#### Parameters:

document - the file name of the HTML document to be sent. All documents are accessed relative to our ecardfile.html.base property resp - provides methods to respond to the original HTTP request.

## •sendError

public void sendError(String format,

String msg1, String msg2,

HttpServletResponse resp)

#### • sendError

public void sendError(Hashtable tokens,

String format, String msg1, String msg2,

HttpServletResponse resp)

#### • sendError

public void sendError(Hashtable tokens,

String msg1, String msg2,

HttpServletResponse resp)

#### • sendError

public void sendError(HttpServletRequest reg,

String msg1, String msg2,

HttpServletResponse resp)

General error handling routine.

#### Overrides:

sendError in class ApplicationInterface

## •sendLoginScreen

protected void sendLoginScreen(HttpServletRequest req,

HttpServletResponse resp,

String format) throws IOException

#### • sendLoginScreen

protected void sendLoginScreen(HttpServletRequest req,

HttpServletResponse resp,

String format,

Hashtable initTokens) throws

#### IOException

#### •sendMessage

#### sendMessage

#### sendMessage

#### •sendParseDocument

#### •sendParseDocument

Send an HTML document to the user replacing the predefined character sequences with their associated values.

#### Parameters.

tokenTable - the tokens and values to be replaced in the document document - the file name of the HTML document to be sent. All documents are accessed relative to our ecardfile.html.base property session.

resp - provides methods to respond to the original HTTP request.

#### •sendParseTextFile

public void sendParseTextFile(String contentType,
String fileName,
Hashtable tokenTable,
String document,
String format,

HttpServletResponse resp)

#### •sendParseTextFile

#### • sendParseTextFile

public void sendParseTextFile(Hashtable tokenTable,

String document, String format, HttpServletResponse resp)

Send a text file to the user replacing the predefined character sequences with their associated values.

#### Parameters:

contentType - The content type of the text file tokenTable - the tokens and values to be replaced in the document document - the file name of the HTML document to be sent. All documents are accessed relative to our ecardfile.html.base property session.

format - the type of file to send, html or wml resp - provides methods to respond to the original HTTP request.

## •sendSearchScreen

#### • sendSearchScreen

IOException

#### • sendSearchScreen

protected void sendSearchScreen(HttpServletRequest req,
HttpServletResponse resp,
String format,
Hashtable initTokens) throws

IOException

#### sessionFailure

public boolean sessionFailure(String sessionId,

HttpServletRequest req)

Implementation of ApplicationInterface:sessionFailure Notify the application that an attempt to access a session using sessionId failed. This could be due to a bogus sessionId or an expired session. We keep track of the failures per IP Address so that they can be checked in checkAccess()

#### Parameters:

req - The original HTTP request data.

sessionId - The session id string for the current session.

#### Returns

If true a new session will be created

#### Overrides:

sessionFailure in class ApplicationInterface

# •unknownOperation

An unknown operation has been requested

Overrides:

unknownOperation in class ApplicationInterface

#### •validateSession

public boolean validateSession(String sessionId,

Session session,

HttpServletRequest req) throws

Exception

Validate the passed session This method can also be used to implement any security checks or other checks such as if undesirables are accessing the site - such as SPAMMERS

#### Parameters:

session - The session to validate.

req - The original HTTP request data.

#### Returns:

An indication if the session is valid

#### Overrides:

validateSession in class ApplicationInterface

#### •verboseError

protected java.lang.String verboseError(String msg)

Method which displays verbose error messages to user if debug is turned

# Class ecardfile.appl.EcardNotifier

public class **EcardNotifier** extends Object implements Runnable

# Constructor Index

<u>recardfile.appl.EcardNotifier</u>(CommonApplicationInterface, String, long, String)

# Method Index

- •interrupt()
- •run()
- •start()
- •stop()

# Constructors

→ Ecard Notifier

# Methods

•interrupt

public void interrupt() 
•run

public void run()

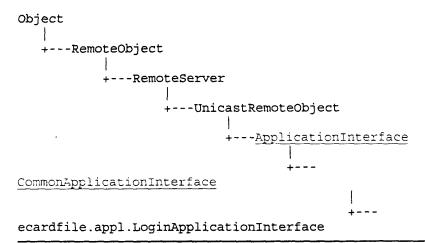
• start

public void start()

• stop

public void stop()

# Class ecardfile.appl.LoginApplicationInterface



public class LoginApplicationInterface

extends CommonApplicationInterface

implements CommonConfig

The class implements the application behavior for the LoginServlet. Many of the methods are hooks called by RequestHandler instances invoked by LoginServlet (i.e. ApplServlet).

Version:

\$Id: LoginApplicationInterface.java,v 1.23 1999/11/24 02:24:41 peter Exp

See Also:

Request Handler, LoginServlet, CommonConfig, SessionImpl

# Constructor Index

ecardfile.appl.LoginApplicationInterface()

# Method Index

•access Denied (String, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

Called when a received request does not contain a valid session id.

•authenticate User (String, String, HttpServletRequest)

Authenticate the user using a user id and password combination.

•executeOperation(String, String, Session, HttpServletRequest,

HttpServletResponse)

Called by RequestHandler to execute an application defined operation.

•getCookieTag()

Return the application specific cookie tag

init(ApplServlet, String, String)

Used to initialize the application specific class which implements this interface.

notify(SessionNotification)

Receives (asynchronous???) notifications from XXX This overrides the corresponding method in ApplicationInterface which in turn implements the method

- •<u>postAuthenticate</u>(String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)
  Post authentication functionality.
- postDestroy(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)
   Called by the RequestHandler immediately after the destruction of the session object.
- <u>preDestroy</u>(String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)
   Called by RequestHandler prior to the destruction of the session object.

# Constructors

LoginApplicationInterface

public LoginApplicationInterface() throws RemoteException

# Methods

#### •accessDenied

Called when a received request does not contain a valid session id. The application should return an error/warning document to the user. If the error occurred during a normal operation (i.e. other than Logging in or Logging out) it was more than likely due to the session having expired. In this case just bring up the login screen.

#### Parameters:

operation - The operation which was being attempted.

req - The original HTTP request.

resp - The HTTP response

#### Overrides:

accessDenied in class CommonApplicationInterface

#### •authenticateUser

public multiserv.sessionmgr.GenericSession authenticateUser(String userName, String password, HttpServletRequest req) throws RemoteException, SessionAccessException, NotSerializableException, ServletException, IOException Authenticate the user using a user id and password combination. Authentication is done against the database. This method can also be used to implement any pre-session creation functionality.

#### Parameters:

userName - The user name string. password - The user's password string. req - The original HTTP request data.

#### Returns:

A session object containing any initial session data. The returned object must be a sub-class of GenericSession. This will be used to initialize the session object in the session manager. If the authentication fails, null is returned.

Throws: RemoteException

A problem occured while trying to create the session object in the

SessionManager

Overrides:

authenticateUser in class ApplicationInterface

See Also:

UserAuth, SessionImpl

## executeOperation

public void executeOperation(String operation,

String sessionId,
Session session,
HttpServletRequest req,
HttpServletResponse resp)

Called by RequestHandler to execute an application defined operation.

Valid operations are:

Arthroscopy

Performed on Peter's knee

Operations can be specification of the OP\_TAG as a hidden field or as part of a Query String in a GET request. Alternatively, certain FORM buttons are defined to execute specific operations.

#### Parameters:

operation - Specifies the operation to perform. This should be one of the operation strings returned by getOperation.

session - An interface to the current session object.

req - The data from the original HTTP request.

resp - Provides methods for responding to the request.

#### Overrides:

executeOperation in class ApplicationInterface

#### •getCookieTag

public java.lang.String getCookieTag()

Return the application specific cookie tag

Returns:

name of the application specific cookie Overrides:

getCookieTag in class CommonApplicationInterface

#### •init

public void init (ApplServlet servlet,

String managerName,

String rmiHost) throws ServletException,

IOException

Used to initialize the application specific class which implements this interface. The servlet configuration is passed in so that the servlet environment is available to the application code.

#### Parameters:

applServlet - The Servlet instance which owns this ApplicationInterface instance.

Throws: ServletException

Overrides:

init in class CommonApplicationInterface

#### notify

public void notify(SessionNotification nofn)

Receives (asynchronous???) notifications from XXX This overrides the corresponding method in ApplicationInterface which in turn implements the method

#### Parameters:

nofn - An interface to the object carrying notification information.

#### Overrides:

notify in class ApplicationInterface

## postAuthenticate

public void postAuthenticate(String sessionId,

Session session,

HttpServletRequest req,

HttpServletResponse resp) throws

 ${\bf IOException, \ \underline{SessionAccessException, \ ServletException, \ } \\ {\bf IOException}$ 

Post authentication functionality. If the authentication had failed a screen displaying an appropriate message is displayed.

#### Overrides:

postAuthenticate in class ApplicationInterface

#### postDestroy

public void postDestroy(HttpServletRequest req,

HttpServletResponse resp)

Called by the RequestHandler immediately after the destruction of the session object. The session is finished. Display the Login screen.

## Parameters:

req - The data from the original HTTP request.

resp - Provides methods for responding to the request.

## Overrides:

postDestroy in class ApplicationInterface

# preDestroy

public void preDestroy(String sessionId,

Session session,
HttpServletRequest req,
HttpServletResponse resp)

Called by RequestHandler prior to the destruction of the session object.

## Parameters:

session - An interface to the associated session object.

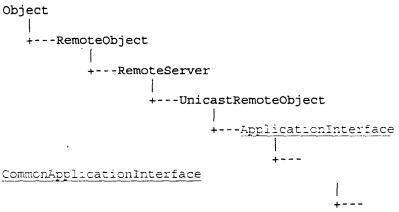
req - The data from the original HTTP request.

resp - Provides methods for responding to the request.

### Overrides:

preDestroy in class ApplicationInterface

# Class ecardfile.appl.SearchApplicationInterface



ecardfile.appl.SearchApplicationInterface

## public class SearchApplicationInterface

extends Common Application Interface

implements CommonConfig

The class implements the application behavior for the SearchServlet. Many of the methods are hooks called by RequestHandler instances invoked by SearchServlet (i.e. ApplServlet).

Version:

\$Id: SearchApplicationInterface.java,v 1.59 1999/12/03 01:10:09 peter Exp \$

See Also:

Request Handler, Search Servlet, Common Config, Session Impl

# Variable Index

- •PRIVATE\_ACCESS
- •PUBLIC ACCESS

# Constructor Index

ecardfile.appl.SearchApplicationInterface()

# Method Index

•access Denied (String, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

Called when a received request does not contain a valid session id.

•authenticate User (String, String, HttpServletRequest)

Authenticate the user using a user id and password combination.

•checkPrivacyAccess(short, Hashtable)

Checks all values in the card that is about to be displayed, if the privacy value for any value is higher than that granted by the card's owner the element is removed from the hashtable and the value is not displayed.

•destroy()

Brush teeth before going to bed.

•executeOperation(String, String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

Called by RequestHandler to execute an application defined operation.

•getCookieTag()

Return the application specific cookie tag

•getPrivacyAccess (DatabaseConnection2, long, long)

Get the privacy mask for the logged in user and the card being displayed

•getPrivacyAccess (DatabaseConnection2, long, long, Hashtable)

<u>init</u>(ApplServlet, String, String)

Used to initialize the application specific class, which implements this interface.

notify (SessionNotification)

Receives (asynchronous???) notifications from XXX This overrides the corresponding method in ApplicationInterface which in turn implements the method

- •<u>postAuthenticate</u> (String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)
  Post authentication functionality.
- postDestroy(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

Called by the RequestHandler immediately after the destruction of the session object.

<u>pre Destroy</u> (String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)
 Called by RequestHandler prior to the destruction of the session object.

Variables

• PRIVATE ACCESS

public static final short PRIVATE\_ACCESS
• PUBLIC\_ACCESS

public static final short PUBLIC\_ACCESS

# Constructors

→SearchApplicationInterface

public SearchApplicationInterface() throws RemoteException

Methods

accessDenied

#### HttpServletResponse resp)

Called when a received request does not contain a valid session id. The application should return an error/warning document to the user. If the error occured during a normal operation (i.e. other than Logging in or Logging out) it was more than likely due to the session having expired. In this case just bring up the login screen.

#### Parameters:

operation - The operation which was being attempted.

req - The original HTTP request. resp - The HTTP response

## Overrides:

accessDenied in class CommonApplicationInterface

#### •authenticateUser

public multiserv.sessionmgr.GenericSession
authenticateUser(String userName,

String password,

HttpServletRequest req) throws RemoteException, SessionAccessException, NotSerializableException, ServletException, IOException

Authenticate the user using a user id and password combination. Authentication is done against the database. This method can also be used to implement any pre-session creation functionality.

#### Parameters:

userName - The user name string. password - The user's password string. req - The original HTTP request data.

#### Returns:

A session object containing any initial session data. The returned object must be a sub-class of GenericSession. This will be used to initialize the session object in the session manager. If the authentication fails, null is returned.

Throws: RemoteException

A problem occurred while trying to create the session object in the SessionManager

#### Overrides:

authenticateUser in class ApplicationInterface

#### See Also:

UserAuth, SessionImpl

## •checkPrivacyAccess

Checks all values in the card that is about to be displayed, if the privacy value for any value is higher than that granted by the card's owner the element is removed from the hashtable and the value is not displayed.

#### Parameters:

privacyLevel - Privacy value

cardRow - Hashtable from which the elements are removed

## destroy

protected void destroy()

Brush teeth before going to bed.

Overrides:

destroy in class CommonApplicationInterface

## •executeOperation

public void executeOperation(String operation,

String sessionId,

Session session,

HttpServletRequest req,

HttpServletResponse resp)

Called by RequestHandler to execute an application defined operation.

Valid operations are:

Arthroscopy

Performed on Peter's knee

Operations can be specification of the OP\_TAG as a hidden field or as part of a Query String in a GET request. Alternatively, certain FORM buttons are defined to execute specific operations.

#### Parameters:

operation - Specifies the operation to perform. This should be one of the operation strings returned by getOperation.

session - An interface to the current session object.

req - The data from the original HTTP request.

resp - Provides methods for responding to the request.

#### Overrides:

executeOperation in class ApplicationInterface

## ● getCookieTag

public java.lang.String getCookieTag()

Return the application specific cookie tag

#### Returns:

name of the application specific cookie

#### Overrides:

getCookieTag in class CommonApplicationInterface

#### •getPrivacyAccess

long cardId)

Get the privacy mask for the logged in user and the card being displayed Parameters:

idbc - An open database connection

loginId - user id of currently logged in user (0 if not logged in)

cardId - user id of the card details being checked

card - Card to add mask and privacy row id if required

## getPrivacyAccess

public void getPrivacyAccess(DatabaseConnection1 jdbc,

long loginId,
long cardId,
Hashtable card)

#### • init

public void init (ApplServlet servlet,

String managerName,

String rmiHost) throws ServletException,

#### IOException

Used to initialize the application specific class, which implements this interface. The servlet configuration is passed in so that the servlet environment is available to the application code.

#### Parameters:

applServlet - The Servlet instance which owns this ApplicationInterface instance.

Throws: ServletException

#### Overrides:

init in class CommonApplicationInterface

## notify

public void notify(SessionNotification nofn)

Receives (asynchronous???) notifications from XXX This overrides the corresponding method in ApplicationInterface which in turn implements the method

#### Parameters:

nofn - An interface to the object carrying notification information.

#### Overrides:

notify in class ApplicationInterface

## postAuthenticate

public void postAuthenticate(String sessionId,

Session session,

HttpServletRequest req,

HttpServletResponse resp) throws

IOException, SessionAccessException, ServletException

Post authentication functionality. If the authentication had failed a screen displaying an appropriate message is displayed.

#### Overrides:

postAuthenticate in class ApplicationInterface

## postDestroy

Called by the RequestHandler immediately after the destruction of the session object. The session is finished. Display the Login screen.

#### Parameters:

req - The data from the original HTTP request.

resp - Provides methods for responding to the request.

#### Overrides:

postDestroy in class ApplicationInterface

## •preDestroy

public void preDestroy(String sessionId,

Session session,

HttpServletRequest req,

HttpServletResponse resp)

Called by RequestHandler prior to the destruction of the session object.

#### Parameters:

session - An interface to the associated session object.

req - The data from the original HTTP request.

resp - Provides methods for responding to the request.

## Overrides:

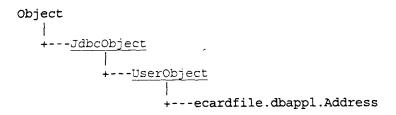
preDestroy in class ApplicationInterface

# package ecardfile.dbappl

# Class Index

- Address
- Banner
- BannerCache
- DatabaseConnection2
- Email
- <u>InactiveAddress</u>
- InactiveDatabaseConnection
- InactiveEmail
- InactivePhone
- InactiveUser
- LockedIP
- Lookup
- LookupCache
- PersonalList
- Phone
- PrivateList
- User
- <u>UserInfo</u>.
- UserObject
- WhereAml

# Class ecardfile.dbappl.Address

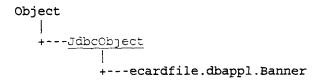


public class Address extends UserObject

# CONSTRUCTOR INDEX ecardfile.dbappl.Address(Connection) CONSTRUCTORS

public Address(Connection connect) throws JdbcException

# Class ecardfile.dbappl.Banner

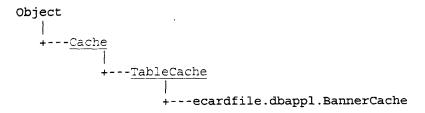


public class Banner extends JdbcObject

# Constructor Index ecardfile.dbappl.Banner(Connection) Constructors

public Banner(Connection connect) throws JdbcException

# Class ecardfile.dbappl.BannerCache



public class BannerCache extends <u>TableCache</u>
Cache of the Banner table
See Also:

**TableCache** 

# Constructor Index

-ecardfile.dbappl.BannerCache()

Shouldn't use this constructor

ecardfile.dbappl.BannerCache (JdbcConnectionBroker2, long)

# Method Index

•getIdbcObject(Connection)

This method should be defined in the sub class.

•getRandomAd()

Get a random Banner ad.

•populate()

The database table is populated by using a JDBC object created by getIdbcObject.

# Constructors

BannerCache

public BannerCache()

Shouldn't use this constructor

→BannerCache

Parameters:

connMgr - - The JDBC Connection manager secs - - The cache is repopulated every sex seconds

# Methods

# ●getJdbcObject

protected multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcObject getJdbcObject(Connection
connect) throws JdbcException

This method should be defined in the sub class.

Overrides:

getIdbcObject in class TableCache

# •getRandomAd

public java.lang.String getRandomAd()

Get a random Banner ad. Basically it just returns an HTML String by using a random key into the banner table cache.

Returns:

String of HTML which can display an ad banner

See Also:

populate

## populate

public void populate()

The database table is populated by using a JDBC object created by getJdbcObject. We key a vector of keys locally. As records get added/deleted from the table the set of Ids will change. To retrieve random ads we randomly index into out local set of keys and use that key to pull an add from the cache.

Overrides:

populate in class TableCache

# Class ecardfile.dbappl.DatabaseConnection2

Object ---JdbcConnection +---ecardfile.dbappl.DatabaseConnection2

public class DatabaseConnection2 extends IdbcConnection

# Variable Index DEBUG CONSTRUCTOR INDEX

-ecardfile.dbappl.DatabaseConnection2()

Only to be used for JdbcConnectionBroker/JdbcConnectionFactory ecardfile.dbappl.DatabaseConnection2(String, String, String)

# ethod Index

- •Banner()
- •Email()
- •Initialize()
- •LockedIP()
- •Lookup()
- •PersonalList()
- •Phone()
- •PrivateList()
- •User()
- •Where AmI ()
- •close()
- •getInstance(String, String, String)
- •main(String[])

# Variables

DEBUG

public static boolean DEBUG

# Constructors

→DatabaseConnection2

public DatabaseConnection2()
 Only to be used for JdbcConnectionBroker/JdbcConnectionFactory

#### **②**DatabaseConnection2

public DatabaseConnection2(String URL,

String username,

String password) throws JdbcException

# Methods

Address

public ecardfile.dbappl.Address Address() throws <a href="mailto:dbappl.Address">dbappl.Address</a> () throws <a href="m

public ecardfile.dbappl.Banner Banner() throws JdbcException 

Email

public ecardfile.dbappl.Email Email() throws JdbcException
• Initialize

public void Initialize() throws JdbcException

#### Overrides:

Initialize in class IdbcConnection

LockedIP

public ecardfile.dbappl.LockedIP LockedIP() throws JdbcException
 Lookup

public ecardfile.dbappl.Lookup Lookup() throws JabaException

PersonalList

public ecardfile.dbappl.PersonalList PersonalList() throws JdbcException

Phone

public ecardfile.dbappl.Phone Phone() throws JdbcException
• PrivateList

public ecardfile.dbappl.PrivateList PrivateList() throws JdbcException

•User

public void close() throws SQLException

# Overrides:

close in class JdbcConnection

# •getInstance

 $\label{lem:public multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcConnection getInstance(String URL, \\ String$ 

username,

String

password) throws JdbcException

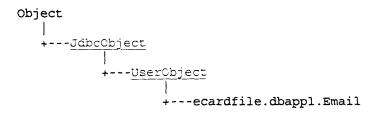
Overrides:

getInstance in class JdbcConnection

• main

public static void main(String[] args)

### Class ecardfile.dbappl.Email



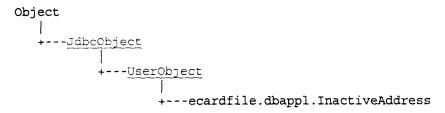
public class Email extends <u>UserObject</u>

# Constructor Index ecardfile.dbappl.Email(Connection) Constructors

€ Email

public Email(Connection connect) throws JdbcException

### Class ecardfile.dbappl.InactiveAddress



public class InactiveAddress extends <u>UserObject</u>

# Constructor Index ecardfile.dbappl.InactiveAddress(Connection) Constructors

public InactiveAddress(Connection connect) throws JdbcException

### Class

### ecardfile.dbappl.lnactiveDatabaseConnection

Object +---ecardfile.dbappl.InactiveDatabaseConnection

public class Inactive Database Connection extends Object

### Variable Index

# CONSTRUCTOR INDEX

ecardfile.dbappl.InactiveDatabaseConnection(Connection)

### Nethod Index

- Inactive Address ()
- •InactiveEmail()
- •InactivePhone()
- •InactiveUser()

### Variables

DEBUG

public static boolean DEBUG

### Constructors

**☑** Inactive Database Connection

public InactiveDatabaseConnection(Connection conn)

### Methods

● Inactive Address

public ecardfile.dbappl.InactiveAddress InactiveAddress() throws JdbcException

InactiveEmail

public ecardfile.dbappl.InactiveEmail InactiveEmail() throws JdbcException

● Inactive Phone

public ecardfile.dbappl.InactivePhone InactivePhone() throws JdbcException
•InactiveUser

public ecardfile.dbappl.InactiveUser InactiveUser() throws JdbcException

### Class ecardfile.dbappl.InactiveEmail

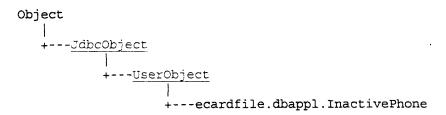
public class InactiveEmail extends <u>UserObject</u>

Constructor Index
ecardfile.dbappl.InactiveEmail(Connection)
Constructors

✓ Inactive Email

public InactiveEmail(Connection connect) throws JdbcException

### Class ecardfile.dbappl.InactivePhone



public class InactivePhone extends UserObject

## Constructor Index ecardfile.dbappl.InactivePhone(Connection) CONSFINCTORS

→InactivePhone

public InactivePhone(Connection connect) throws JdbcException

### Class ecardfile.dbappl.lnactiveUser

Object +---JdbcObject +---ecardfile.dbappl.InactiveUser

public class InactiveUser extends IdbcObject

### Constructor Index

# ecardfile.dbappl.InactiveUser(Connection) Method Index

- Delete (Inactive Database Connection, long)
- Get(String)
- •Get(String, String)
- •Insert(InactiveDatabaseConnection, String[], Vector, Vector, Vector)
- •Update (Inactive Database Connection, String[], Vector, Vector, Vector)

### nstructors

**⁴**InactiveUser

public InactiveUser(Connection connect) throws JdbcException

### lethods

Delete

public int Delete(InactiveDatabaseConnection database, long userId) throws JdbcException

● Get

public java.util.Hashtable Get(String szECardId) throws JdbcException

● Get

public java.util.Hashtable Get(String szECardId, String szSessionId) throws

JdbcException

Insert

public long Insert (InactiveDatabaseConnection database, String[] userRow,

Vector addressRows,
Vector phoneRows,
Vector emailRows) throws JdbcException

### Update

public long Update(InactiveDatabaseConnection database,

String[] userRow, Vector addressRows, Vector phoneRows,

Vector emailRows) throws <a href="JdbcException">JdbcException</a>

### Ciass ecardfile.dbappi.LockedIP

```
Object
   +---JdbcCbject
           +---ecardfile.dbappl.LockedIP
```

public class LockedIP extends IdbcObject

Variable Index •psAll Constructor Index

ecardfile.dbappl.LockedIP(Connection) · Method Index

Variables

protected java.sql.PreparedStatement psAll

Constructors

*■***LockedIP** 

public LockedIP(Connection connect) throws <a href="JdbcException">JdbcException</a>

Methods

QueryAll

public java.util.Vector QueryAll() throws JdbcException Overrides:

QueryAll in class IdbcObject

### Class ecardfile.dbappl.Lookup

Object +---JdbcObject +---ecardfile.dbappl.Lookup

public class Lookup extends IdbcObject

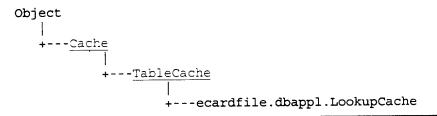
## Constructor Index

ecardfile.dbappl.Lookup(Connection)

Constructors

public Lookup(Connection connect) throws JdbcException

### Class ecardfile.dbappl.LookupCache



public class LookupCache extends <u>TableCache</u>
Cache of the Lookup table
See Also:

**TableCache** 

### Variable Index

- •ADDRESS
- •EMAIL
- •PHONE
- •USERINFO

### CONSTRUCTOR INDEX

ecardfile.dbappl.LookupCache()

Shouldn't use this constructor

ecardfile.dbappl.LookupCache(JdbcConnectionBroker2, long)

### Method Index

•addLookupTokens(Short, Hashtable)

Put the Lookup tokens in the token Hashtable

•addVcardTokens(Short, Hashtable)

Put the Vcard tokens in the token Hashtable

•getIdbcObject(Connection)

This method should be defined in the sub class.

•populate()

The database table is populated by using a JDBC object created by getJdbcObject.

•replaceLookupTokens(Short, String, int, Hashtable)

Replace the Lookup tokens in the token Hashtable

•replaceVcardTokens(Short, String, int, Hashtable)

Replace the Vcard tokens in the token Hashtable

## Variables

public static final java.lang.Short EMAIL
•PHONE

public static final java.lang.Short PHONE
•USERINFO

public static final java.lang.Short USERINFO

### Constructors

**→** LookupCache

public LookupCache()
Shouldn't use this constructor

→LookupCache

#### Parameters:

connMgr - - The JDBC Connection manager secs - - The cache is repopulated every secs seconds

### Methods

addLookupTokens

Put the Lookup tokens in the token Hashtable

•addVcardTokens

Put the Vcard tokens in the token Hashtable

•getJdbcObject

protected multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcObject getJdbcObject(Connection
connect) throws JdbcException

This method should be defined in the sub class.

Overrides:

getIdbcObject in class TableCache

populate

public void populate() '

The database table is populated by using a JDBC object created by getJdbcObject. We call populate from the super class then keep the data in an optimized form for local use. The form is as for a token table of the types.

Overrides:

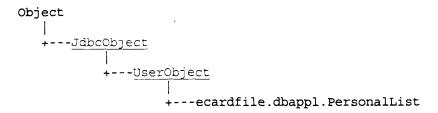
populate in class TableCache

### replaceLookupTokens

Replace the Lookup tokens in the token Hashtable •replace VcardTokens

public void replaceVcardTokens(Short category,
String prefix,
int allocatedRows,
Hashtable tokens)
Replace the Vcard tokens in the token Hashtable

### Class ecardfile.dbappl.PersonalList



public class PersonalList extends UserObject

### Constructor Index

# ecardfile.dbappl.PersonalList(Connection) Method Index

- Delete (DatabaseConnection2, long, long)
- Delete By Card Id (Database Connection 2, long)

Note: Transaction should be setup around this method

•DeleteByUserId(DatabaseConnection2, long)

Note: Transaction should be setup around this method

- •Insert(DatabaseConnection2, long, long, long, short)
- •IsCardThere (long, long)
- Query Contains Card (long)
- QueryJoinByUserId(long)
- •QueryJoinByUserIdName(long, char)

### constructors

→PersonalList

public PersonalList(Connection connect) throws JdbcException

### Nethods

Delete

public int Delete(DatabaseConnection2 jdbc,

long personalListId,

long privateListId) throws JdbcException

DeleteByCardId

public int DeleteByCardId(DatabaseConnection2 jdbc, long cardId) throws JdbcException

### Note: Transaction should be setup around this method • DeleteByUserId

Note: Transaction should be setup around this method

#### Insert

public long Insert(DatabaseConnection1 jdbc,

long listId, long userId, long cardId,

short mask) throws JdbcException

#### IsCardThere

public boolean IsCardThere(long userId,

long cardId) throws JdbcException

### QueryContainsCard

public java.util.Vector QueryContainsCard(long cardId) throws JdbcException

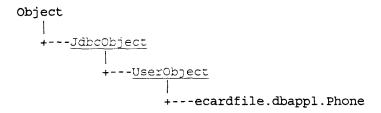
### QueryJoinByUserId

public java.util.Vector QueryJoinByUserId(long userId) throws JdbcException

### QueryJoinByUserIdName

throws JdbcException

### Class ecardfile.dbappl.Phone



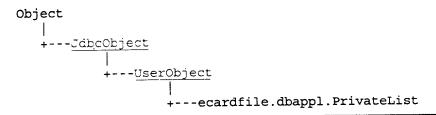
public class Phone extends <u>UserObject</u>

# CONSTRUCTOR INDEX ecardfile.dbappl.Phone (Connection) CONSTRUCTORS

**→** Phone

public Phone (Connection connect) throws JdbcException

### Class ecardfile.dbappl.PrivateList



public class PrivateList extends <u>UserObject</u>

### Constructor Index

# ecardfile.dbappl.PrivateList(Connection) Method Index

- DeleteByCardId(long)
- Get(long, long)
- UpdateMask(long, short)

### onstructors

→ PrivateList

public PrivateList(Connection connect) throws JdbcException

● DeleteByCardId

public long DeleteByCardId(long cardId) throws JdbcException ● Get

public java.util.Hashtable Get(long loginId, long cardId) throws JdbcException

● UpdateMask

public long UpdateMask(long privateListId, short mask) throws JdbcException

### Class ecardfile.dbappl.User

Object
|
+---JdbcObject
|
+---ecardfile.dbappl.User

public class User extends IdbcObject

### Constructor Index

ecardfile.dbappl.User(Connection)

### Method Index

- ConfirmUser(String, String)
- Delete (DatabaseConnection2, long)
- Get(String)
- •GetForLogin(String, String)
- •Insert(DatabaseConnection2, String[], Vector, Vector, Vector)
- •QueryByFirstLastName(String, String)
- •QueryByFirstLastNameSoundEx(String, String)
- •Update (DatabaseConnection2, String[], Vector, Vector, Vector)

### Constructors

**⊌**User

public User(Connection connect) throws JdbcException

### Methods

ConfirmUser

Delete

● Get

public java.util.Hashtable Get(String szECardId) throws JdbcException

● GetForLogin

### JdbcException

#### Insert

public long Insert(DatabaseConnection2 database,

String[] userRow, Vector addressRows, Vector phoneRows,

Vector emailRows) throws IdbcException

### QueryByFirstLastName

throws JabcException

### QueryByFirstLastNameSoundEx

public java.util.Vector QueryByFirstLastNameSoundEx(String szFirstName,

String

szLastName) throws JdbcException

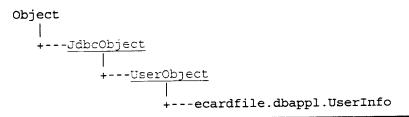
#### Update

public long Update(DatabaseConnection2 database,

String[] userRow, Vector addressRows, Vector phoneRows,

Vector emailRows) throws JdbcException

### Class ecardfile.dbappl.UserInfo



public class UserInfo extends UserObject

### Constructor Index

# ecardfile.dbappl.UserInfo(Connection) Method Index

- QueryByCategory (long, short)Update (long, Vector)

### Constructors

**UserInfo**

public UserInfo(Connection connect) throws JdbcException

### Methods

QueryByCategory

public java.util.Vector QueryByCategory(long cardId, short category) throws

JdbcException

Update

public long Update(long userId, Vector rows) throws JabcException

### Class ecardfile.dbappl.UserObject

```
Object
   +---JabcObject
           +---ecardfile.dbappl.UserObject
```

public class UserObject extends IdbcObject

### Constructor Index

# ecardfile.dbappl.UserObject(Connection, String, String[], int[], int[]) Method Index

- •DeleteByUserId(long)
- •Insert(long, String[])
- QueryByUserId(int)
- QueryByUserId(long)
- Update (long, String[])

### constructors

→ UserObject

public UserObject(Connection connect, String table, String[] columnNames, int columnLength, int columnTypes) throws JdbcException

### Methods

● DeleteByUserId

public long DeleteByUserId(long userId) throws JabaExamption Insert

public long Insert(long userId,

String[] row) throws JdbcException

QueryByUserId

public java.util.Vector QueryByUserId(int userId) throws JdbcException

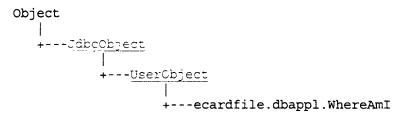
QueryByUserId

Update

Overrides:

<u>Update</u> in class <u>JdbcObject</u>

### Class ecardfile.dbappl.WhereAml



public class WhereAmI extends UserObject

### Constructor Index

ecardfile.dbappl.WhereAmI (Connection)

### Method Index

- •Get With Date (long)
- •QueryByExpiry(long, String)
- <u>Update</u> (long, String □)

### Constructors

public WhereAmI(Connection connect) throws JdbcException

GetWithDate

public java.util.Hashtable GetWithDate(long cardId) throws JdbcException

QueryByExpiry

public java.util.Vector QueryByExpiry(long cardId, String expDate) throws JdpcException

Update

public long Update(long userId,

String[] row) throws JdbcException

Overrides:

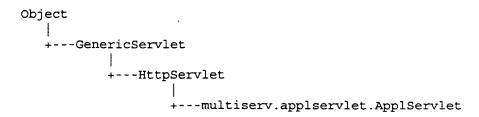
Update in class UserObject

### package multiserv.applservlet

### Class Index

- ApplServlet
- ApplicationInterface
- RequestHandler
- <u>SessionTable</u>

### Class multiserv.applservlet.ApplServlet



public class ApplServlet

extends HttpServlet

The base class for all Servlets which use the Multi Server/Multi Servlet environment. Application servlets should extend this class.

For most cases, only the getApplicationInterface() needs to be overridden so that it returns the appropriate application specific implementation of ApplicationInterface.

### Constructor Index

-multiserv.applservlet.ApplServlet()

### Method Index

- •decrCurrentCount()
- •destroy()
- •doGet(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

Overrides the doGet method provided by the HttpServlet superclass.

•doPost(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

Overrides the doPost method provided by the HttpServlet superclass.

•getApplicationInterface()

Defines a method which returns an instance of ApplicationInterface.

- •getProperty (String)
- •getSessionMgr()
- •incrCurrentCount()
- init(ServletConfig)

Called when the servlet first gets loaded.

- •log(String)
- •setSessionMgrState(int)
- trace (String)

### Constructors

→ApplServlet

```
public ApplServlet()
Methods
decrCurrentCount
public synchronized void decrCurrentCount()
destroy
public void destroy()
      Overrides:
      destroy in class GenericServlet
doGet
public void doGet (HttpServletRequest req,
                    HttpServletResponse resp) throws
ServletException, IOException
       Overrides the doGet method provided by the HttpServlet superclass. The
      service() method of HtpServlet handles the setup and dispatching to all
       doXXX() methods, which is why it usually should not be overridden.
       Parameters:
      req - The HTTP server request data.
      resp - Provides methods to respond to the request.
       Throws: ServletException
      a problem occurred during the processing of the request.
      Throws: IOException
      an I/O problem was encountered.
      Overrides:
      doGet in class HttpServlet
      See Also:
      doPost
•doPost
public void doPost(HttpServletRequest req,
                     HttpServletResponse resp) throws
ServletException, IOException
      Overrides the doPost method provided by the HttpServlet superclass. The
      service() method of HtpServlet handles the setup and dispatching to all
      doXXX() methods, which is why it usually should not be overridden.
      Parameters:
      req - The HTTP server request data.
       resp - Provides methods to respond to the request.
       Throws: ServletException
      a problem occurred during the processing of the request.
       Throws: IOException
      an I/O problem was encountered.
```

Overrides:

doPost in class HttpServlet **See Also:** doGet

### getApplicationInterface

public multiserv.applservlet.ApplicationInterface
getApplicationInterface()

Defines a method which returns an instance of ApplicationInterface. This must be overridden in a subclass to provide an instance of a class which implements the methods defined in ApplicationInterface.

### getProperty

public java.lang.String getProperty(String propName)

### •getSessionMgr

public synchronized multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMgr
getSessionMgr() throws NotBoundException, RemoteException,
MalformedURLException

#### •incrCurrentCount

public synchronized void incrCurrentCount()

#### •init

public void init(ServletConfig config) throws ServletException Called when the servlet first gets loaded. Do servlet initialization here. This specializes the init() method in GenericServlet.

#### Parameters:

config - servlet configuration information.

Throws: ServletException

a problem occurred during the initialization of the servlet.

#### Overrides:

init in class GenericServlet

### •log

public void log(String msg)

#### Overrides:

log in class GenericServlet

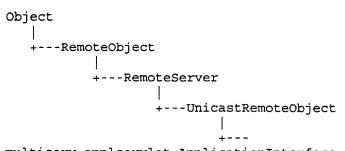
### esetSessionMgrState

public synchronized void setSessionMgrState(int newState)

#### • trace

public void trace(String msg)

### Class multiserv.applservlet.ApplicationInterface



multiserv.applservlet.ApplicationInterface

public abstract class ApplicationInterface

extends UnicastRemoteObject

implements SessionObserver

Encapsulates the application dependent operations which are invoked from the RequestHandler class.

### Constructor Index

-multiserv.applservlet.ApplicationInterface()

### Method Index

•accessDenied(String, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

Called when a received request does not contain a valid session id.

•authenticate User (String, String, HttpServletRequest)

Authenticate the user using a user id and password combination.

<u>chainRequest(String, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)</u>

Method to forward a URL to another servlet.

•<u>checkAccess</u>(HttpServletRequest)

Check the HTTP request data and decide if access should be allowed.

•db error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

A database error has occurred

•db error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String)

A database error has occurred

•destroy()

Hook to get the ApplicationInterface to brush its teeth before going to bed

•doc access error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

A document access error has occurred

•executeOperation(String, String, Session, HttpServletRequest,

HttpServletResponse)

Called by RequestHandler to execute an application defined operation.

•getOperation(HttpServletRequest)

Determine the type of operation to be invoked by the request.

•getPassword(HttpServletRequest)

Get a string representing the user's password

getProperty(String)

•getServletParameter(HttpServletRequest, String)

Convenience method to extract a parameter from a HttpServletRequest.

•getServletParameterValues(HttpServletRequest, String)

Convenience method to a multi value parameter from a HttpServletRequest.

•getSessionId(HttpServletRequest)

Extract and return the session id from the original HTTP request.

•getTimeZone()

•<u>getUserId</u>(HttpServletRequest)

Get a string representing the user identification

<u>init</u>(ApplServlet, String, String)

Used to initialize the application specific class which implements this interface.

•<u>io\_error</u>(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

An io exception has occurred

•log(String)

•nfe error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

A NumberFormatException has occurred

•nfe error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String)

A NumberFormatException has occurred

<u>notify</u> (SessionNotification)

Override this method to be receive notifications from the Session Manager.

•<u>nse\_error</u>(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

A non serializable exception has occurred.

•<u>postAuthenticate</u> (String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)
Post authentication functionality.

•postDestroy(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

Called by the RequestHandler immediately after the destruction of the session object.

•preDestroy(String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

Called by RequestHandler prior to the destruction of the session object.

•re\_error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

A Remote Exception has occurred

•<u>sae\_error</u>(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

A Session Access Exception has occurred

•<u>sendError</u>(HttpServletRequest, String, String, HttpServletResponse)

General error handling routine.

•sessionFailure (String, HttpServletRequest)

Notify the application that an attempt to access a session using sessionId failed.

trace (String)

•unknownOperation(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

An unknown operation has been requested

•validateSession(String, Session, HttpServletRequest)

Validate the passed session This method can also be used to implement any security checks or other checks such as if undesirables are accessing the site - such as SPAMMERS

### CONSTRUCTORS

→ ApplicationInterface

public ApplicationInterface() throws RemoteException

### Methods

#### accessDenied

public abstract void accessDenied(String operation,

HttpServletRequest req,
HttpServletResponse resp)

Called when a received request does not contain a valid session id. The application should return an error/warning document to the user.

#### Parameters:

operation - the operation being performed req - the original HTTP request.

resp - provides methods to respond to the HTTP server.

format - the http format to reply in

#### •authenticateUser

public abstract multiserv.sessionmgr.GenericSession
authenticateUser(String userId,

String password,

HttpServletRequest req) throws Exception

Authenticate the user using a user id and password combination. This method can also be used to implement any pre-session creation functionality.

#### Parameters:

userId - The user id string.

password - The user's password string.

req - The original HTTP request data.

#### Returns:

A session object containing any initial session data. The returned object must be a sub-class of GenericSession. This will be used to initialize the session object in the session manager. If the authentication fails, null is returned.

### •chainRequest

```
public void chainRequest(String servletUrl,
                             HttpServletRequest req,
                             HttpServletResponse resp) throws
ServletException, IOException
       Method to forward a URL to another servlet. This is kept as infrastructure
       so that it is easily changed to the most correct way of doing this.
       Parameters:
       servletUrl - The Servlet URL to which this request should be chained
       req - The HTTP request from the current servlet which is being forwarded
       resp - provides methods to respond to the HTTP server.
       Throws: ServletException
       Throws: IOException
       See Also:
       getServletParameter
checkAccess
public abstract boolean checkAccess(HttpServletRequest req)
throws Exception
       Check the HTTP request data and decide if access should be allowed. An
       application might want to check the IP address or other paramters in the
       request.
       Parameters:
       req - The original HTTP request data.
       Returns:
       An indication if access is to be granted
•db error
public abstract void db error(HttpServletRequest req,
                                  HttpServletResponse resp)
       A database error has occurred
       Parameters:
       format - the predefined format to reply in
       resp - The HTTP response
db error
public abstract void db_error(HttpServletRequest req,
                                  HttpServletResponse resp,
                                   String msg)
       A database error has occurred
       Parameters:
       format - the predefined format to reply in
       resp - The HTTP response
• destroy
protected abstract void destroy()
```

Hook to get the ApplicationInterface to brush its teeth before going to bed.

#### •doc access error

A document access error has occurred

#### Parameters:

format - the predefined format to reply in resp - The HTTP response

### •executeOperation

public abstract void executeOperation(String operation,

String sessionId,
Session session,
HttpServletRequest req,
HttpServletResponse resp)

Called by RequestHandler to execute an application defined operation.

#### Parameters:

operation - Specifies the operation to perform. This should be one of the operation strings returned by getOperation.

session - An interface to the current session object.

sessionId - The session id string for the current session.

req - The data from the original HTTP request.

resp - Provides methods for responding to the request.

### •getOperation

public abstract java.lang.String getOperation(HttpServletRequest req)

Determine the type of operation to be invoked by the request. Note that session creation and session destruction requests are indicated by the operation strings defined by RequestHandler.CREATE and RequestHandler.DESTROY respectively.

#### Parameters:

req - The HTTP request.

#### Returns:

A string describing the operation to carry out.

### •getPassword

public abstract java.lang.String getPassword(HttpServletRequest req)

Get a string representing the user's password

#### Parameters:

req - The original HTTP request data.

#### Returns:

A string containing the password.

### •getProperty

public java.lang.String getServletParameter(HttpServletRequest req,

String parmName)

throws ServletException, IOException

Convenience method to extract a parameter from a HttpServletRequest. The method first checks to see if the parameter came from another servlet by trying to extract from the request using getAttribute(). If this fails it uses getParameter to extract the parameter. This order of checking means that a calling servlet can override parameters.

#### Parameters:

req - The HTTP request

parmName - The name of the parameter to extract

#### Returns:

The value of the parameter or null if not found

Throws: ServletException Throws: IOException

See Also:

getServletParameter

### • getServletParameterValues

public java.lang.String[]
getServletParameterValues(HttpServletRequest req,

String

parmName) throws ServletException, IOException

Convenience method to a multi value parameter from a HttpServletRequest. The method first checks to see if the parameter came from another servlet by trying to extract from the request using getAttribute(). If this fails it uses getParameterValues to extract the parameter. This order of checking means that a calling servlet can override parameters. The caller must be aware if the parameter is a multi value parameter.

#### Parameters:

reg - The HTTP request

parmName - The name of the parameter to extract

#### Returns:

The value of the parameter or null if not found

Throws: ServletException Throws: IOException

See Also:

getServletParameter

### •getSessionId

```
public abstract java.lang.String getSessionId(HttpServletRequest
req) throws Exception
       Extract and return the session id from the original HTTP request.
      Parameters:
       req - the original HTTP request.
      the session id associated with the request.
•getTimeZone
protected java.util.TimeZone getTimeZone()
●getUserId
public abstract java.lang.String getUserId(HttpServletRequest
req)
       Get a string representing the user identification
      Parameters:
       req - The original HTTP request data.
      Returns:
       A string containing the user id.
• init
public void init(ApplServlet applServlet,
                   String managerName,
                   String rmiHost) throws ServletException,
IOException
       Used to initialize the application specific class which implements this
       interface. The servlet configuration is passed in so that the servlet
       environment is available to the application code.
       Parameters:
       applServlet - The Servlet instance which owns this ApplicationInterface
       instance.
       managerName - The name of the session manager instance to map.
       rmihost - The host on which the registry is running
•io error
public abstract void io error(HttpServletRequest req,
                                   HttpServletResponse resp)
       An io exception has occurred
       Parameters:
       format - the predefined format to reply in
       resp - The HTTP response
●log
public void log(String message)
```

HttpServletResponse resp)

public abstract void nfe\_error(HttpServletRequest req,

•nfe error

```
A NumberFormatException has occurred

Parameters:
format - the predefined format to reply in
resp - The HTTP response

Infe_error

Public abstract void nfe_error(HttpServletRequest req,
```

HttpServletResponse resp,
String msg)

A NumberFormatException has occurred

#### Parameters:

format - the predefined format to reply in

resp - The HTTP response

msg - Additional info to be displayed

### notify

public void notify(SessionNotification nofn)

Override this method to be receive notifications from the Session Manager.

#### Parameters:

nofn - Interface which accesses notification information.

#### •nse error

A non serializable exception has occurred

#### Parameters:

format - the predefined format to reply in resp - The HTTP response

#### postAuthenticate

throws Exception

Post authentication functionality. This would probably include sending an HTML document back to the user.

#### Parameters:

sessionId - a string identifying the new client session. initialSession - the new client Session object initialized with initial data. req - the original HTTP request.

resp - provides methods to respond to the HTTP server.

#### postDestroy

 Called by the RequestHandler immediately after the destruction of the session object.

#### Parameters:

req - The data from the original HTTP request.

resp - Provides methods for responding to the request.

### preDestroy

public abstract void preDestroy(String sessionId,

Session session,

HttpServletRequest req,

HttpServletResponse resp)

Called by RequestHandler prior to the destruction of the session object.

#### Parameters:

sessionId - The session id string for the current session.

session - An interface to the associated session object.

req - The data from the original HTTP request.

resp - Provides methods for responding to the request.

### •re error

public abstract void re\_error(HttpServletRequest req,

HttpServletResponse resp)

A Remote Exception has occurred

#### Parameters:

format - the predefined format to reply in

resp - The HTTP response

### •sae\_error

public abstract void sae\_error(HttpServletRequest req,

HttpServletResponse resp)

A Session Access Exception has occurred

#### Parameters:

format - the predefined format to reply in

resp - The HTTP response

#### • sendError

public abstract void sendError(HttpServletRequest req,

String msgl,

String msg2,

HttpServletResponse resp)

General error handling routine. This will force the class user to implement error messages

#### Parameters:

reg - The HTTP request

msg1 - First message to be displayed

msg2 - Second message to be displayed

resp - The HTTP response

#### •sessionFailure

throws Exception

Notify the application that an attempt to access a session using sessionId failed. This could be due to a Bogus sessionId or an expired session. The application will decide if a new session is to be created or if accessDenied() should be called. An application might want to log the failure or implement some sort of safeguard such as blocking the IP Address after a number of failures.

#### Parameters:

req - The original HTTP request data. sessionId - The session id string for the current session.

#### Returns

If true a new session will be created

#### trace

public void trace(String message)

### •unknownOperation

An unknown operation has been requested

#### Parameters:

format - the predefined format to reply in resp - The HTTP response

### • validateSession

public abstract boolean validateSession(String sessionId,  $\frac{\texttt{Session} \cdot \texttt{session}}{\texttt{HttpServletRequest req}}$ 

#### throws Exception

Validate the passed session This method can also be used to implement any security checks or other checks such as if undesirables are accessing the site - such as SPAMMERS

#### Parameters:

session - The session to validate.

req - The original HTTP request data.

### Returns:

An indication if the session is valid

### Class multiserv.applservlet.RequestHandler

Object

+---multiserv.applservlet.RequestHandler

### public class RequestHandler

extends Object

A Request Handler instance is created for each HTTP request received by the Application Servlet.

### Variable Index

-CRE ATE

The predefined operation types which can be executed by RequestHandler.

- •DESTROY
- •applInterface

An instance of an application specific class which implements the ApplicationInterface

•managerName

The name of the remote Session Manager being used

operation

Shows which operation this thread is executing

•request

Holds the data from the original HTTP request

•response

Provides methods for responding to the request

•miHost

The hostname of the RMI registry

•servlet

The parent Servlet instance which created this RequestHandler

### Constructor Index

<u>Amultiserv.applservlet.RequestHandler</u>(String, String, ApplServlet, ApplicationInterface, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

The constructor.

### Method Index

•handle()

The method which implements the request handling functionality.

•sessionMgr()

### •sessionObjName (String)

Constructs the session object name given the session id.

## Variables

**CREATE** 

public static final java.lang.String CREATE

The predefined operation types which can be executed by

RequestHandler. All other operation types are application dependent and must be implemented using ApplicationInterface (or extension thereof)

#### DESTROY

public static final java.lang.String DESTROY

### •applInterface

protected multiserv.applservlet.ApplicationInterface
applInterface

An instance of an application specific class which implements the ApplicationInterface

### • managerName

protected java.lang.String managerName

The name of the remote Session Manager being used

### operation

protected java.lang.String operation

Shows which operation this thread is executing

### • request

protected javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest request Holds the data from the original HTTP request

### • response

protected javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse response Provides methods for responding to the request

#### •miHost

protected java.lang.String rmiHost
The hostname of the RMI registry

#### • servlet

protected multiserv.applservlet.ApplServlet servlet
The parent Servlet instance which created this RequestHandler

### Constructors

### →RequestHandler

public RequestHandler(String mgrName,

String rmihost, ApplServlet applServlet, ApplicationInterface appl, HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse resp) throws

RemoteException, MalformedURLException, NotBoundException The constructor. Initializes the instances data members.

#### Parameters:

mgrName - The name of the session manager instance to map. rmihost - The host on which the registry is running applServlet - The parent ApplServlet instance.

appl - The application specifics

req - The request data from the HTTP server.

resp - Provides methods for responding to the request.

Throws: RemoteException

if registry could not be contacted. Throws: NotBoundException

if SessionMgr is not currently bound.

### Methods

### • handle

public void handle()

The method which implements the request handling functionality. This method processes requests and invokes the appropriate application level methods in ApplicationInterface.

### essionMgr

protected multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMgr sessionMgr() throws NotBoundException, RemoteException, MalformedURLException

### sessionObjName

protected java.lang.String sessionObjName(String sid)

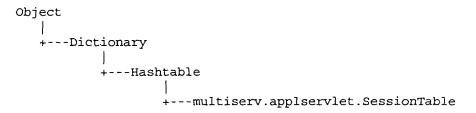
Constructs the session object name given the session id.

#### Parameters:

sid - the session id string for the object

a string containing the session object name or the empty string if sid is null.

### Class multiserv.applservlet.SessionTable



public class SessionTable

extends Hashtable

A map containing the remote session object interfaces. Each interface is keyed using it's associated session id string.

### Constructor Index

-multiserv.applservlet.SessionTable()

### Method Index

getSession(String)

Retrieve a Session interface using the associated session id string.

<u>putSession</u>(Session, String)

Insert a Session interface into the map using the associated session id as the key.

### Constructors

→ SessionTable

public SessionTable()

### Methods

• getSession

public multiserv.sessionmgr.Session getSession(String sessionId)

Retrieve a Session interface using the associated session id string.

Parameters:

sessionId - The session id string.

Returns:

The Session interface keyed to the given session id or null if the key is invalid.

• putSession

public void putSession(Session sess,

String sessionId)
Insert a Session interface into the map using the associated session id as the key.

### Parameters:

sess - The remote session object interface. sessionId - The session id string.

### package multiserv.dbmgr

# Class Index

- IdbcConnection
- <u>JdbcConnectionBroker2</u>
- <u>IdbcConnectionFactory</u>
- <u>IdbcObject</u>
- <u>JdbcVendor</u>
- TableCache
- Timing

# Exception Index

• <u>JdbcException</u>

### Class multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcConnection

Object +---multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcConnection

public abstract class JdbcConnection extends Object

# Variable Index .debug Constructor Index

-multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcConnection()

Default constructor only used for JdbcConnectionFactory multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcConnection(String, String, String)

- Connect(String, String, String)
- •Initialize()
- •clearWarnings()
- •close()
- •createStatement()
- •getConnection()
- •getInstance(String, String, String)
- •getWarnings()
- •isClosed()
- •toString()

### Variables

• debug

public static boolean debug

### constructors

→ IdbcConnection

public JdbcConnection()

Default constructor only used for JdbcConnectionFactory

-JdbcConnection

Methods

Connect

#### ● Initialize

protected abstract void Initialize() throws <u>JdbcException</u>
•clearWarnings

public void clearWarnings() throws SQLException
•close

public void close() throws SQLException

• createStatement

public java.sql.Statement createStatement() throws SQLException
•getConnection

public java.sql.Connection getConnection()

• getInstance

public abstract multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcConnection
getInstance(String URL,String username,String password) throws
JdbcException

• getWarnings

public boolean isClosed() throws SQLException
•toString

public java.lang.String toString()
 Overrides:

toString in class Object

### Class multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcConnectionBroker2

Object | |----multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcConnectionBroker2

### public class JdbcConnectionBroker2

extends Object

implements Runnable

JdbcConnectionBroker2 A servlet-based broker for database connections. Creates and manages a pool of database connections.

Version:

1.0.7 9/19/98

Author:

Marc A. Mnich

### Constructor Index

<u>multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcConnectionBroker2</u>(String, String, String, String, JdbcConnection, int, int, String, double)

Creates a new Connection Broker dbDriver. IDBC driver.

### Method Index

•destroy()

Shuts down the housekeeping thread and closes all connections in the pool.

•freeConnection(JdbcConnection)

Frees a connection.

•getAge(JdbcConnection)

Returns the age of a connection -- the time since it was handed out to an application.

•getConnection()

This class hands out the connections in round-robin order.

•idOfConnection(JdbcConnection)

Returns the local JDBC ID for a connection.

•interrupt()

A hook for future expansion.

•release()

Release was method used in previous Connection Pool manager

•run()

Housekeeping thread.

### Constructors

### → JdbcConnectionBroker2

public JdbcConnectionBroker2(String dbDriver,
String dbServer,
String dbLogin,
String dbPassword,
JdbcConnection connection,
int minConns,
int maxConns,
String logFileString,

#### IOException

Creates a new Connection Broker dbDriver: JDBC driver. e.g. 'oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver' dbServer: JDBC connect string. e.g. 'jdbc:oracle:thin:@203.92.21.109:1526:orcl' dbLogin: Database login name. e.g. 'Scott' dbPassword: Database password. e.g. "Tiger' minConns: Minimum number of connections to start with. maxConns: Maximum number of connections in dynamic pool. logFileString: Absolute path name for log file. e.g. 'c:\\temp\\mylog.log' maxConnTime: Time in days between connection resets. (Reset does a basic cleanup)

double maxConnTime) throws

### Methods

#### destroy

public void destroy()

Shuts down the housekeeping thread and closes all connections in the pool. Call this method from the destroy() method of the servlet.

#### • freeConnection

public java.lang.String freeConnection (JdbcConnection conn)

Frees a connection. Replaces connection back into the main pool for resuse.

### getAge

public long getAge(JdbcConnection conn)

Returns the age of a connection -- the time since it was handed out to an application.

#### • getConnection

public multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcConnection getConnection()

This class hands out the connections in round-robin order. This prevents a faulty connection from locking up an application entirely. A browser 'refresh' will get the next connection while the faulty connection is cleaned

up by the housekeeping thread. If the min number of threads are ever exhausted, new threads are added up the the max thread count. Finally, if all threads are in use, this method waits 2 seconds and tries again, up to ten times. After that, it returns a null.

### •idOfConnection

public int idOfConnection (JdbcConnection conn)

Returns the local JDBC ID for a connection.

### •interrupt

public void interrupt()

A hook for future expansion. Currently it is used to interrupt the housekeeping thread.

#### • release

public void release()

Release was method used in previous Connection Pool manager

#### • run

public void run()

Housekeeping thread. Runs in the background with low CPU overhead. Connections are checked for warnings and closure and are periodically restarted. This thread is a catchall for corrupted connections and prevents the buildup of open cursors. (Open cursors result when the application fails to close a Statement). This method acts as fault tolerance for bad connection/statement programming.

### Class multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcConnectionFactory

public class JdbcConnectionFactory extends Object

### Constructor Index

<u>-multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcConnectionFactory</u>(JdbcConnection, String, String, String)

Method Index

•getConnection()

Constructors

→JdbcConnectionFactory

String username, String password)

Methods

• getConnection

 ${\tt public \ multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcConnection\ getConnection()\ throws} \\ {\tt JdbcException}$ 

### Class multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcObject

Object +---multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcObject

public class JdbcObject

extends Object

Index

The base for a JdbcObject. When specifying the column names the tableId, if used, must be specified as the first column as tabled. E.g. For a table called Users and there is an id column it must be specified as the first column as UsersId.

### Variable Index

- COLUMNS\_INSERT
- ■DEBUG
- •INSERTS
- •UPDATES
- •VALUES
- •connect
- •ps
- •psAll
- •psById
- •psDelete
- •psInsen
- •psMaxId
- •ps Update
- •psUpdateCheck

# CONSTRUCTOR INDEX multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcObject (Connection, String, String), int[], int[] Method Index

- •Delete (long)
- •Execute()
- •Get()
- •Get (long)
- •Insent (String□)
- •Query()
- ●QueryAll()
- ■TableName()
- <u>Update</u> (long, String[])
- •UpdateCheck(long, long, String[])
- UpdateRow (String□)
- •getColumnNames()
- •getColumnString(int)

Generate a string containing the column names given a particular operation type.

•getColumnTypes()

•getRow(ResultSet, ResultSetMetaData, int)



COLUMNS

protected static final int COLUMNS © COLUMNS\_INSERT

protected static final int COLUMNS\_INSERT DEBUG

public static boolean DEBUG INSERTS

protected static final int INSERTS OUPDATES

protected static final int UPDATES 
•VALUES

protected static final int VALUES ● connect

protected java.sql.Connection connect  $\bullet_{ps}$ 

protected java.sql.PreparedStatement ps • psAll

protected java.sql.PreparedStatement psMaxId psUpdate

protected java.sql.PreparedStatement psUpdate lacktriangletpsUpdateCheck

protected java.sql.PreparedStatement psUpdateCheck

### Constructors

◆ IdbcObject

### Methods

```
public long Delete(long id) throws JdbcException
Execute
```

public long Execute() throws JdbcException

public java.util.Hashtable Get() throws JdbcException ● Get

public java.util.Hashtable Get(long lId) throws JdbcException ● Insert

public long Insert(String[] row) throws JdbcException Query

public java.util.Vector Query() throws JdbcException ● QueryAll

public java.util.Vector QueryAll() throws JdbcException ■ Table Name

public java.lang.String TableName() Update

public long Update(long id,

String[] row) throws JdbcException

UpdateCheck

public long UpdateCheck(long id,

long checkId,

String[] row) throws JdbcException

UpdateRow

public long UpdateRow(String[] row) throws JdbcException ■ getColumnNames

public java.lang.String[] getColumnNames() getColumnString

public java.lang.String getColumnString(int iType)

Generate a string containing the column names given a particular operation type. Valid operation types are: COLUMNS

All of the columns

COLUMNS\_INSERT

Columns for an insert. Note that this will not include the tableId column if JdbcVendor.SUPPORT\_ID is turned on

**UPDATES** 

Columns for an update. Note that this will not include the tableId column if JdbcVendor.SUPPORT\_ID is turned on

**VALUES** 

Columns for a VALUES clause of an INSERT statement. Note that this will not include the tableId column if JdbcVendor.SUPPORT\_ID is turned on

#### Parameters:

iType - Indicate the operation type for which the column string is being generated egetColumnTypes

All Packages Class Hierarchy This Package Previous Next Index

### Class multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcVendor

Object | |---multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcVendor

public class JdbcVendor

extends Object

All of the vendor specific stuff goes in here. Things like supporting an automatically incrementing row id column. Edit this file and recompile ... yuk!

### Variable Index

- •DUP INDEX
- •DUP VALUE

INFORMIX When inserting a row and a unique column constraint is violated this is the error code returned in getErrorCode() from the SQLException

•SUPPORT ID

Some call it SERIAL (eg Informix), some call it IDENTITY others just don't have it.

### Constructor Index

-multiserv.dbmg1.JdbcVendor(

### Method Index

- duplicateIndex (SQLException)
- •getId (PreparedStatement)
- •knownEnur(SQLException)
- •setLockModeWait (Connection, int)

### Variables

DUP\_INDEX

public static int DUP\_INDEX ●DUP\_VALUE

public static int DUP\_VALUE

INFORMIX When inserting a row and a unique column constraint is violated this is the error code returned in getErrorCode() from the SQLException

SUPPORT\_ID

public static boolean SUPPORT ID

Some call it SERIAL (eg Informix), some call it IDENTITY others just don't have it. Its a column which automatically creates a senal id for a row. Postgres doesn't have it but come to thing of it there is another sort of Id for a row - the details escape me at the moment but that could be an option in the Postgres rather than the getNextId() method

Constructors

public JdbcVendor()

Methods

duplicateIndex

public static boolean duplicateIndex(SQLException e)

public static long getId(PreparedStatement pStmt) throws SQLException

• knownError

public static boolean knownError(SQLException e)
 setLockModeWait

JdbcException

All Packages Class Hierarchy This Package Previous Next

### Class multiserv.dbmgr.TableCache

```
Object
     --Cache
            +---multiserv.dbmgr.TableCache
```

public abstract class TableCache extends Cache

This class provides a base class for caching a JdbcObject. Subclasses simply need to override the getJdbcObject(Connection) method

Version:

\$Id: TableCache.java,v 1.4 1999/12/03 19:42:22 peter Exp \$

See Also:

getJdbcObject, Cache

### onstructor Index

-multiserv.dbmgr.TableCache()

-multisen.dbmgr.TableCache (JdbcConnectionBroker2)

-multisery.dbmgr.TableCache (JdbcConnectionBroker2, long)

This method should be defined in the sub class.

•getRow(long)

Retrieve a row from the cached table by specifying the row id

The database table is populated by using a JDBC object created by getJdbcObject.

- •minitialize()

Simply calls populate.

setConnManager(JdbcConnectionBroker2)

◆ Table Cache

public TableCache()

◆ Table Cache

public TableCache(JdbcConnectionBroker2 connMgr) throws IOException

Parameters:

connMgr - - The JDBC Connection broker

→ TableCache

public TableCache (JdbcConnectionBroker2 connMgr,

long secs) throws IOException

connMgr - - The JDBC Connection broker

secs - - The cache is repopulated every sex seconds

### Methods

getJdbcObject

protected abstract multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcObject

getJdbcObject(Connection connect) throws JdbcException

This method should be defined in the sub class. It should just create an instance of a subclasses JdbcObject, passing it connect.

Parameters:

connect - Database connection.

• getRow

public java.util.Hashtable getRow(long id) throws CacheException

Retrieve a row from the cached table by specifying the row id

Parameters:

id - The id of the row to be retrieved.

Returns:

Hashtable as returned by a JdbcObject single row query.

Throws: Cache Exception

- row not found in Cache

populate p

public void populate()

The database table is populated by using a JDBC object created by getJdbcObject.

Overrides:

populate in class Cache

reinitialize

public void reinitialize()

Overrides:

reinitialize in class Cache

• repopulate

public void repopulate()

Simply calls populate. Obviously want to have a long cache check time. Could put in some sort of check to see

when the table was last updated but this would be some sort of Vendor specific hook.

Overrides:

repopulate in class Cache

• setConnManager

public void setConnManager(JdbcConnectionBroker2 connMgr)

Parameters:

connMgr - - The JDBC Connection broker

All Packages Class Hierarchy This Package Previous Next Index

### Class multiserv.dbmgr.Timing

Object +---multiserv.dbmgr.Timing

public class Timing extends Object

Constructor Index

multiserv.dbmgr.Timing()
Method Index

LogTiming (String)
CONSTRUCTORS

JTiming J

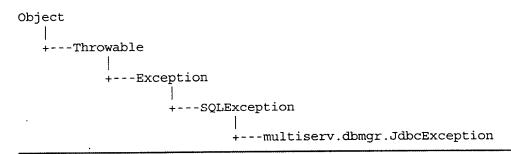
public Timing()

Methods

LogTiming

public void LogTiming(String szMessage)

### Class multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcException



public class JdbcException extends SQLException

### Constructor Index

\_multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcException()
\_multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcException(String)
\_multiserv.dbmgr.JdbcException(String, String, int)

### Method Index

•isDuplicateValue()

# Constructors

→ JdbcException

public JdbcException()

JdbcException

public JdbcException(String s)

JdbcException

✓

Methods

• is Duplicate Value

public boolean isDuplicateValue()

### package multiserv.sessionmgr

### Interface Index

- Session
- SessionMgr
- SessionNotification
- SessionObserver
- SessionTags

### Class Index

- GenericSession
- NotificationData
- ObserverMap
- SessionExpirer
- SessionIdFactory
- <u>SessionImpl</u>
- SessionMap
- SessionMgrConnection
- SessionMgrImpl
- SessionMgrShutdown
- Socket Handler

### Exception Index

• SessionAccessException

### Interface multiserv.sessionmgr.Session

public abstract interface Session

extends Remote

The Session remote interface is used to access the SessionImpl objects within the session manager.

### Method Index

•expire()

Mark this object as expired.

•getDouble(String)

Get the value of a double precision floating point field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

getInt(String)

Get the value of an integer type field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

•getLastAccessed()

Get the time at which this instance was last accessed.

getLong(String)

Get the value of a long integer field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

•getObject(String)

Get the value of a field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

•hasExpired()

Determine if this object has expired

•setDouble (String, double)

Set the value of a double precision floating point field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

•setInt(String, int)

Set the value of an integer type field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

setLong(String, long)

Set the value of a long integer field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

•setObject(String, Object)

Set the value of a field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

•touch()

Mark the time when this object was last accessed as now.

Methods

• expire

### • getDouble

public abstract double getDouble(String fieldName) throws
SessionAccessException, RemoteException

Get the value of a double precision floating point field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

#### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

#### Returns:

The value of the field.

Throws: SessionAccessException Field doesn't exist or is private.
Throws: RemoteException
Communications error.

### •getInt

public abstract int getInt(String fieldName) throws SessionAccessException, RemoteException

Get the value of an integer type field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

#### Returns:

The value of the field.

Throws: SessionAccessException
Field doesn't exist or is private.
Throws: RemoteException
Communications error.

#### •getLastAccessed

public abstract long getLastAccessed() throws RemoteException Get the time at which this instance was last accessed.

#### Returns:

the time in milliseconds since EPOCH when this object was last accessed.

### getLong

public abstract long getLong(String fieldName) throws SessionAccessException, RemoteException

Get the value of a long integer field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

#### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

#### Returns:

The value of the field.

Throws: SessionAccessException

Field doesn't exist or is private. Throws: RemoteException Communications error.

### •getObject

public abstract java.lang.Object getObject(String fieldName)
throws SessionAccessException, RemoteException,
NotSerializableException

Get the value of a field within the associated SessionImpl instance. The field type must be an extension of Object and must also implement the Serializable interface.

#### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

#### Returns:

The value of the field.

Throws: SessionAccessException
Field doesn't exist or is private.
Throws: RemoteException
Communications error.
Throws: NotSerializableException

Throws: NotSerializableException value doesn't implement Serializable

### hasExpired

### Returns:

true if the object has expired, false otherwise.

#### • setDouble

 $\begin{array}{c} {\tt public\ abstract\ void\ setDouble(String\ fieldName,}\\ {\tt\ double\ value)\ throws} \end{array}$ 

SessionAccessException, RemoteException

Set the value of a double precision floating point field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set. value - The value to set the field to.

Throws: SessionAccessException

Field doesn't exist or is private.

Throws: RemoteException Communications error.

#### • setInt

Set the value of an integer type field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

#### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

value - The value to set the field to.
Throws: SessionAccessException
Field doesn't exist or is private.
Throws: RemoteException

Communications error.

### setLong

SessionAccessException, RemoteException

Set the value of a long integer field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

value - The value to set the field to.

Throws: <u>SessionAccessException</u> Field doesn't exist or is private.

Throws: RemoteException Communications error.

### • setObject

SessionAccessException, RemoteException,

NotSerializableException

Set the value of a field within the associated SessionImpl instance. The field type must be an extension of Object and must also implement the Serializable interface.

#### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

value - The value to set the field to.

Throws: SessionAccessException

Field doesn't exist or is private.

Throws: RemoteException

Communications error.

Throws: NotSerializableException value doesn't implement Serializable

#### • touch

public abstract void touch() throws RemoteException Mark the time when this object was last accessed as now.

### Interface multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMgr

public abstract interface SessionMgr extends Remote

The SessionMgr remote interface is used to control the session manager.

### Method Index

### <u>closeSession</u>(String)

Remove an existing SessionImpl object from the session manager.

### •<u>initSession</u>(Session)

Create a new SessionImpl object within the session manager.

### register(String)

A remote entity registers interest in events taking place within the session manager by calling this method.

### •sessionIdList()

Return an array containing all the current Session object identifiers.

### shutdown(String)

A remote entity informs the Session Manager that it is prepared to have the Manager shutdown operations.

### •unregister(String)

A remote entity calls this method to stop further notifications being sent by the session manager.

### Methods

### closeSession

public abstract void closeSession(String sessionId) throws RemoteException, MalformedURLException, NotBoundException

Remove an existing SessionImpl object from the session manager.

#### Parameters:

sessionId - A string which identifies the session to be removed.

Throws: RemoteException

if some communication failure occurs.

Throws: NotBoundException

the session which is being closed does not have it's interface bound to the RMI registry.

#### • initSession

public abstract java.lang.String initSession(Session session)
throws RemoteException, MalformedURLException,
SessionAccessException, NotSerializableException

Create a new SessionImpl object within the session manager.

#### Parameters:

session - Contains the initial session data.

### Returns:

A string used to identify the new session in subsequent accesses to the session manager.

Throws: RemoteException

if some communication failure occurs.

### • register

public abstract void register (String id) throws RemoteException A remote entity registers interest in events taking place within the session manager by calling this method. After registering the session manager can notify the entity via the Servlet's SessionObserver interface.

### Parameters:

id - A unique string identifying the registering entity

Throws: RemoteException

if some communication failure occurs.

### essionIdList

public abstract java.util.Vector sessionIdList() throws RemoteException

Return an array containing all the current Session object identifiers.

#### Returns:

A Vector instance containing the Session object id's.

Throws: RemoteException

if some communication failure occurs.

#### • shutdown

public abstract void shutdown (String id) throws RemoteException A remote entity informs the Session Manager that it is prepared to have the Manager shutdown operations. The Session Manager will shutdown operation as soon as it receives shutdown notifications from all registered entities.

#### Parameters:

id - A unique string identifying the entity

Throws: RemoteException

if some communication failure occurs.

### •unregister

public abstract void unregister(String id) throws RemoteException

A remote entity calls this method to stop further notifications being sent by the session manager.

#### Parameters:

id - A unique string identifying the entity.

Throws: RemoteException

if some communication failure occurs.

### **Interface**

### multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionNotification

public abstract interface SessionNotification
Provides the interface through which the Session Manager can transfer
notification data. Any class which implements this interface must also implement
interface java.io.Serializable.

### Variable Index

- MANAGER RELOAD
- MANAGER RUNNING
- MANAGER SHUTDOWN
- •MANAGER STOPPING
- •SESSION EXPIRATION

### Method Index

•<u>reason()</u>

Returns an integer code representing the reason for the notification.

•sessionId()

Returns a string giving the session id for the Session object which caused the notification to be issued.

•sessionObi()

Returns a reference to a copy of the Session object which this NotificationData instance relates to.

# Variables

•MANAGER RELOAD

public static final int MANAGER\_RELOAD

•MANAGER\_RUNNING

public static final int MANAGER\_RUNNING

•MANAGER\_SHUTDOWN

public static final int MANAGER\_SHUTDOWN

•MANAGER STOPPING

public static final int MANAGER\_STOPPING

•SESSION\_EXPIRATION

public static final int SESSION\_EXPIRATION

## Methods

#### reason

public abstract int reason()

Returns an integer code representing the reason for the notification. In general, these integer codes will be application dependent.

### • sessionId

public abstract java.lang.String sessionId()

Returns a string giving the session id for the Session object which caused the notification to be issued. This will return null if the notification is not connected with any Session object.

### • sessionObj

public abstract multiserv.sessionmgr.Session sessionObj()

Returns a reference to a copy of the Session object which this

NotificationData instance relates to. For example, if this is a session expiry notification then this method will return a reference to a copy of the Session object which was removed from the Session Manager.

### Interface multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionObserver

public abstract interface SessionObserver extends Remote

Provides the interface via which the Session Manager can notify remote entities.

### Method Index

notify(SessionNotification)

Called by the Session Manager to notify the entities which implement this interface.

### Methods

notify

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} public abstract void notify ($\underline{\tt SessionNotification}$ nofn) throws \\ Remote Exception & . \end{tabular}$ 

Called by the Session Manager to notify the entities which implement this interface.

Parameters:

nofn - Interface which accesses data relating to the notification.

Throws: RemoteException

if some communication failure occurs.

### Interface multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionTags

public abstract interface **SessionTags**Defines the constants used for basic sessions

### Variable Index

- •APPL OPERATION
- •BROWSER TAG
- •BROWSER TOKEN
- •COMMENT TOKEN
- •COMPUTER TAG
- •COMPUTER TOKEN
- •CONNECTION TAG
- •CONNECTION TOKEN
- •COOKIE TAG
- •DATE TOKEN
- •DOCNAME TAG
- •EMAIL TAG
- •END TOKEN
- •GUC TOKEN
- •LC OPT PREFIX
- •LOGIN TAG
- •LOGOUT OP
- •MSG1 TOKEN
- •MSG2 TOKEN
- •NAME TAG
- •NAME TOKEN
- •OPT PREFIX
- •OP TAG
- •OP TOKEN
- PASSWORD TAG
- •SESSIONID TAG
- •SESSIONID TOKEN
- •SESS ACTIVE TAG
- •SESS ID TAG
- •SESS IP ADDR TAG
- •SESS START TAG
- •SESS USER ID TAG
- •SESS USER TAG
- •SPEED TAG
- •SPEED TOKEN
- •START TOKEN

- •STATUS TOKEN
- •TERMINATE TAG
- •TIMEOUT\_TAG
- •TIMEOUT TOKEN
- •TIME TOKEN
- •TYPE TAG
- •TYPE TOKEN
- •URL TAG
- •URL TOKEN
- •USERID TAG

The following constants define the HTML tags which are used to identify data fields.

•USERNAME TAG

# Variables

• APPL OPERATION

public static final java.lang.String APPL\_OPERATION 
• BROWSER TAG

public static final java.lang.String BROWSER\_TAG  $\bullet BROWSER\ TOKEN$ 

public static final java.lang.String  $BROWSER\_TOKEN$ • COMMENT TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String COMMENT\_TOKEN • COMPUTER TAG

public static final java.lang.String CONNECTION\_TOKEN  $\bullet$  COOKIE\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String COOKIE\_TAG  $\bullet \, DATE \,\, TOKEN$ 

public static final java.lang.String DATE\_TOKEN
• DOCNAME TAG

public static final java.lang.String DOCNAME\_TAG

### **•**EMAIL TAG

public static final java.lang.String EMAIL\_TAG  $\bullet$ END\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String END\_TOKEN ullet GUC\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String GUC\_TOKEN
•LC OPT PREFIX

public static final java.lang.String LC\_OPT\_PREFIX
•LOGIN TAG

public static final java.lang.String LOGIN\_TAG  $\bullet$ LOGOUT\_OP

public static final java.lang.String LOGOUT\_OP ullet MSG1 TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String MSG1\_TOKEN

• MSG2\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String MSG2\_TOKEN 
• NAME TAG

public static final java.lang.String NAME\_TAG
•NAME\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String NAME\_TOKEN
OPT PREFIX

public static final java.lang.String OPT\_PREFIX •• OP TAG

public static final java.lang.String OP\_TAG  $\bullet$  OP\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String SESSIONID\_TOKEN  $\bullet$  SESS\_ACTIVE\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String SPEED\_TOKEN
•START TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String START\_TOKEN ullet STATUS TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String TIMEOUT\_TOKEN ullet TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String TIME\_TOKEN ullet TYPE TAG

public static final java.lang.String TYPE\_TOKEN • URL TAG

public static final java.lang.String URL\_TAG 
• URL\_TOKEN

public static final java.lang.String URL\_TOKEN ullet USERID\_TAG

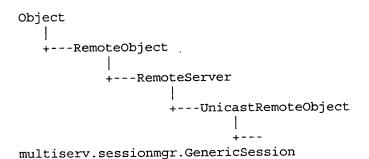
public static final java.lang.String USERID\_TAG

The following constants define the HTML tags which are used to identify data fields. This file could possibly be generated automatically from or along with the HTML documents themselves.

•USERNAME\_TAG

public static final java.lang.String USERNAME\_TAG

## Class multiserv.sessionmgr.GenericSession



public class GenericSession extends UnicastRemoteObject implements Session, Serializable, Cloneable

## Variable Index

•expired

lastAccessed

## Constructor Index

.multiserv.sessionmgr.GenericSession()

## Method Index

•expire()

Mark this object as expired.

•getDouble(String)

Get the value of a double precision floating point field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

•getInt(String)

Get the value of an integer type field within the associated SessionImplinstance.

•getLastAccessed()

Get the time at which this instance was last accessed.

getLong(String)

Get the value of a long integer field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

•getObject(String)

Get the value of a field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

•hasExpired()

Determine if this object has expired

•sessionFailure (Exception)

General exception handler for the session object

•sessionFailure (String, Exception)

General exception handler for the session object

setDouble (String, double)

Set the value of a double precision floating point field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

•setInt(String, int)

Set the value of an integer type field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

<u>setLong</u>(String, long)

Set the value of a long integer field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

setObject(String, Object)

Set the value of a field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

•touch()

Mark the time when this object was last accessed as now.

Variables

expired

protected boolean expired

•lastAccessed

protected long lastAccessed

## Constructors

→ Generic Session

public GenericSession() throws RemoteException

Methods

expire

getDouble

public double getDouble(String fieldName) throws
SessionAccessException

Get the value of a double precision floating point field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

Returns:

The value of the field.

Throws: Session Access Exception

if there was a problem accessing the fields value.

### •getInt

public int getInt(String fieldName) throws SessionAccessException

Get the value of an integer type field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

### Returns

The value of the field.

Throws: SessionAccessException

if there was a problem accessing the fields value.

## getLastAccessed

public long getLastAccessed() throws RemoteException

Get the time at which this instance was last accessed.

#### Returns:

the time in milliseconds since EPOCH when this object was last accessed.

### egetLong

public long getLong(String fieldName) throws SessionAccessException

Get the value of a long integer field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

#### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

#### Returns:

The value of the field.

Throws: SessionAccessException

if there was a problem accessing the fields value.

## • getObject

public java.lang.Object getObject(String fieldName) throws SessionAccessException

Get the value of a field within the associated SessionImpl instance. The field type must be an extension of Object and must also implement the Serializable interface.

### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

#### Returns:

The value of the field.

Throws: SessionAccessException

if there was a problem accessing the fields value.

### •hasExpired

public boolean hasExpired() throws RemoteException

Determine if this object has expired

### Returns:

true if the object has expired, false otherwise.

### • sessionFailure

protected void sessionFailure(Exception e) throws
SessionAccessException

General exception handler for the session object

### Parameters:

e - the exception which is being handled

Throws: SessionAccessException

there was a problem while accessing a field.

### • sessionFailure

### SessionAccessException

General exception handler for the session object

#### Parameters:

e - the exception which is being handled

Throws: SessionAccessException

there was a problem while accessing a field.

### •setDouble

#### SessionAccessException

Set the value of a double precision floating point field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

value - The value to set the field to.

Throws: SessionAccessException

if there was a problem accessing the fields value.

#### •setInt

public void setInt(String fieldName,

int value) throws SessionAccessException

Set the value of an integer type field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

#### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

value - The value to set the field to.

Throws: SessionAccessException

if there was a problem accessing the fields value.

### setLong

public void setLong(String fieldName,

long value) throws SessionAccessException

Set the value of a long integer field within the associated SessionImpl instance.

### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

value - The value to set the field to.

Throws: SessionAccessException

if there was a problem accessing the fields value.

### • setObject

### SessionAccessException

Set the value of a field within the associated SessionImpl instance. The field type must be an extension of Object and must also implement the Serializable interface.

#### Parameters:

fieldName - A string specifying the name of the field to set.

value - The value to set the field to.

Throws: SessionAccessException

if there was a problem accessing the fields value.

#### • touch

public void touch() throws RemoteException

Mark the time when this object was last accessed as now.

## Class multiserv.sessionmgr.NotificationData

### public class NotificationData

extends Object

implements Session Notification, Serializable

Provides an implementation of the SessionNotification interface

## Constructor Index

multiserv.sessionmgr.NotificationData(int, String, Session)

## Method Index

-<u>reason()</u>

Returns an integer code representing the reason for the notification.

•sessionId()

Returns a string giving the session id for the Session object which caused the notification to be issued.

•sessionObj()

Returns a reference to a copy of the Session object which this NotificationData instance relates to.

## Constructors

→NotificationData

## Methods

• reason

public int reason()

Returns an integer code representing the reason for the notification. In general, these integer codes will be application dependent.

sessionId

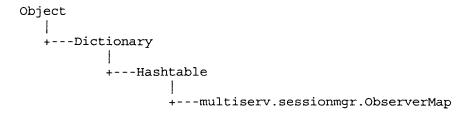
public java.lang.String sessionId()

Returns a string giving the session id for the Session object which caused the notification to be issued. This will return null if the notification is not connected with any Session object.

## sessionObj

Public multiserv.sessionmgr.Session sessionObj()
Returns a reference to a copy of the Session object which this
NotificationData instance relates to. For example, if this is a session expiry
notification then this method will return a reference to a copy of the
Session object which was removed from the Session Manager.

## Class multiserv.sessionmgr.ObserverMap



public class ObserverMap

extends Hashtable

The ObserverMap class stores the currently actice SessionObserver instances within the session manager.

## Constructor Index

-multiserv.sessionmgr.ObserverMap()

-multiserv.sessionmgr.ObserverMap(int)

-multiserv.sessionmgr.ObserverMap(int, float)

## Method Index

•putObserver(String)

Insert an observer object within the map using the remote entity id string as the key.

removeObserver(String)

Remove an observer object from the map.

## Constructors

→ObserverMap

public ObserverMap()

→ObserverMap

public ObserverMap(int capacity)

→ObserverMap

public ObserverMap(int capacity,

float loadFactor)

## Methods

putObserver

public void putObserver(String id)

Insert an observer object within the map using the remote entity id string as the key.

## Parameters:

obs - The observer object to insert in the map. It must be implement the SessionObserver interface.

id - The remote entity id string.

## •removeObserver

public void removeObserver(String id)

Remove an observer object from the map.

### Parameters:

id - The id string for the observer to remove

## Class multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionExpirer

public class SessionExpirer

extends Thread

A thread object which expires stale session objects within the session manager at regular intervals.

## Constructor Index

\_multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionExpirer(SessionMgrImpl)

## Method Index

- •haltExpiries()
- •run()

## Constructors

→SessionExpirer

public SessionExpirer(SessionMgrImpl mgr)

## Methods

•haltExpiries

public void haltExpiries()

•run

public void run()

Overrides:

run in class Thread

## Class multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionIdFactory

public class **SessionIdFactory** extends Object

## Constructor Index

multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionIdFactory()

## Method Index

createSessionId()

Creates a randomly generated string with NUMDIG digits, NUMLOWER lowercase characters, and NUMUPPER characters arranged randomly.

## Constructors

→ SessionIdFactory

public SessionIdFactory()

## Methods

• createSessionId

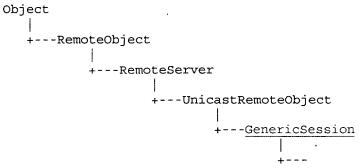
public static java.lang.String createSessionId()

Creates a randomly generated string with NUMDIG digits, NUMLOWER lowercase characters, and NUMUPPER characters arranged randomly.

Returns:

the randomly generated string

## Class multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionImpl



multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionImpl

public class SessionImpl

extends GenericSession

implements Session Tags

Contains the application dependent data fields for the session.

## Variable Index

- •sess active
- •sess ip addr
- •sess start
- •sess user

The actual Session Object members

•sess user id

## Constructor Index

multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionImpl()

Get a new SessionImpl object within the session manager.

-multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionImpl(String, Long, BigDecimal, BigDecimal, String)

Get a new SessionImpl object within the session manager. -multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionImpl(Session)

Get a new SessionImpl object within the session manager.

## Method Index

•getSession()

Get a new SessionImpl object within the session manager.

•getSession(String, Long, BigDecimal, BigDecimal, String)

Get a new SessionImpl object within the session manager.

•getSession(Session)

Get a new SessionImpl object within the session manager.

## Variables

•sess\_active

protected java.math.BigDecimal sess\_active 
•sess ip addr

protected java.lang.String sess\_ip\_addr
•sess start

protected java.math.BigDecimal sess\_start
•sess user

The actual Session Object members

•sess user\_id

protected java.lang.Long sess\_user\_id

## Constructors

## → SessionImpl

public SessionImpl() throws RemoteException

Get a new SessionImpl object within the session manager. Gives the user the chance to override the default session behaviour.

#### Returns:

A string used to identify the new session in subsequent accesses to the session manager.

## →SessionImpl

public SessionImpl(String sess\_user,

Long sess\_user\_id,
BigDecimal sess\_start,
BigDecimal sess\_active,

String sess\_ip\_addr) throws RemoteException

Get a new SessionImpl object within the session manager. Gives the user the chance to override the default session behaviour.

### Parameters:

sess\_user - The user
sess\_user\_id - The user id
sess\_start - Time session was started
sess\_active - Last time the session was active
sess\_ip\_addr - Remote IP Address

#### Returns

A string used to identify the new session in subsequent accesses to the session manager.

## →SessionImpl

public SessionImpl(Session initial) throws RemoteException, SessionAccessException, NotSerializableException

Get a new SessionImpl object within the session manager. Gives the user the chance to override the default session behaviour.

Parameters:

initial - The initial session

Returns:

A string used to identify the new session in subsequent accesses to the session manager.

## Methods

### • getSession

public static multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionImpl getSession()
throws RemoteException, SessionAccessException,
NotSerializableException

Get a new SessionImpl object within the session manager. Gives the user the chance to override the default session behaviour.

#### Returns:

A string used to identify the new session in subsequent accesses to the session manager.

## • getSession

public static multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionImpl getSession(String
sess\_user, Long sess\_user\_id,
BigDecimal sess\_start,BigDecimal sess\_active,
String sess\_ip\_addr) throws RemoteException,
SessionAccessException, NotSerializableException

Get a new SessionImpl object within the session manager. Gives the user the chance to override the default session behaviour.

#### Parameters:

sess\_user - The user name sess\_user\_id - The user id sess\_start - Time session was started sess\_active - Last time the session was active sess\_ip\_addr - Remote IP Address Returns:

A string used to identify the new session in subsequent accesses to the session manager.

### • getSession

public static multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionImpl
getSession(Session initial) throws RemoteException,
SessionAccessException, NotSerializableException

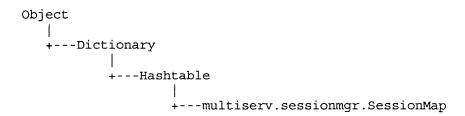
Get a new SessionImpl object within the session manager. Gives the user the chance to override the default session behaviour.

### Parameters:

session - Contains the initial session data.

#### Returns:

## Class multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMap



public class SessionMap

extends Hashtable

The SessionMap class stores the currently active SessionImpl instances within the session manager.

## Constructor Index

-multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMap()

-multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMap(int)

multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMap(int, float)

## Method Index

getSession(String)

Retrieve a session object from within the using the specified session id key.

putSession(Session, String)

Insert a session object within the map using the session id string as the key.

•removeSession(String)

Remove a session object from the map.

## Constructors

→ SessionMap

public SessionMap()

→SessionMap

public SessionMap(int capacity)

→SessionMap

public SessionMap(int capacity,

float loadFactor)

Methods

● getSession

public multiserv.sessionmgr.Session getSession(String sessionId)

Retrieve a session object from within the using the specified session id key.

### Parameters:

sessionId - The session id string.

### Returns:

The session object if the session id is valid otherwise null.

## • putSession

public void putSession(Session session,

String sessionId)

Insert a session object within the map using the session id string as the key.

### Parameters:

session - The session object to insert in the map. It must be a subclass of GenericSession.

sessionId - The session id string.

### •removeSession

public void removeSession(String sessionId)

Remove a session object from the map.

### Parameters:

sessionId - The id string for the session to remove

## Class

## multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMgrConnection

```
Object
   +---Thread
           +---multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMgrConnection
```

public class SessionMgrConnection extends Thread

## Constructor Index

multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMgrConnection(SessionMgrImpl, Socket)

Method Index

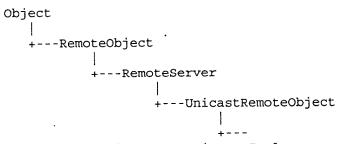
→SessionMgrConnection

public SessionMgrConnection(SessionMgrImpl mgr, Socket clientSocket)

Methods

public void run() Overrides: run in class Thread

## Class multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMgrImpl



multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMgrImpl

public class SessionMgrImpl

extends UnicastRemoteObject

implements SessionMgr

The SessionMgr remote interface is used to control the session manager.

## Variable Index

config

Contains the application configuration information

## Constructor Index

<u>multiserv.session.mgr.SessionMgrImpl</u>(String, String, String)
Construct a new instance of SessionMgrImpl.

## Method Index

closeSession(String)

Remove an existing SessionImpl object from the session manager.

- •expireOldSessions()
- •finalize()
- •initSession(Session)

Create a new SessionImpl object within the session manager.

•log(String)

Write information to stdout tagged with the date and time.

•main(String∏)

The main method for the session manager process.

- notifyServlets (int, String, Session)
- •register(String)

A remote entity registers interest in events taking place within the session manager by calling this method.

- •reload()
- •restoreState()

Restores the contents of the Session map from persistent store.

### •saveState()

Saves the contents of the Session map to persistent store.

### •sessionIdList()

Return an array containing all the current Session object identifiers.

## •sessionObjName(String)

Constructs the session object name given the session id.

## •shutdown(String)

A remote entity informs the Session Manager that it is prepared to have the Manager shutdown operations.

- •shuttingdown()
- trace (String)
- unregister(String)

A remote entity calls this method to stop further notifications being sent by the session manager.

## Variables

config

public multiserv.config.Config config

Contains the application configuration information

## Constructors

### → SessionMgrImpl

public SessionMgrImpl(String rmihost,

String name,

String configFile) throws RemoteException,

MalformedURLException

Construct a new instance of SessionMgrImpl.

#### Parameters:

managerName - Identifies this session manager instance name - The name by which the session manager will be known configFile - The configuration file

## Methods

### closeSession

public void closeSession(String sessionId) throws RemoteException, MalformedURLException, NotBoundException

Remove an existing SessionImpl object from the session manager.

#### Parameters:

sessionId - A string which identifies the session to be removed.

Throws: RemoteException

some communication problem occurred.

Throws: NotBoundException

the session which is being closed does not have it's interface bound to the RMI registry.

## expireOldSessions

public void expireOldSessions()

### • finalize

protected void finalize()

#### Overrides:

finalize in class Object

#### • initSession

 $\label{eq:public_public_public_public} public java.lang.String initSession(\underline{Session} initial) throws \\ RemoteException, \\ MalformedURLException, \\ \underline{SessionAccessException}, \\ NotSerializableException \\ \\ .$ 

Create a new SessionImpl object within the session manager.

### Parameters:

session - Contains the initial session data.

### Returns:

A string used to identify the new session in subsequent accesses to the session manager.

### ● log

public void log(String message)

Write information to stdout tagged with the date and time.

#### Parameters:

message - the information to output

### • main

public static void main(String[] args)

The main method for the session manager process. This installs a security manager as well as creating a registry so that the clients can lookup the manager objects. The session manager must be started with a single command line argument. This argument specifies the session manager name.

## notifyServlets

protected void notifyServlets(int reason,

String sid,

Session sess) throws

RemoteException

### • register

public void register(String id) throws RemoteException

A remote entity registers interest in events taking place within the session manager by calling this method. After this the session manager can notify the entity via the Servlet's SessionObserver interface.

#### Parameters:

id - A unique string identifying the registering entity. The name should be an RMI addressable ID. That is, you should be able to tack "rmi://" on to the front of it. Suggestion is "host/servletId"

Throws: RemoteException

if some communication failure occurs.

### • reload

public void reload() throws RemoteException

### restoreState

protected void restoreState()

Restores the contents of the Session map from persistent store.

### •saveState

protected void saveState()

Saves the contents of the Session map to persistent store.

### • sessionIdList

public java.util.Vector sessionIdList() throws RemoteException Return an array containing all the current Session object identifiers.

### Returns:

An Vector instance containing the Session object id's.

Throws: RemoteException

if some communication failure occurs.

### • sessionObjName

protected java.lang.String sessionObjName(String sid)

Constructs the session object name given the session id.

### Parameters:

sid - the session id string for the object

#### Returns

a string containing the session object name or the empty string if sid is null.

### • shutdown

public void shutdown(String id) throws RemoteException

A remote entity informs the Session Manager that it is prepared to have the Manager shutdown operations. The Session Manager will shutdown operation as soon as it receives shutdown notifications from all registered entities.

#### Parameters:

id - A unique string identifying the entity

Throws: RemoteException

if some communication failure occurs.

## shuttingdown

public void shuttingdown()

### •trace

public void trace(String message)

## unregister

public void unregister(String id) throws RemoteException

A remote entity calls this method to stop further notifications being sent by the session manager.

### Parameters:

id - A unique string identifying the entity.

Throws: RemoteException

if some communication failure occurs.

See Also: register

## Class multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMgrShutdown

```
Object

---Thread

---multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMgrShutdown
```

public class SessionMgrShutdown

extends Thread

A thread object which shuts down the SessionMgr process

## Constructor Index

-multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionMgrShutdown()

Method Index

•<u>run(</u>)

Constructors

→SessionMgrShutdown

public SessionMgrShutdown()

Methods

•run

public void run()

Overrides:

run in class Thread

## Class multiserv.sessionmgr.SocketHandler

### public class SocketHandler

extends Thread

A thread object which listens on a socket for connection attempts and then services commands from authorized clients. Normally only the host on which the session manager is running or the loopback device are allowed. The property multiserv.sessionmgr.allowedIPs of IPAddresses allows other hosts access - it should coonsist of white space separated IP addresses.

## Constructor Index

\_multiserv.sessionmgr.SocketHandler(SessionMgrImpl)

Create a socket handler

## Method Index

- <u>•halt()</u>
- •run()

## Constructors

→SocketHandler

public SocketHandler(SessionMgrImpl mgr)

Create a socket handler

Parameters:

mgr - Reference to the session manager instance

Methods

halt

public void halt()

• run

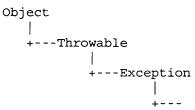
public void run()

Overrides:

run in class Thread

### Class

## multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionAccessException



multiserv.sessionmgr.SessionAccessException

public class SessionAccessException

extends Exception

This exception is thrown to indicate a problem with accessing data within a session object.

## Constructor Index

-multiserv.sessioningr.SessionAccessException(String)

Constructs a new SessionAccessException with the specified descriptive message.

## Constructors

→SessionAccessException

public SessionAccessException(String msg)

Constructs a new SessionAccessException with the specified descriptive message.

## package multiserv.util

## Interface Index

## · Watchable Class Index

- Cache
- FileCache
- FileCacheFactory
- FileSuffixFilter
- HTMLCache
- HTMLCacheFactory
- HTMLDocument
- <u>Logger</u>
- SendMail
- SoundEx
- TimedCounter
- Watcher

## Exception Index

• CacheException

## Interface multiserv.util.Watchable

public abstract interface Watchable

Method Index

•wakeup()

·wakeup() ·watch() Methods

•wakeup

public abstract void wakeup()

• watch

public abstract void watch()

## Class multiserv.util.Cache

Object +---multiserv.util.Cache

public abstract class Cache extends Object implements Watchable

# Variable Index DEBUG CONSTRUCTOR INDEX

- -multiserv.util.Cache()
- .multiserv.util.Cache(long)

## ethod Index

- •addObject(String, Object, long)
- •getKeys()

Get the keys of the table rows stored in the Cache.

- getObject(String)
- interruptWatching()
- •populate()
- •reinitialize()
- •remove All()
- removeObject(String)
- •repopulate()
- setWatcherDelay(long)
- •startWatching()
- •stopWatching()
- •updateObject(String, Object, long)
- •wakeup()
- •watch()

## Variables

DEBUG

public static boolean DEBUG

## Constructors

Cache

```
public Cache()
→Cache
public Cache(long secs)
     ethods
•addObject
public synchronized void addObject(String name,
                                      Object obj,
                                       long lastModified)
getKeys
protected synchronized java.util.Enumeration getKeys()
       Get the keys of the table rows stored in the Cache.
       An Enumeration of the available keys. The keys are stored as strings.
•getObject
public synchronized java.lang.Object getObject(String name)
throws CacheException
•interruptWatching
public void interruptWatching()
• populate
public abstract void populate()
• reinitialize
public abstract void reinitialize()
• removeAll
public synchronized void removeAll()
• removeObject
public synchronized void removeObject(String name)
• repopulate
public abstract void repopulate()
setWatcherDelay
public void setWatcherDelay(long secs)
• start Watching
public void startWatching()
• stopWatching
public void stopWatching()
• updateObject
```

• wakeup

public final synchronized void watch()

## Class multiserv.util.FileCache

public class FileCache extends <u>Cache</u>

## Method Index

- •getDocument(String)
- •main(String□)
- •populate()
- •reinitialize()
- •repopulate()
- •setSuffixes (String[])

## Methods

•getDocument

public java.lang.String getDocument(String name) throws CacheException

• main

public static void main(String[] args)

• populate

public void populate()

Overrides:

populate in class Cache

• reinitialize

public void reinitialize()

Overrides:

reinitialize in class Cache

• repopulate

public void repopulate()

Overrides:

repopulate in class Cache

•setSuffixes

## Class multiserv.util.FileCacheFactory

Object | +---multiserv.util.FileCacheFactory

public class FileCacheFactory extends Object

## Constructor Index

multiserv.util.FileCacheFactory()

## Method Index

•getCache(String)

•getCache(String, String, long, String[])

## Constructors

→FileCacheFactory

public FileCacheFactory()

## Methods

●getCache

public static multiserv.util.FileCache getCache(String cacheName) throws IOException

• getCache

public static multiserv.util.FileCache getCache(String cacheName,

String dir, long

cachePeriod,

String[]

suffixes) throws IOException

### Class multiserv.util.FileSuffixFilter

public class FileSuffixFilter extends Object implements FilenameFilter

# Constructor Index

-multiserv.util.FileSuffixFilter(String[])
-multiserv.util.FileSuffixFilter(String[], long)

# Method Index

accept(File, String)

# Constructors

→ FileSuffixFilter

public FileSuffixFilter(String[] suffixes)

Methods

•accept

### Class multiserv.util.HTMLCache

public class **HTMLCache** extends <u>FileCache</u>

### Class multiserv.util.HTMLCacheFactory

Object --FileCacheFactory +---multiserv.util.HTMLCacheFactory

public class HTMLCacheFactory extends FileCacheFactory

# Constructor Index

# multiserv.util.HTMLCacheFactory() Method Index

# •getCache(String, String, long, String[], Hashtable) CONSTRUCTORS

→HTMLCacheFactory

public HTMLCacheFactory()

### Methods

public static multiserv.util.HTMLCache getCache(String cacheName,

> String dir, long

cachePeriod,

String[].

suffixes,

Hashtable

tokens) throws IOException

### Class multiserv.util.HTMLDocument

public class HTMLDocument extends Object

### Constructor Index

- -multiserv.util.HTMLDocument(String, String)
- -multiserv.util.HTMLDocument(String, String, Hashtable)
- -multiserv.util.HTMLDocument(String, String, Hashtable, Hashtable, boolean)

### Method Index

- •buildListTokens (String, String, Vector, Hashtable, boolean)
- •buildSimpleTokens (Hashtable, Hashtable)

Convenience method which builds a token table to be passed to sendParseDocument().

•buildTokens (Hashtable, Hashtable, boolean)

Convenience method which builds a token table to be passed to sendParseDocument().

•toString()

### Constructors

#### **→**HTMLDocument

public HTMLDocument (String cacheName,

String docName) throws IOException

#### **→**HTMLDocument

public HTMLDocument (String cacheName,

String docName,

Hashtable tokens) throws IOException

#### **→**HTMLDocument

public HTMLDocument (String cacheName,

String docName,

Hashtable tokens,

Hashtable tokenData,

boolean checkedNameVal) throws IOException

# Methods

buildListTokens

### throws IOException • buildSimpleTokens

Convenience method which builds a token table to be passed to sendParseDocument(). It basically goes through the passed Hashtable and builds another Hashtable where the keys are renamed as ~\*key\* ~ That is, '~\*' is tacked on the beginning and '\* ~' is tacked on the end of each key. This method could be useful for taking the data from a database query returned in a hashtable and building a token table to populate an HTML page.

#### Parameters:

data - The incoming Hashtable tokens - The token table to be built. It might already contain some tokens - which will added to.

#### buildTokens

Convenience method which builds a token table to be passed to sendParseDocument(). It basically goes through the passed Hashtable and builds another Hashtable where the keys are renamed as ~\*key\* ~ That is, '~\*' is tacked on the beginning and '\* ~' is tacked on the end of each key. Special cases exist for keys starting with pvt or opt. These are treated as the special token types for checkboxes/radio buttons and selection lists respectively. This method could be useful for taking the data from a database query returned in a hashtable and building a token table to populate an HTML page.

#### Parameters:

data - The incoming Hashtable

tokens - The token table to be built. It might already contain some tokens - which will added to.

checkedNameVal - If checked, build PVT tokens as @# name = value# @ else just as @# name# @

#### • toString

public java.lang.String toString()
 Overrides:

### Class multiserv.util.Logger

public class **Logger** extends Thread A class which can be used for logging.

# Constructor Index

-multiserv.util.Logger(String)

Constructor for the Logger

# Method Index

- •getWriter()
- <u>•main</u>(String[])
- •<u>run()</u>

### Constructors

**J**Logger

Parameters:

logFile - The file to which to log

# Methods

• getWriter

public static java.io.PrintWriter getWriter() throws IOException

main

public static void main(String[] argv)

• run

public void run()

Overrides:

run in class Thread

### Class multiserv.util.SendMail

```
Object
|
+---multiserv.util.SendMail
```

public class SendMail

extends Object

implements Runnable

This is an interim class for sending mail. Sun hava a javamail API which is still in Beta Test and will be available for platform independent sending of mail. I did download it to check it out but it required another piece of Beta software so I thought I would leave it for now.

# Constructor Index

<u>multiserv.util.SendMail</u>(String, String, Stri

# Method Index

•main(String[])

•<u>run()</u>

### Constructors

→ SendMail

#### →SendMail

Methods

• main

public static void main(String[] argv)
•run

public void run()

### Class multiserv.util.SoundEx

public class **SoundEx** extends Object

# Constructor Index

-multiserv.util.SoundEx()

-multiserv.util.SoundEx(String)

# Method Index

• <u>Calculate</u> (String)

Generates a soundex code for the input string.

### Constructors

→SoundEx

public SoundEx()

→ SoundEx

public SoundEx(String inputString)

### Methods

Calculate

public static java.lang.String Calculate(String inputString)
 Generates a soundex code for the input string.

Parameters:

inputString - The string that is used to generate the soundex code Returns:

A string representing the soundex code. If a code cannot be generated then the string "XXXX" is returned.

### Class multiserv.util.Watcher

```
Object
|
|---multiserv.util.Watcher
```

public class Watcher extends Object implements Runnable

# Constructor Index

-multiserv.util.Watcher(Watchable, long)

### Method Index

- •interrupt()
- •<u>run()</u>
- •start()
- •stop()

### Constructors

→ Watcher

### Methods

• interrupt

public void interrupt()

🕶 run

public void run()

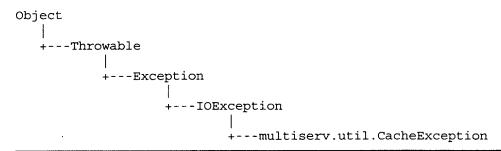
• start

public void start()

• stop

public void stop()

### Class multiserv.util.CacheException



public class CacheException extends IOException

### Constructor Index

-multiserv.util.CacheException()

multiserv.util.CacheException (String)

multiserv.util.CacheException(String, Exception)

# ethod Index

# Constructors

→ Cache Exception

public CacheException()

→ Cache Exception

public CacheException(String reason)

→ Cache Exception

public CacheException(String reason, Exception e)

Methods

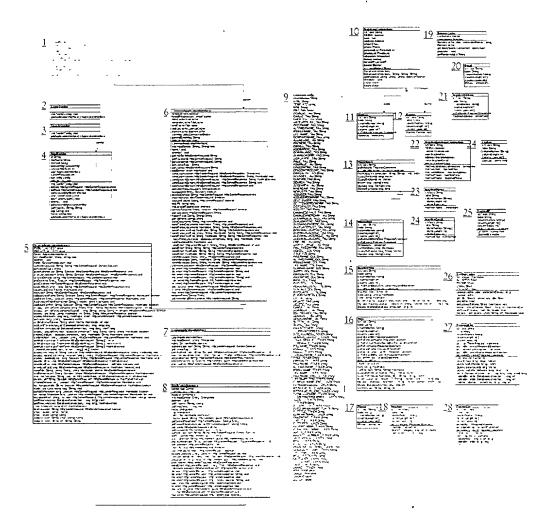
● getCause

public java.lang.Exception getCause()

### **UML Diagrams**

The following UML diagrams provide a visual description of the interactions between the Java classes used by Ecardfile.

From the high level diagram you can click on the number by the side of the class and be brought to the large scale diagram.



#### **EcardNotifier**

#### **EcardNotifier**

- -parent:CommonApplicationInterface
- -myThread:Thread
- -cardld:long
- -eCardId: String
- -messageCache:String
- +EcardNotifier( CommonApplicationInterface, String, long, String)(constructor)
- +run().void
- +start():void
- +interrupt():void
- +stop():void
- +notifyUser( Hashtable, long, long, String, Hashtable):void

#### LoginServlet

#### LoginServlet

init( ServletConfig):void

getApplicationInterface():ApplicationInterface

#### SearchServlet

#### SearchServlet

init( ServletConfig) void

getApplicationInterface():ApplicationInterface

#### **ApplServlet**

ApplServlet	Ī ————
id:String	
mgrName:String	
rmiHost:String	
sessionMgr:SessionMgr	
sessionMgrState:int	
appl:ApplicationInterface	
currentRequests:int	
ourConfig:Config	
debugOn:boolean	
init( ServletConfig):void	
doGet(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletRe	
doPost( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletR	esponse):void
setSessionMgrState( int):void	
incrCurrentCount():void	
decrCurrentCount():void	
destroy():void	
getSessionMgr():SessionMgr	
getProperty( String):String	
log( String):void	
trace( String):void	
getApplicationInterface():ApplicationInterf	ace

#### **SearchApplicationInterface**

SearchApplicationInterface	
PUBLIC_ACCESS.short	1
PRIVATE_ACCESS:short	
SearchApplicationInterface()	1
init( ApplServlet, String, String):void	
destroy():void	
notify( SessionNotification):void	
authenticateUser( String, String, HttpServletReques	):GenericSession
getCookieTag():String	
postAuthenticate( String, Session, HttpServletRequ	est, HttpServietResponse):void
executeOperation(String, String, Session, HttpSen	letRequest, HttpServietResponse).void
accessDenied(String, HttpSerVetRequest, HttpSer	retResponse):void
preDestroy(String, Session, HttpServletRequest, H	tpSemetResponseJ:void
postDestroy(HttpServletRequest HttpServletRespo	nse):void
searchUser(String, long, String, HttpServletReques	t, HttpServietResponse).void
adjustCardDetailTokens( Hashtable):void	
newUser(String, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletRe	sponsej:void
validateUserForm(String, Session, String, HttpServ	etRequest, httpServietResponse, hashtable) p
addUser(String, Session, String, HttpServletReque	st, HttpSewietResponse, Hashtable) vold
hashVectorFromRowVector(String[], Vector, short,	masniablej.volu
addUserConfirm( String, Session, String, HttpServle	request, mitpoervietresponse, masiitable).bo
displayCardListFirstLastName( long, String, String, displayCardListFirstLastNameSoundEx( long, String,	Othing, mashtable, mupdervietResponse).00014.
displayCardListFirstLastNameSoundExt long, String	, String, String, Hashtable, Hithselvietkeshol
displayCard( long, String, Hashtable, int, String, Str	ing, nitpoervietResponse).boolean
displayWhereAml( long, long, Hashtable, short, Http	Dewickednest' Urrhoemerkezhnize) noneal
getCards( long, String[], boolean):Vector	la int\usid
addMultiRowTokens(String, short, Vector, Hashtab	long):long
addCardToPersonalList( DatabaseConnection2, long addUserToPrivateList( DatabaseConnection2, long,	long chartilong
displayCardListPersonal( DatabaseConnection2, long.	o String String String Hashtable) hoolean
createCardList( DatabaseConnection2, long, Hashta	hte String Hashtahle) hoolean
confirmUser(String, Session, String, HttpServletRe	nuest HttnServletResnonse Hashtable) void
getMultiRowValuesFromForm(HttpServletRequest,	String(1) Vector
getMultiRowValuesFromForm( HttpServletRequest,	String[] String) Vector
getMultiRowValuesFromForm( HttpServletRequest,	String[], Hashtable) void
convertMultiRowHashes( Vector, String[], int[]). Vect	or
displayPersonalList(String, Session, HttpServletRe	buest, HttpServletResponse, String, Hashtable
LdisplayUndateList(String Session String String F	HttpServletRequest. HttpServletResponse. Hash
displayDownloadList(String, Session, String, HttpS	ervletRequest, HttpServletResponse, Hashtabl
I downloadFile (Iong, HttpServletRequest, HttpServlet	Response, Hashtable):void
downloadFile(long, HttpServletRequest, HttpServlet	Response, Hashtable, boolean):void
downloadCard( long, HttpServletRequest, HttpServlet	ltResponse, Hashtable, boolean):void
IsendFile(String, String, String, Hashtable, V	rector, HttpServletResponse).void
LaddPersonalList/ String, Session, String, HttpServle	ttRequest, HttpServletResponse, Hashtable):vd
I oneTimeWelcome(String, Session, HttpServletReg	liest, HttpServletResponse, Hashtable):void
deleteUser(String, Session, HttpServletRequest, H	fpServletResponse, Hashtable):boolean
changeDetails(long, Session, HttpServletRequest,	HttpServletResponse, Hashtable):void
doChangeDetails(String, Session, HttpServletRequ	pst, HttpServletResponse, Hashtable):boolean
notifyCardSubscribers( long, String):void	
doAddWhereAml(long, Session, HttpServletReques	t, HttpServietResponse, Hashtable):boolean
doChangeWhereAml( long, Session, HttpServletRed	juest, HttpSewietResponse, Hashtable):boolea
doUpdatePlist(String, Session, HttpServletRequest	HitpServietResponse, Hashtable, String) boo
getPrivacyAccess( DatabaseConnection2, long, lon	g):snon
getPrivacyAccess( DatabaseConnection2, long, lon	p, mashtable).vold
checkPrivacyAccess(short, Hashtable) void	-tD
findPassword(String, HttpServletRequest, HttpServ	etkesponse) boolean
checkToken(Vector) Vector	
checkToken(String).String	
replaceToken( String, char, String) String	
replaceToken( String, int, String):String	

#### CommonApplicationInterface

CommonApplicationInterface verboseErrors boolean failedIPAddresses TimedCounter htmlCache EileCache templateCache.FileCache wmlCache.FileCache lookupCache.LookupCache bannerCache.BannerCache connMgr.JdbcConnectionBroker2 generalErrorMsg.String defaultPdaPage String CommonApplicationInterface() init( ApplServlet, String, String) void reinit() void destroy() void getUserId(HttpServletRequest)String getPassword(HttpServletRequest) String getSessionId(HttpServletRequest) String getCookieTag() String getCookie(HttpServletRequest) String addBannerToken( Hashtable) void sendLoginScreen(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String) void sendLoginScreen(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String, Hashtable) void sendSearchScreen(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String, Hashtable) void sendSearchScreen(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String) void sendSearchScreen(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void operationRequiresLogin(String) boolean isLoggedIn(String, Session) boolean accessDenied(String, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void checkAccess(HttpServletRequest) boolean sessionFailure(String, HttpServletRequest) boolean lockIP(String) long initLockediPaddresses( int) void validateSession(String, Session, HttpServletRequest) boolean getOperation(HttpServletRequest) String hiddenField(String, String) String getFullPath(String)String sendDocument(String, HttpServletResponse) void sendParseDocument( Hashtable, String, HttpServletResponse) void sendParseDocument( Hashtable, String, String, HttpServletResponse) void sendParseTextFile(Hashtable, String, String, HttpServletResponse) void sendParseTextFile(String, String, Hashtable, String, String, HttpServletResponse) void sendParseTextFile(String, Hashtable, String, String, HttpServletResponse) void checkPrivacyAccess(DatabaseConnection2, long, long, Hashtable) short cardDownloadUrl( Hashtable) void sendError(HttpServletRequest, String, String, HttpServletResponse) void sendError(String, String, String, HttpServletResponse) void sendError(Hashtable, String, String, HttpServletResponse) void sendError(Hashtable, String, String, HttpServletResponse) void sendMessage(String, String, HttpServletResponse) void sendMessage(String, Hashtable, String, HttpServletResponse) void sendMessage(String, String, Hashtable, String, HttpServletResponse) void unknownOperation(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void db\_error( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void db error( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String) void nfe\_error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void nfe\_error( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String) void sae\_error( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void re error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void doc\_access\_error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void 10 error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void nse\_error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void verboseError(String) String getServletImgBtnParameter( HttpServletRequest) String

#### LoginApplicationInterface

#### LoginApplicationInterface

LoginApplicationInterface()
init(ApplServlet, String, String):void
notify(SessionNotification):void
authenticateUser(String, String, HttpServletRequest):GenericSession
getCookieTag():String
postAuthenticate(String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void
executeOperation(String, String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void
accessDenied(String, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void
preDestroy(String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void
postDestroy(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void

#### **ApplicationInterface**

ApplicationInterface servlet:ApplServlet ourTimeZone:TimeZone ApplicationInterface() init( ApplServlet, String, String):void----destroy():void getProperty(String):String getTimeZone():TimeZone trace(String):void log(String):void notify( SessionNotification):void chainRequest(String, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void getServletParameter( HttpServletRequest, String):String getSewletParameterValues( HttpServletRequest, String); String[] getUserId( HttpServletRequest):String getPassword(HttpServletRequest):String authenticateUser(String, String, HttpServletRequest):GenericSession getSessionId(HttpServletRequest):String accessDenied(String, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse).void postAuthenticate(String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse);void getOperation( HttpServletRequest): String checkAccess(HttpServletRequest):boolean sessionFailure(String, HttpServletReguest):boolean validateSession(String, Session, HttpServletRequest).boolean executeOperation(String, String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse); void preDestroy(String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void postDestroy(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void sendError(HttpServletRequest, String, String, HttpServletResponse) void unknownOperation(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse);void db\_error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void db error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String) void nfe\_error( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse);void nfe\_error( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String) void sae\_error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse).void re\_error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) yold doc access error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void io error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void nse error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse);void

#### CommonConfig

```
OMMONCONFE

SASINIANIAN STATES

PROVINCE STATES

HAND STATES

WALL STA
```

#### DatabaseConnection2

#### DatabaseConnection2

szClass:String DEBUG:boolean

user:User

address: Address

email:Email

phone:Phone

personalList:PersonalList

privateList:PrivateList

whereAml:WhereAml

lookup Lookup

lockedIP:LockedIP

banner:Banner

szClassMethod:String

DatabaseConnection2()

DatabaseConnection2(String, String, String)

getInstance( String, String, String) JdbcConnection

Initialize():void

close():void

User():User

#### **Address**

#### Address

szClass:String

table String

columnNames:String[]

columnLength.int[]

columnTypes:int[]

psByUserld:PreparedStatement

Address(Connection)

#### Banner

#### Banner

szClass:String

table:String

columnNames String[]

columnLength:int[]

columnTypes:int[]

Banner(Connection)

#### UserObject

#### **UserObject**

szClass:String psByUserld:PreparedStatement psDeleteByUserld:PreparedStatement

UserObject( Connection, String, String[], int[], int[])
QueryByUserId( long): Vector
QueryByUserId( int): Vector
Insert( long, String[]): long
Update( long, String[]): long
DeleteByUserId( long): long

#### WhereAml

#### WhereAml

szClass:String
table:String
columnNames:String[]
columnLength:int[]
columnTypes:int[]
psByUserldWithDate:PreparedStatement
psByExpiry:PreparedStatement
WhereAml( Connection)
GetWithDate( long):Hashtable

QueryByExpiry( long, String):Vector Update( long, String[]):long

#### InactiveUser

InactiveUser

szClass String

table:String

columnNames:String[]

columnLength:int[]

columnTypes:int[]

psByECardIdAndSessionId:PreparedStatement

psByECardId:PreparedStatement

InactiveUser( Connection)

Get(String, String): Hashtable

Get(String):Hashtable

Delete(InactiveDatabaseConnection, long):int

#### User

#### User

szClass:String

table:String

columnNames:String[]

columnLength:int[]

columnTypes:int[]

psByECardId:PreparedStatement

psByFirstLastName:PreparedStatement

psByFirstLastNameSoundEx:PreparedStatement

psByFirstName.PreparedStatement

psByLastName.PreparedStatement

psByLastNameSoundEx:PreparedStatement

psByECardIdPassword:PreparedStatement

csConfirmUser:CallableStatement

MAX\_ROWS:int

User(Connection)

Get(String):Hashtable

GetForLogin(String, String):Hashtable

QueryByFirstLastName(String, String):Vector

QueryByFirstLastNameSoundEx(String, String):Vector

Insert( DatabaseConnection2, String[], Vector, Vector, Vector):long

Update( DatabaseConnection2, String[], Vector, Vector, Vector) long

Delete( DatabaseConnection2, long):int

ConfirmUser(String, String) int

#### Phone

#### Phone

szClass:String
table:String
columnNames:String[]
columnLength:int[]
columnTypes:int[]
Phone( Connection)

#### Userinfo

#### UserInfo

szClass:String
table:String
columnNames:String[]
columnLength:int[]
columnTypes:int[]
psByCategory:PreparedStatement
UserInfo( Connection)
QueryByCategory( long, short)\*Vector
Update( long, Vector):long

#### **BannerCache**

#### **BannerCache**

cacheKeys:Vector randomness.Random

BannerCache( JdbcConnectionBroker2, long)
BannerCache( )
getJdbcObject( Connection):JdbcObject
populate( ):void
getRandomAd( ):String

#### **EMail**

#### Email

szClass:String
table:String
columnNames:String[]
columnLength int[]
columnTypes:int[]
Email( Connection)

#### **InactiveAddress**

#### InactiveAddress

szClass:String
table.String
columnNames:String[]
columnLength:int[]
columnTypes:int[]
psByUserld:PreparedStatement
InactiveAddress( Connection)

#### **InactiveDatabaseConnection**

#### InactiveDatabaseConnection

szClass:String
DEBUG:boolean
connect:Connection
user:InactiveUser
address:InactiveAddress
email:InactiveEmail
phone:InactivePhone

InactiveDatabaseConnection( Connection)
InactiveUser().InactiveUser
InactiveAddress():InactiveAddress
InactiveEmail():InactiveEmail
InactivePhone() InactivePhone

#### InactivePhone

#### InactivePhone

szClass:String
table:String
columnNames:String[]
columnLength:int[]
columnTypes:int[]
InactivePhone( Connection)

#### Lookup

### Lookup

szClass:String
table:String
columnNames String[]
columnLength int[]
columnTypes.int[]
Lookup( Connection)

#### **InactiveEmail**

#### InactiveEmail

szClass:String
table:String
columnNames:String[]
columnLength:int[]
columnTypes:int[]

InactiveEmail( Connection)

#### LockedIP

#### LockedIP

szClass:String
table:String
columnNames:String[]
columnLength:int[]
columnTypes:int[]
psAll:PreparedStatement
LockedIP( Connection)
QueryAll():Vector

#### LookupCache

#### LookupCache

byCategory:Hashtable ADDRESS:Short PHONE:Short EMAIL:Short USERINFO:Short

LookupCache( )dbcConnectionBroker2, long)
LookupCache( )
getJdbcObject( Connection):JdbcObject
populate( ):void
addLookupTokens( Short, Hashtable):void
replaceLookupTokens( Short, String, int, Hashtable):void
addVcardTokens( Short, Hashtable):void
replaceVcardTokens( Short, String, int, Hashtable):void

#### **PersonalList**

#### PersonalList

szClass:String table:String

columnNames:String[]

columnLength:int[]

columnTypes:int[]

psIsCardThere:PreparedStatement psJoinByUsersId:PreparedStatement psContainsCard:PreparedStatement

ps Join By Users Id Name: Prepared Statement

psDeleteByCardid PreparedStatement

PersonalList(Connection)

IsCardThere( long, long):boolean

QueryJoinByUserld( long):Vector

QueryContainsCard( long):Vector

QueryJoinByUserldName( long, char): Vector

Insert( DatabaseConnection2, long, long, long, short):long

DeleteByUserld( DatabaseConnection2, long):int

DeleteByCardId( DatabaseConnection2, long) int

Delete( DatabaseConnection2, long, long):int

#### **PrivateList**

#### **PrivateList**

szClass:String

table.String

columnNames:String[]

columnLength:int[]

columnTypes:int[]

psGetMask:PreparedStatement

psUpdateMask:PreparedStatement

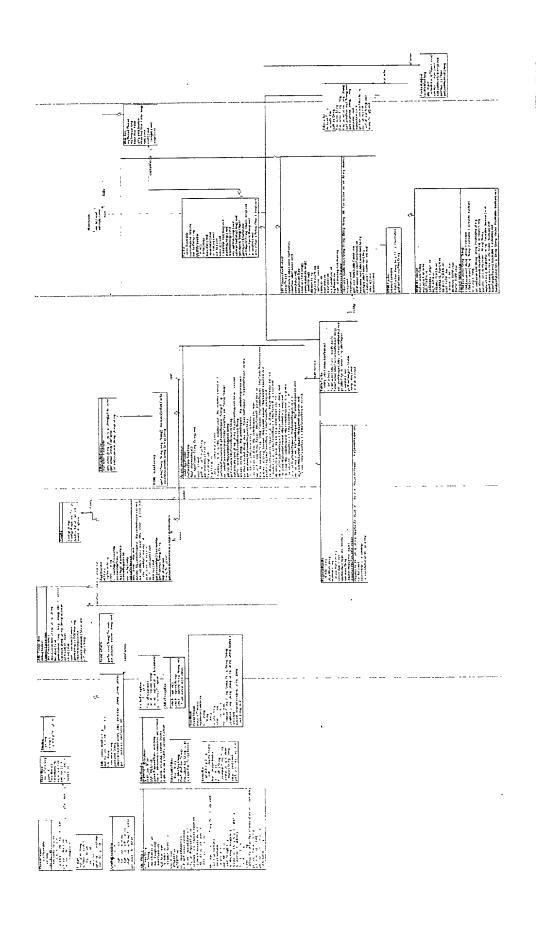
psDeleteByCardId PreparedStatement

PrivateList(Connection)

Get(long,long):Hashtable

UpdateMask( long, short) long

DeleteByCardId( long):long



#### **TimedCounter**

#### TimedCounter

counters:Hashtable period:long maxCount:int

TimedCounter( long, int)
increment( Object):int
checkMaxCount( Object):boolean
getCount( Object):int
setCount( Object, int):int
main( String[]):void

#### Timeditem

#### Timeditem

timeoutTime:long count:int

TimedItem()
TimedItem(int)
increment():int
getCount():int
setCount(int):int
reset():void

#### Timing

Timing
start.long
Timing()
LogTiming(String) void

#### Logger

myLogFile:String
myWriter:PrintWriter
pin:PipedReader
Logger(String)
run().void
getWriter():PrintWriter

main(String).void

#### Config

#### Config

Config( String) Config( Properties, String) loadConfig( String) void main( String):void

#### ConfigException

#### ConfigException

cause:Exception

ConfigException()

ConfigException(String)

ConfigException( Exception)

ConfigException(String, Exception)

getCause():Exception

#### JdbcObject

#### JdbcObject

szClass:String

table:String

columnNames:String[]

columnLength:int[]

columnTypes.int[]

DEBUG:boolean

COLUMNS:int

COLUMNS INSERT:int

VALUES.int

UPDATES:int

INSERTS:int

ps:PreparedStatement

psByld:PreparedStatement

psInsert:PreparedStatement

psUpdate:PreparedStatement

psUpdateCheck:PreparedStatement

psDelete:PreparedStatement psMaxId:PreparedStatement

psAll:PreparedStatement

connect:Connection

JdbcObject( Connection, String, String[], Int[], Int[])

Get( long): Hashtable

Get():Hashtable

Query(): Vector

QueryAll():Vector

Insert( String[]):long

Update( long, String[]):long

UpdateCheck( long, long, String[]):long

UpdateRow( String[]):long

Delete(long)long

Execute().long

getNextId():long

getRow( ResultSet, ResultSetMetaData, int):Hashtable

getColumnNames():String[]

getColumnTypes() int[]

getColumnString(int).String

TableName():String

#### **JdbcConnection**

#### **JdbcConnection**

debug:boolean

connect:Connection

JdbcConnection()

JdbcConnection(String, String, String)

Initialize():void

getInstance(String, String, String):JdbcConnection

Connect(String, String, String):boolean

isClosed():boolean

close():void

getConnection():Connection

getWarnings():SQLWarning

clearWarnings():void

createStatement():Statement

toString():String

#### **JdbcConnectionFactory**

#### **JdbcConnectionFactory**

dummyConnection:JdbcConnection

**URL:String** 

username: String

password:String

JdbcConnectionFactory(JdbcConnection, String, String, String)

getConnection():JdbcConnection

#### JdbcVendor

#### JdbcVendor

SUPPORT ID:boolean

DUP VALUE:int

**DUP INDEX:int** 

getId( PreparedStatement) long

setLockModeWait( Connection, int):boolean

knownError( SQLException) boolean

duplicateIndex( SQLException):boolean

#### FileSuffixFilter

#### FileSuffixFilter

suffixes:String

modifiedSince:long

FileSuffixFilter(String)

FileSuffixFilter(String, long)

accept(File, String).boolean

#### SoundEx

#### SoundEx

originalString:String soundExCodes:Hashtable AreCodesSet:boolean

SoundEx() SoundEx(String) Calculate(String):String isValid(String):boolean collapse(String):String setupCodes():void getSoundCode( char):short

#### CacheException

#### CacheException

cause: Exception

CacheException()

CacheException(String)

CacheException(String, Exception)

getCause():Exception

#### **JdbcException**

#### JdbcException

JdbcException()

JdbcException(String)

JdbcException(String, String, int)

isDuplicateValue():boolean

#### SendMail

#### SendMail

thread.Thread process: Process

mailWriter:PrintWriter

from: String

to.String

cc.String

replyTo.String

subject String

message String

mimed:boolean SendMail(String, String, String, String, String)

SendMail(String, String, String, String, String, boolean)

run() void

quotedPrintableEncoding(String)String

main(String) void

#### SessionTable

#### SessionTable

getSession( String) Session putSession( Session, String):void

#### **ApplServlet**

#### ApplServlet

id:String

mgrName:String

rmiHost:String

sessionMgr:SessionMgr

sessionMgrState:int

appl:ApplicationInterface

currentRequests:int

ourConfig:Config

debugOn:boolean

init( ServletConfig):void

doGet( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void

doPost( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void

setSessionMgrState( int):void

incrCurrentCount():void

decrCurrentCount():void

destroy() void

getSessionMgr():SessionMgr

getProperty(String) String

log(String) void

trace(String):void \*

getApplicationInterface():ApplicationInterface

#### **FileCacheFactory**

#### **FileCacheFactory**

myCaches:Hashtable

getCache(String, String, long, String[]):FileCache

getCache(String):FileCache

retrieveDocument(String, String):String

#### **HTMLCacheFactory**

#### **HTMLCacheFactory**

getCache(String, String, long, String[], Hashtable).HTMLCache retrieveDocument(String, String):String

#### RequestHandler

RequestHandler CREATE String DESTROY.String rmiHost:String

managerName String

servlet.ApplServlet
applInterface ApplicationInterface
operation.String

request:HttpServletRequest

response:HttpServletResponse
RequestHandler(String, String, ApplServlet, ApplicationInterface, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse)

handle() void

sessionMgr().SessionMgr sessionObjName(String).String

#### **ApplicationInterface**

ApplicationInterface servlet:ApplServlet ourTimeZone:TimeZone ApplicationInterface() init( ApplServlet, String, String):void destroy():void getProperty(String):String getTimeZone():TimeZone trace(String):void log(String):void notify( SessionNotification):void chainRequest(String, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void getServletParameter( HttpServletRequest, String):String getServletParameterValues( HttpServletRequest, String):String[] getUserId(HttpSerVetRequest):String getPassword(HttpServletRequest):String authenticateUser(String, String, HttpServletRequest): GenericSession getSessionId( HttpServletRequest):String accessDenied(String, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void postAuthenticate(String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void getOperation( HttpServletRequest):String checkAccess(HttpServletRequest):boolean sessionFailure(String, HttpServletRequest):boolean validateSession(String, Session, HttpServletRequest):boolean executeOperation(String, String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void preDestroy(String, Session, HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void postDestroy(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void sendError(HttpServletRequest, String, String, HttpServletResponse):void unknownOperation( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void db\_error( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void db error( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String):void nfe\_error( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void nfe\_error( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse, String):void sae error( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void re error( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void doc\_access\_error( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse) void io\_error( HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void nse error(HttpServletRequest, HttpServletResponse):void

#### **TableCache**

#### **TableCache**

connMgr:JdbcConnectionBroker2

TableCache()

TableCache()dbcConnectionBroker2)
TableCache(JdbcConnectionBroker2, long)
setConnManager(JdbcConnectionBroker2):void
getJdbcObject(Connection):JdbcObject
populate():void
getRow(long):Hashtable
repopulate():void
reinitialize():void

#### Watchable

Watchable watch():void wakeup():void

#### Cache

#### Cache

cache:Hashtable cacheWatcher:Watcher watcherDelay:long DEBUG:boolean

Cache() Cache(long) populate():void repopulate():void reinitialize():void watch():void wakeup():void createWatcher( long):void startWatching().void stopWatching() void interruptWatching():void setWatcherDelay( long):void getObject(String) Object getKeys():Enumeration addObject(String, Object, long) void removeObject( String):void removeAll().void updateObject(String, Object, long):void

#### JdbcConnectionBroker2

#### JabcConnectionBroker2

runner:Thread

connFactory:JdbcConnectionFactory

connPool.JdbcConnection[]

connStatus:int[]

now.java.util.Date

connLockTime:long[]

connCreateDate:long[]

connID:String[]

dbDriver: String

logFileString:String

currConnections:int

connLast.int

minConns.int

maxConns.int

maxConnMSec:int

log:PrintWriter

currSQLWarning:SQLWarning

randomness:Random

JdbcConnectionBroker2(String, String, String, JdbcConnection, int, int, String, double)

run():void

interrupt() void

getConnection():JdbcConnection idOfConnection(JdbcConnection):int

freeConnection(JdbcConnection):String

getAge( JdbcConnection):long

createConn( PrintWriter, int) void

release() void

destroy():void

#### **HTMLCache**

#### **HTMLCache**

tokens:Hashtable

HTMLCache( String, long, String, Hashtable) getFileContents(File):String

#### **HTMLDocument**

#### **HTMLDocument**

theDocument:String myCache:FileCache

NO TOKEN:int

STARTING\_TOKEN:int

IN TOKEN:int

**ENDING TOKEN:int** 

COMPLETE TOKEN:int

REJECT TOKEN:int

LIST TYPE:char

OPTION TYPE:char

BUTTON\_TYPE:char

BASIC\_TYPE:char

TOKEN MATE:char

HTMLDocument(String, String)

HTMLDocument( String, String, Hashtable)

HTMLDocument(String, String, Hashtable, Hashtable, boolean)

toString():String

retrieveDocument( String, String, Hashtable): String

parseDocument( Hashtable, String, boolean):String

parseDocument( Hashtable, String): String

replaceToken( StringBuffer, String, Hashtable, boolean):void

buildTokens( Hashtable, Hashtable, boolean):void

buildSimpleTokens( Hashtable, Hashtable):void

buildListTokens(String, String, Vector, Hashtable, boolean):void

#### Watcher

#### Watcher

myThread.Thread myTimeout:long

babe:Watchable

isRunning boolean

Watcher( Watchable, long)

run():void

start():void

interrupt():void

stop():void

#### **FileCache**

#### FileCache

dirName:String cacheDir:File suffixes:String

FileCache( String)
FileCache( String, long)
FileCache( String, long, String)
setCacheDirectory( String):void
getDocument( String):String
populate():void
repopulate():void
getFileContents( File):String
reinitialize():void
setSuffixes( String):void
main( String[]):void

#### CacheObject

#### CachedObject

lastModified:long obj:Object

CachedObject( Object, long) setObject( Object):void setLastModified( long):void getObject( ):Object

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